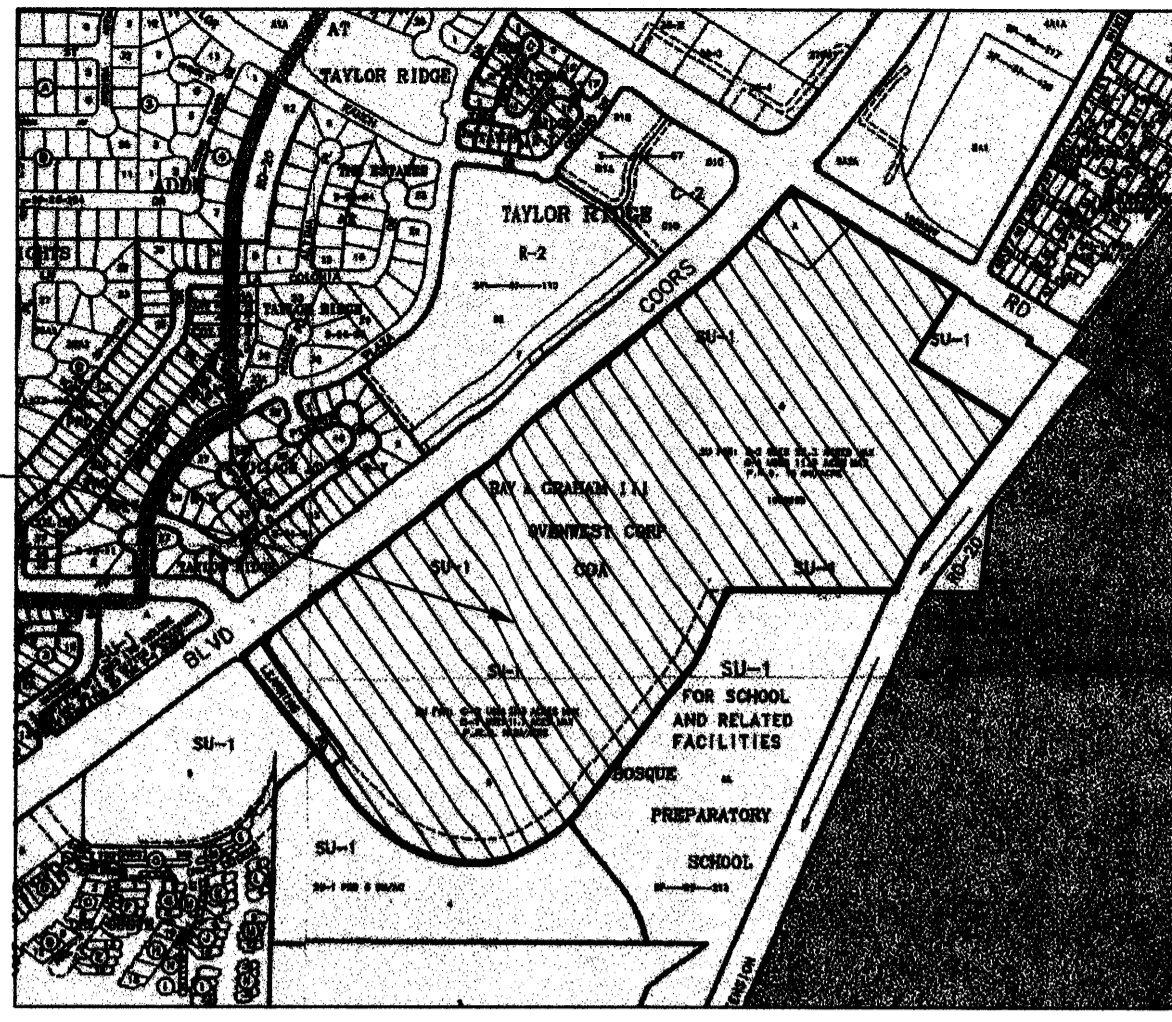


SITE VICINITY



SITE



ZONE ATLAS F-11, F-12

PROJECT NUMBER: 1003859

Application Number: 08EPC-40055

Is an Infrastructure List required? () Yes () No If yes, then a set of approved DRC plans with a work order is required for any construction within Public Right-of-Way or for construction of public improvements.

DRB SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVAL:

<i>[Signature]</i>	7-16-08
Traffic Engineering, Transportation Division	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	7-16-08
ABCWUA	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	7/16/08
Parks and Recreation Department	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	7/16/08
City Engineer	Date
N/A	Date
* Environmental Health Department (conditional)	Date
N/A	Date
Solid Waste Management	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	7-16-08
DRB Chairperson, Planning Department	Date

GENERAL NOTES

- Tracts 6B and A (referred to on this Site Plan as Tracts 1-9), are part of a Site Plan for Subdivision approved by the Environmental Planning Commission on November 18, 2004 (Project 1000985 04EPC-00855). This Site Plan replaces the previous Site Plan for Subdivision as it relates to Tracts 6B and A.
- A portion of Learning Road at Coors Boulevard is public right-of-way. An additional portion of Learning Road within Tract 8 will be granted to the City of Albuquerque as a private access easement in order to provide access to the City's Lift Station #24, Tract B, via a 24 foot limited access road within a 60 foot easement. The final portion of Learning Road will become part of Boeque School, Tract 4A.
- The area adjacent to Learning Road and the northern boundary of Boeque School, Lot 4A (a minimum of 300 feet) is restricted to PRD and O-1 Uses.
- Due to the existing Montano Pueblo Archaeological Site and the two smaller sites, future approvals for Site Development Plans for Building Permit on Tracts 6B and A shall require clearance and guidance from the State Historic Preservation Office.
- A cross access easement will be provided across Tracts 1, 2, and 3.
- No fast food restaurants with drive through windows or gas stations are allowed at North Andalucia.
- When the future grade separation is constructed, access will no longer be allowed to Montano Road from Winterhaven, consistent with the Long Range Roadway System.
- The design for the sign and gate at Tract 7 and Mirandela Road shall be submitted with a Site Plan for Building Permit for development of Tract 7.

SITE PLAN FOR SUBDIVISION - REQUIRED INFORMATION

THE SITE:
The site consists of approximately 69.6 acres. Tracts 6B and A will be replatted into 9 Tracts through the Development Review Board as shown on this Site Plan.

PROPOSED USE:
The site is zoned SU-1 for C-2 (23.3 ac), O-1 (11.7 ac), and PRD (20 du/ac). The individual parcels are designated according to land use.

PEDESTRIAN AND VEHICULAR INGRESS AND EGRESS:
VEHICULAR ACCESS: Learning Road provides the major signalized access into Andalucia at La Luz. Interior roads (at varying widths) are proposed to serve the project and provide vehicular ingress and egress to these parcels, to increase safety to existing development, and to be consistent with City policies contained in the Coors Corridor Plan (see Street Sections, on sheet 3). Two right-in/right-out access points onto Coors Boulevard are between Learning Road and Montano Road.

BICYCLE AND TRAIL ACCESS: Bicycle access is provided by 6 foot on-street bike lanes in Learning Road connecting to on-street bike lanes within Streets A and B providing a connection to Montano Road. Learning Road trail (a 10 foot trail within a 20 foot landscape easement), and a 10 foot trail within a 60 foot easement. Sidewalks will provide pedestrian connectivity throughout Andalucia.

TRANSIT ACCESS: Coordination with the City Transit Department shall be initiated at the Site Plan for Building Permit to provide access and service to this property. Coors Boulevard is an Enhanced Transit Corridor on the West Side.

INTERNAL CIRCULATION REQUIREMENTS:
Conceptual access points (at varying widths) have been identified on this Site Plan for each of the parcels final locations, width, and configuration shall be determined with future Site Plans for Building Permit with approval by the City Engineer. Internal sidewalks and/or trails shall be provided within each parcel with future Site Plans for Building Permit.

BUILDING HEIGHTS AND SETBACKS:
See Sheet 2 of 3, Design Standards. Building height shall be consistent with the Coors Corridor Plan (see Sheet 2).

MAXIMUM FAR:
A maximum floor area ratio (FAR) shall be .35 for the SU-1 for C-2 and SU-1 for O-1 portions of Tract 6B and Tract A.

LANDSCAPE PLAN:
The Design Standards (see Sheet 2 of 3) provide for preservation of significant cottonwoods, an emphasis on native and naturalized plant species, landscape criteria, and landscape buffers. Subsequent landscape plans shall be consistent with City standards and policies regarding water conservation and pollen.

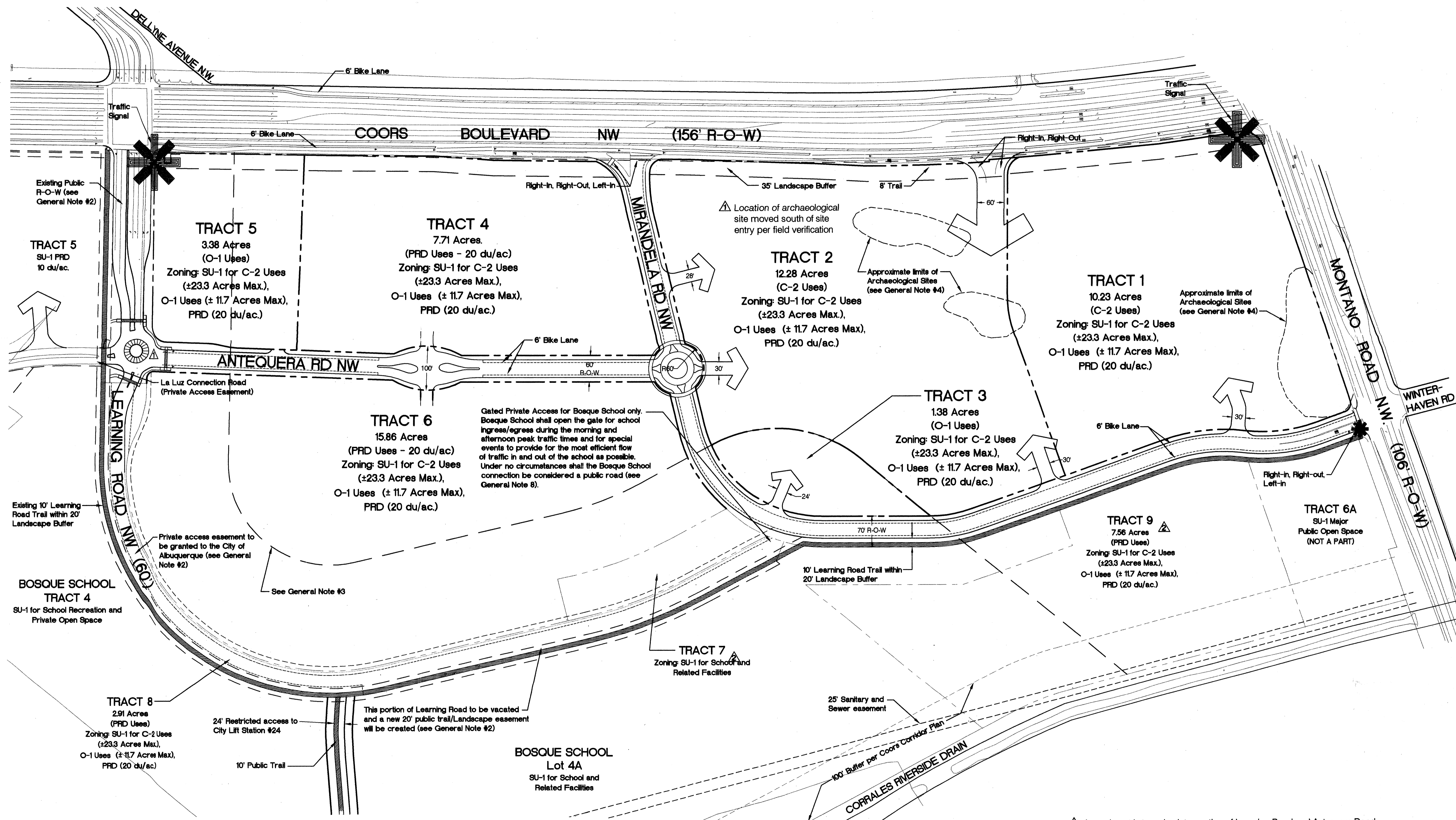
PROJECT NUMBER: 1003859
Application Number: 04EPC 0845

This Plan is consistent with the specific Site Development Plan approved by the Environmental Planning Commission (EPC), dated May 19, 2005 and the Findings and Conditions in the Official Notification of Decision are satisfied.

Is an Infrastructure List required? () Yes () No If yes, then a set of approved DRC plans with a work order is required for any construction within Public Right-of-Way or for construction of public improvements.

DRB SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN SIGNOFF APPROVAL:

<i>[Signature]</i>	6/22/05
Traffic Engineering, Transportation Division	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	6/22/05
Water Utility Department	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	6/22/05
Parks and Recreation Department	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	6/22/05
City Engineer	Date
<i>[Signature]</i>	6/22/05
DRB Chairperson, Planning Department	Date



North Andalucia at La Luz
Site Plan for Subdivision
Tract 6B and A

Prepared for: Silver Leaf Ventures, LLC.

Amendment is to revise intersection of Learning Road and Antequera Road into a round-a-bout and to accurately reflect the location of the archaeological site per field verification.

Amendment is to remove Tracts 7, 8, & 9 from this Site Plan for Subdivision and consolidate those three Tracts into the Bosque School Site Development Plan for Subdivision, Project 1000901.08EPC-40051.

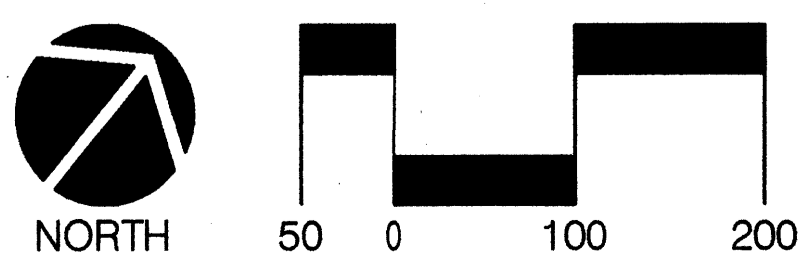
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Planning / Landscape Architecture
924 Park Avenue SW
Albuquerque, NM 87102
(505) 764-9801 Fax 842-5495
e-mail: cp@consensusplanning.com

Dokor Porich Sabatini
Civil Engineer
Professional Engineer
No. 111-2211
6/22/05

Bohannon & Huston
1700 Jefferson St. NE Albuquerque, NM 87109
ENGINEERING & SPATIAL DATA & ADVANCED TECHNOLOGIES

Sheet 1 of 3
June 22, 2005

Scale 1" = 100'



September 19, 2007

June 23, 2008

5683001

Design Standards

The purpose of these Design Standards is to provide a framework to assist the architects, landscape architects, and designers in understanding the vision and development goals for the property. The primary goal for this property is to achieve a vibrant, mixed-use community that fosters pedestrian accessibility and maintains a village-type character.

The Design Standards should be used to facilitate the design of buildings which respect the natural conditions of the site, maintain and highlight the spectacular views of the Sandia and Manzano Mountains and to leave significant areas dedicated to open space. Innovative techniques such as cluster housing, water harvesting, and use of "green" building materials are strongly encouraged.

These standards address the issues of landscape, setbacks, pedestrian amenities, screening, lighting, signage, and architecture that will create the visual image desired for Andalusia at La Luz. They are intended to be complementary to La Luz, Albuquerque's first cluster housing project, and the Bosque School. These standards primarily address commercial, office, and multi-family projects. Where specifically applicable to single-family development, the standards are called out as such.

Subsequent Site Plans for Building Permits shall be consistent with the design standards established by this Site Plan for Subdivision and shall be approved by the Environmental Planning Commission. Minor amendments to this Site Plan for Subdivision shall be approved administratively by the Planning Director in accordance with the Comprehensive City Zoning Code, Section 14-16-2-22 (A)(6) Special Use Zone, and major amendments shall be approved by the Environmental Planning Commission.

COORS CORRIDOR PLAN - VIEW and HEIGHT RESTRICTIONS

A primary design requirement of the Coors Corridor Plan is view preservation. Andalusia at La Luz addresses the Coors Corridor Plan as follows:

- Coors Corridor Viewshed rules come into effect when a northbound vehicle passes Namaste Road.
- Measurement of building heights shall be consistent with the Coors Corridor Plan.
- A combination of walls and berms shall be built along Coors Boulevard. The high point of the wall or berm will occur within the first 60 feet of the property, but not closer than 20 feet from the right-of-way. From any point along the east edge of Coors, the high point of the wall or berm will obscure no more than 50% of the height of Sandia Crest, measured directly below Sandia Crest.
- All multi-story structures shall be built with the finish floor elevation at least 10 feet below the roadway, measured along a 45-degree angle from the northbound direction of travel along Coors.
- In no event will the building height be permitted to penetrate above the view of the ridge line of the Sandia Mountains as seen from four feet above the east edge of Coors Boulevard. In no event will more than 1/3 of the total building height outside of the setback area for multi-story buildings be permitted to penetrate through the view plane.
- As viewed from Coors Boulevard, no structure shall obscure more than 50 percent of the height of Sandia Crest, measured directly below Sandia Crest.

PEDESTRIAN and SITE AMENITIES

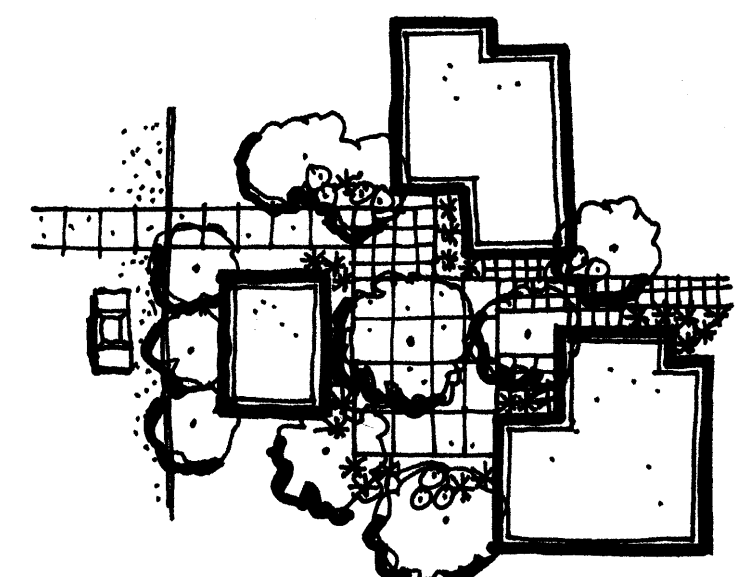
The creation of a pedestrian-friendly environment will depend on creative site design and will be a primary design objective for Andalusia at La Luz. Objectives to achieve this goal include maintaining a high quality and consistency in style for site amenities including benches, plazas, walkways, lighting, etc.; providing shaded walkways; and creating separate vehicular and pedestrian circulation systems in order to support the creation of a village-type character.

The use of alternative paving materials (brick, colored concrete, decomposed granite, etc.) for pedestrian pathways are encouraged. Public art is another site amenity that is strongly encouraged, and if proposed, should be part of the subsequent building plans.

TRAILS and SIDEWALKS

Public and private trails and sidewalk systems are a defining element to Andalusia at La Luz. Private trails for use by residents are designed to lessen the need for vehicular use and will provide pedestrian connectivity throughout the project (see Landscape Section for more detail on trail landscaping).

- City Trails - All public multi-use trails through Andalusia at La Luz shall be built to City standards, per the City's Trails and Bikeways Facility Plan.
- All private trails and paths shall be soft surface, with a minimum width of 6 feet.
- All pedestrian paths shall be designed to be handicapped accessible (see Americans with Disabilities Act Criteria for Barrier-Free Design, except where topography makes this unfeasible (several streets require grades over 6%).
- The use of asphalt paving for pedestrian trails is discouraged. Concrete or compacted decomposed granite with stabilizer are acceptable materials.
- Pedestrian connections to buildings should be provided in parking lots with greater than 50 spaces and should connect to adjacent roadways, sidewalks, and pathways.
- Pedestrian crossings shall be clearly demarcated with special paving treatment where they cross vehicular entrances and drive aisles and where City trails cross streets.
- Freestanding restaurants, if proposed by subsequent Site Plans for Building Permits, shall provide outdoor patios and shall be shaded by trees and/or a shade structure that is architecturally integrated with building architecture.
- Non-residential and multi-family development shall provide secure bicycle storage racks that are conveniently located near building entrances. The minimum number of bicycle racks shall be determined by the number of parking spaces provided, consistent with the City Zoning Code.

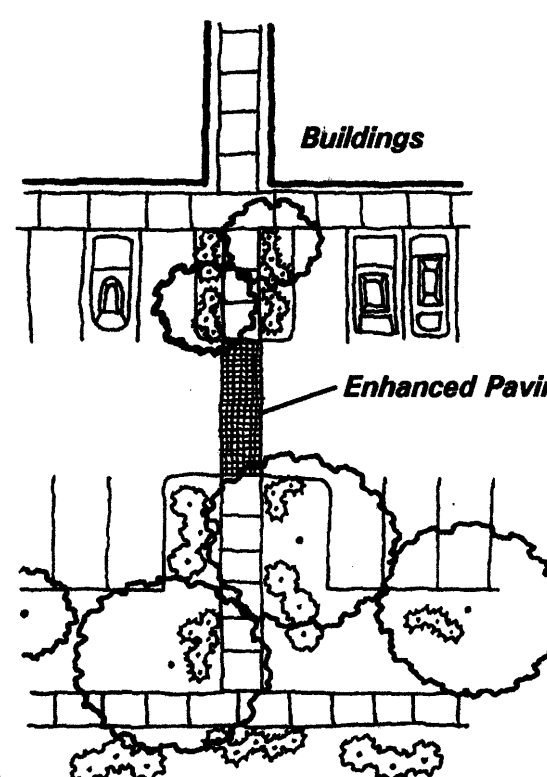


OUTDOOR AREAS - defined by building edges, differentiation of paving, variety of scales of landscaping

PARKING

In order to support the goals for the property regarding pedestrian accessibility, careful attention should be paid to the parking design. An effort should be made by site designers to lessen the impact of parking facilities on the land and to preserve views to the Bosque and the Sandia and Manzano Mountains. In order to lessen the visual impact of parking areas, parking facilities should be broken up into a series of smaller areas.

- Handicapped parking spaces shall be provided adjacent to building entries.
- The total maximum amount of parking provided shall meet parking requirements in the City Zoning Code, plus 10 percent.
- Structures and on-site circulation systems should be located to minimize pedestrian/vehicle conflicts. Pedestrian access shall be provided to link structures to the public sidewalk.
- Parking areas shall be designed to include a pedestrian link to buildings.
- In cases where parking is adjacent to roadways, landscaping for screening purposes shall be required. The wall shall be architecturally compatible with the surrounding buildings.



PARKING - pedestrian links should be provided between parking areas and buildings

SINGLE-FAMILY PARKING STANDARDS

The following parking standards are provided for single-family residential development. They have been developed in conjunction with the Unique Street Standards (see Sheet 3 of 3)

- Off Street Parking shall be provided at the following rate:
 - 3 spaces per 2 bedroom dwelling unit
 - 4 spaces per 3-4 bedroom dwelling unit
 - 5 parking spaces per 5 bedrooms or greater dwelling unit

MULTI-FAMILY PARKING STANDARDS

The following parking standards are provided for multi-family residential development.

- Off Street Parking shall be provided at the following rate:
 - 1 space per bath, but not less than two spaces
 - 1 space per bath for dwellings with less than 1,000 square feet of net leasable area, but not less than 1.5 spaces

SETBACKS

The use of building and parking area setbacks is required to provide space for the creation of visually attractive streetscapes. Required within these setbacks will be pedestrian walkways and screening materials, including landscaping, earthen berms, and walls. Parking areas are discouraged from being adjacent to roadways. Front yard setbacks for single family residential developed have been reduced from the City's standard in order to provide as intimate a streetscape experience as possible.

- All development at Andalusia shall comply with the setback requirements of the Coors Corridor Plan.
- Commercial and office development shall comply with the building setback requirements of the O-1 Zone in the Comprehensive City Zoning Code and the Coors Corridor Plan.
- Accessory structures shall comply with Section 14-16-3-3 of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code.

SINGLE FAMILY LOTS

- Front Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 8 feet
Garages - 8 feet, except 20 feet for garages facing street
- Rear Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 15 feet
Garages (attached and detached) - 0 feet
- Side Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 3 feet, except 8 feet for lots adjacent to roadway. Zero lot line is permitted provided 10 feet of separation between dwelling units is maintained.
Garages (attached and detached) - 0 feet
- Garage Setbacks**
 - Where garages face the street, the garage shall have a minimum setback of 20 feet from the property line.
 - No more than 3 houses in a row with garages facing the street can have a 20 foot setback. Minimum offset for adjacent houses is 3 feet.
 - Garages provided on alleys shall have a minimum rear yard set back of 3 feet to allow for proper turning clearances.

TOWNHOUSE LOTS

- Front Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 8 feet
Garages - 8 feet, except 20 feet for garages facing street
- Rear Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 15 feet, or for dwellings with offset rear lot lines, not less than 5 feet provided the average rear yard setback is not less than 15 feet
Garages (attached and detached) - 0 feet
- Side Yard Setbacks**
No required side yard setback, except there shall be 8 feet on the street side of corner lots and 3 feet from a side lot line that separates townhouse zone from another zone

MULTI-FAMILY APARTMENT DEVELOPMENT

- Front Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 15 feet; driveways not less than 20 feet
- Rear Yard Setbacks**
Dwelling Unit - 15 feet
- Side Yard Setbacks**
5 feet, except there shall be 10 feet on the street side of corner lots
- Separation**
Not less than 10 feet between apartment buildings and off-street parking and vehicular circulation areas

PARKING AREA SETBACKS

To allow for an appropriately sized landscape buffer adjacent to roadways, parking areas shall be setback as follows:

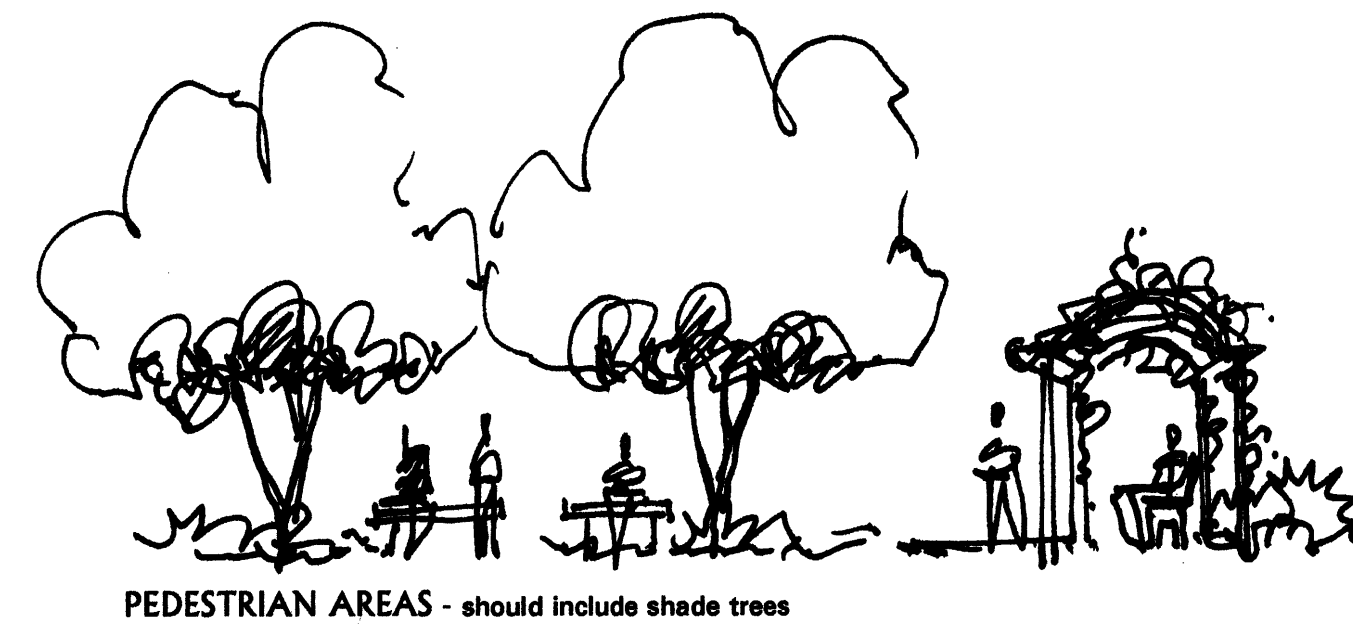
- 15 feet, except along Coors Boulevard where the setback shall be 35 feet.

LANDSCAPE

The development of an overall landscape concept will establish a framework that unifies the property and is complementary to the Rio Grande Bosque. The landscape design should emphasize native and naturalized plant species. All landscaped areas need to be coordinated and responsive to existing environmental conditions and local building policies. These standards are to be used as a supplement to the City requirements in the Water Conservation Landscaping and Water Waste Ordinance, the Street Tree Ordinance, and landscape regulations included in the City of Albuquerque Comprehensive City Zoning Code.

The following are minimum standards for the development of specific landscape plans:

- Significant cottonwoods specimens shall be identified and preserved, where feasible.
- For single family residential projects, street trees shall be provided along roadways at a rate of one tree per 40 linear feet. For multi-family and non-residential projects, they shall be provided along roadways at a rate of one tree per 25 linear feet. They may be randomly or regularly placed.
- Individual lot owners will be responsible for the installation and maintenance of the landscape on their property. All plant material, including trees, shrubs, groundcovers, turf, wildflowers, etc. shall be maintained by the lot owner in a living, attractive condition.
- All Private Commons Areas and parkway areas between curb and sidewalk shall be maintained by the developer/owner.



PEDESTRIAN AREAS - should include shade trees

NON-RESIDENTIAL AND MULTIFAMILY RESIDENTIAL

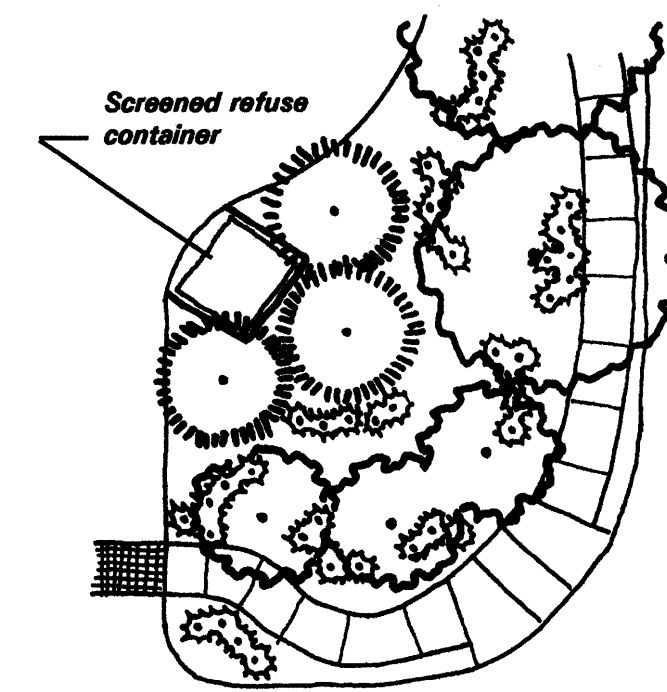
- A minimum of 15 percent of the site area for commercial, office, and multi-family projects (minus the building square footage) shall be devoted to landscape materials.
- Landscaped areas shall be a minimum of 36 square feet and a minimum width of 6 feet. Living, vegetative materials shall cover a minimum of 75 percent of the landscaped areas. The area and percentage is calculated based on the mature canopy size of all plant materials.
- All planting areas not covered with turf shall have a ground topping of river rock, shredded bark, gravel mulch, or similar material which extends completely under the plant material.
- Appropriate landscape headers shall be used to separate any turf and groundcover areas.
- To shade and mitigate the negative visual impact of large expanses of pavement, interior parking areas shall have one tree for each 10 parking spaces with no space being more than 100 feet from a tree.
- 75 percent of the required parking area trees shall be deciduous and have a mature height and canopy of at least 25 feet.
- An automatic underground irrigation system shall be provided to support all required landscaping. Irrigation components should be checked periodically to ensure maximum efficiency.
- All plant materials shall be chosen from the City of Albuquerque's Water Conservation Ordinance Plant List.
- Minimum plant sizes at time of installation shall be as follows:
 - Trees 1 1/2 inch caliper, or 10 to 12 feet in height
 - Shrubs & Groundcovers 1 gallon
 - Turf grasses shall provide complete ground coverage within 1 growing season after installation.

SCREENING / WALLS and FENCES

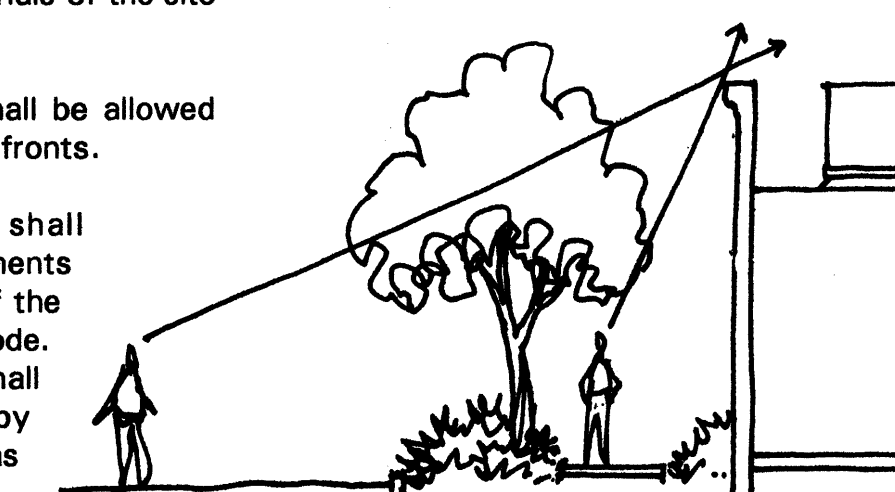
The effective use of screening devices for parking lots, loading areas, refuse collection, and delivery/storage areas is essential to limit their adverse visual impact on the property. The site orientation of these elements shall be away from any street or pedestrian area. The standards established in the landscape and setback sections will provide the main objectives to screening unattractive elements and activities.

SCREENING

- Parking areas shall be located away from adjacent streets and properties and shall be screened with plant materials, walls, or earthen berms. Such screening shall have a minimum height of 3 feet. Since the viewing public is from above site topographically, the focus of the screening materials should be on trees.
- All outdoor refuse containers shall be screened within a minimum 6 foot tall enclosure which is large enough to contain all trash generated between collections. Trash enclosures shall be screened with plant materials.
- The design and materials for refuse collection enclosures shall be compatible with the architectural theme and materials of the site and adjacent buildings.
- No refuse collection areas shall be allowed between streets and building fronts.
- All mechanical equipment shall meet the screening requirements of Section 14-16-3-1(EI)(4) of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code. All mechanical equipment shall be screened from public view by materials of the same nature as the basic materials of the building.



REFUSE CONTAINERS - shall be screened by a 6 foot tall enclosure and plant materials



MECHANICAL SCREENING - should be screened from public view

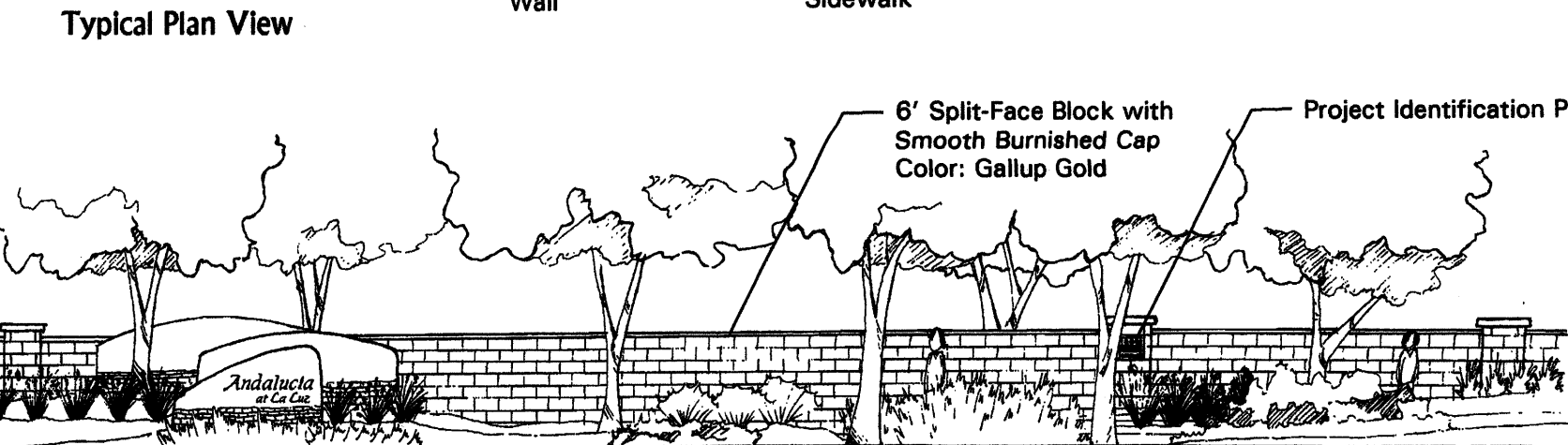
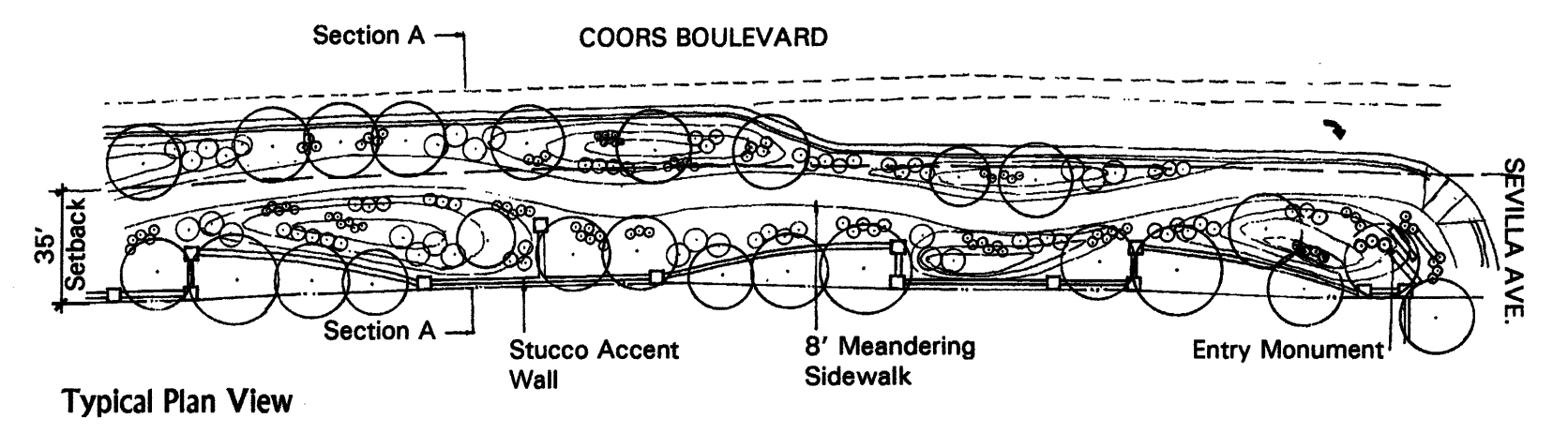
WALLS/FENCES

Perimeter fencing is allowed on the property; however, an effort should be made by the site designer to lessen its visual impact through landscaping, meandering within a landscape area, and providing openings. Walls and fences shall comply with Section 14-16-3-19, General Height and Design Regulations for Walls, Fences, and Retaining Walls or these Design Standards as specified below. Tensile wire fencing is encouraged for development adjacent to the Bosque to ensure visual access.

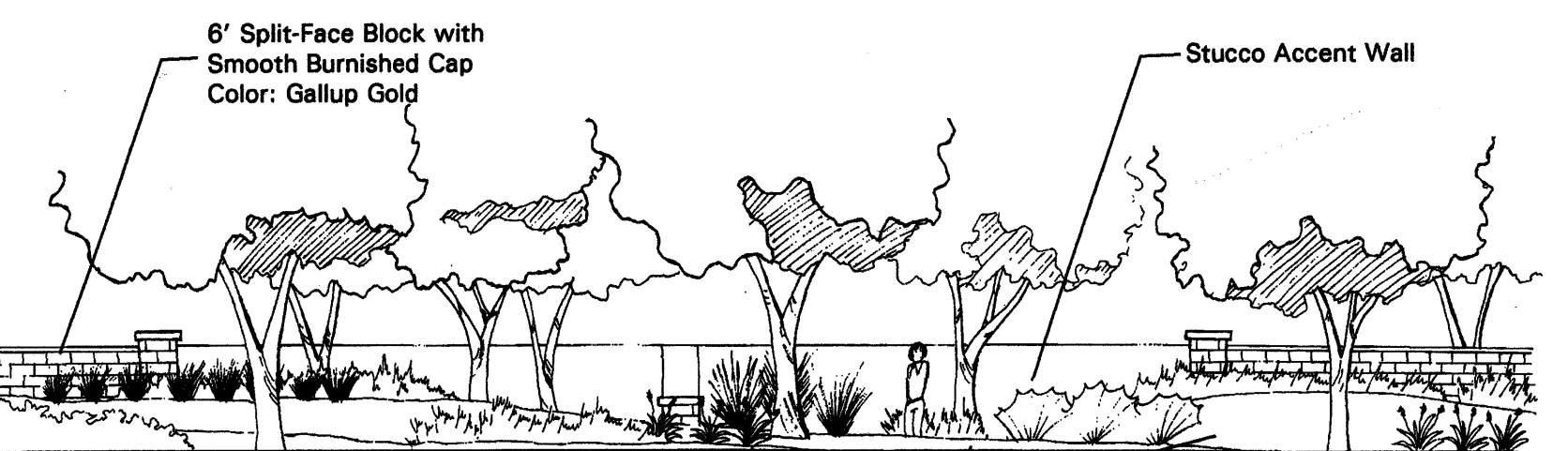
- Unfinished block walls and barbed wire, chain link, concertina wire, and plastic/vinyl fencing are prohibited.
- Perimeter walls, if used, shall include pedestrian openings at key locations within the development to ensure convenient access to other areas within the property.
- Clear site distances will be maintained at all driveway locations.
- The maximum height of retaining walls is 8 feet. Areas requiring greater retainage are required to be terraced.
- Materials acceptable for retaining walls are masonry block (no unfinished), split face block, and stone.
- Yard walls shall be constructed of adobe, cast pumice, rammed earth, concrete masonry, rastra or stuccoed masonry block and shall be finished to match adjoining exterior structure walls. Walls shall not exceed 6 feet in height except at the gate opening unless approved by the Architectural Control Committee and the City of Albuquerque.
- The maximum height of the wall adjoining Tract 6A is 6 feet, or a visual opening may be provided in the wall as an alternative.

COORS BOULEVARD WALL

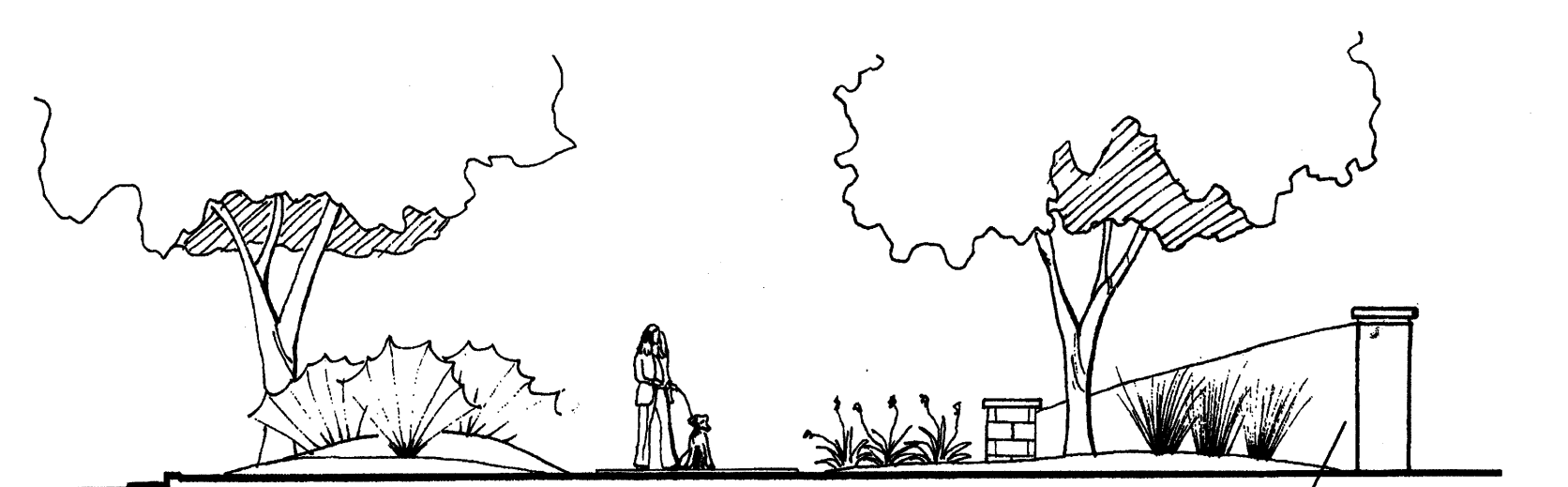
- The perimeter wall along Coors Boulevard at residential Tract 6B-4 shall be as shown below. Landscape provided shall meet the standards in the City's Street Tree Ordinance.
- The elevation at the top of the wall (including decorative features) along Coors Boulevard shall not exceed 8 feet above the existing elevation of Coors Boulevard in order to allow the wall to undulate in conjunction with the berm.
- With the exception of 3 foot parking lot screen walls, it is not anticipated that there will be a perimeter wall along Coors Boulevard or Montano Road adjacent to the non-residential Tracts 6B-1, 6B-2, and 6B-5.



Typical Entry Monument & Wall Elevation



Typical Accent Wall Elevation



Typical Accent Wall Section A-A

North Andalusia at La Luz

Prepared for: Silver Leaf Ventures, LLC.

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planning
engineering

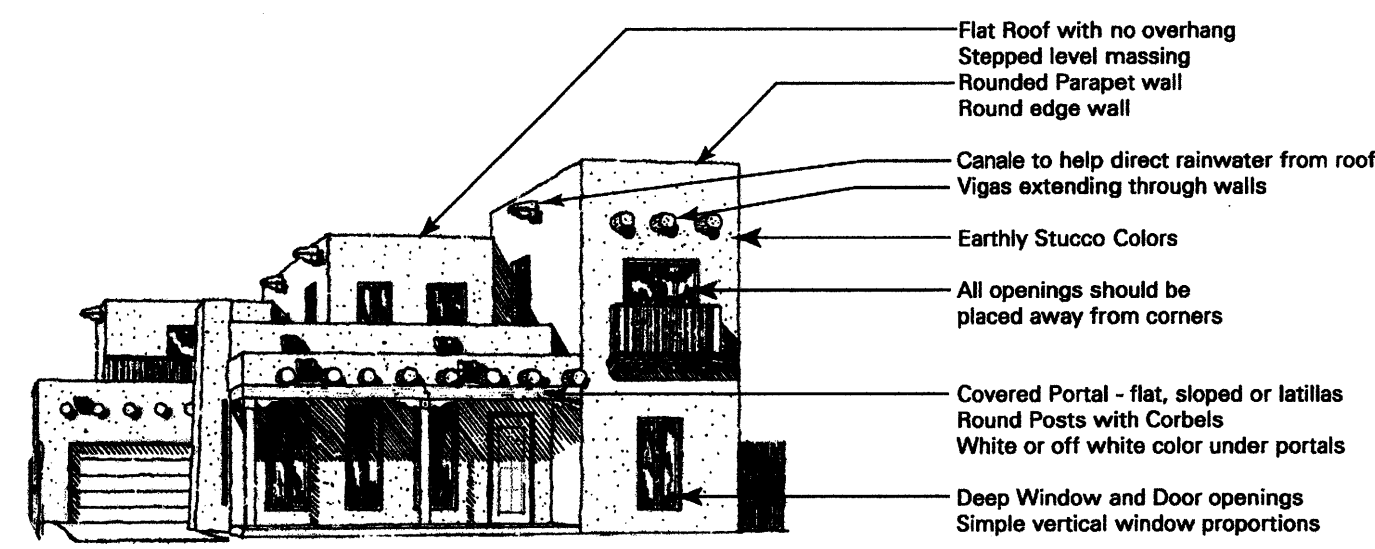
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ARCHITECTURE

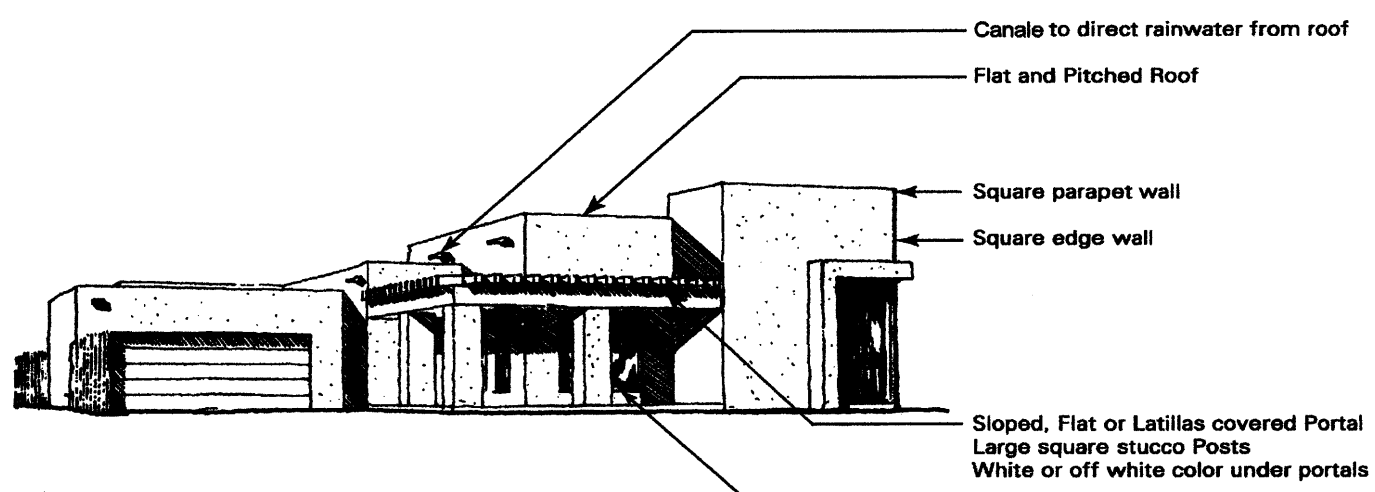
The architectural design should demonstrate a high quality aesthetic character throughout the property and should respond to climate, views, solar access, and aesthetic considerations.

ARCHITECTURAL STYLES



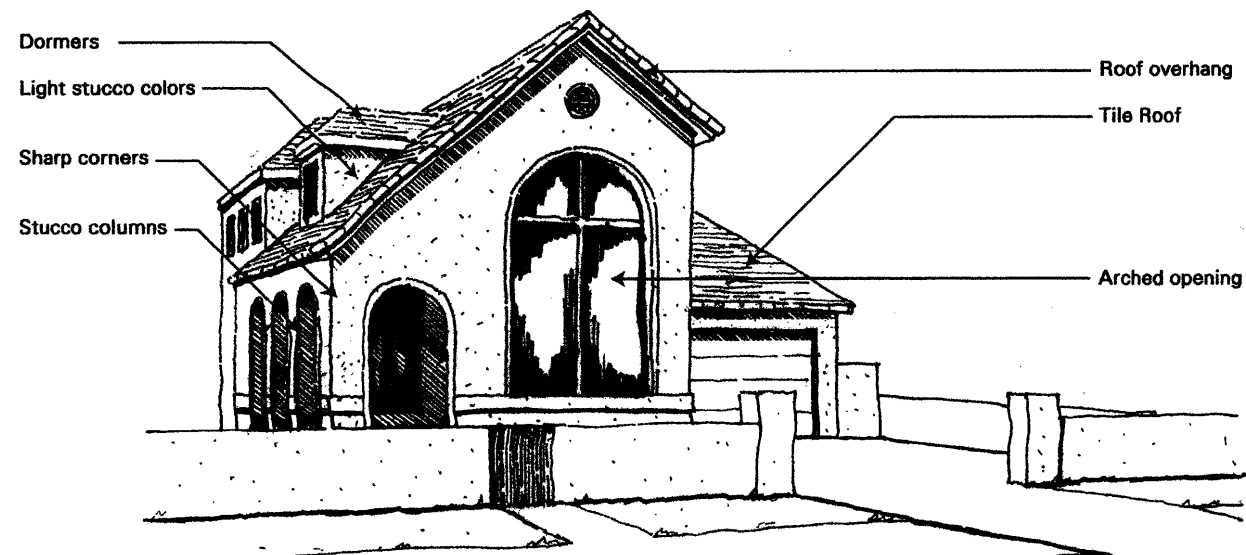
Pueblo Revival

Pueblo Revival Style is characterized by either massive adobe brick walls, or wood framing with stucco to give the effect of adobe, projecting vigas, rounded parapets, interspersed with canales, and rounded wood columns with corbels. The flat roof and exterior mud/stucco colors of earth tones are also strong features of this style.



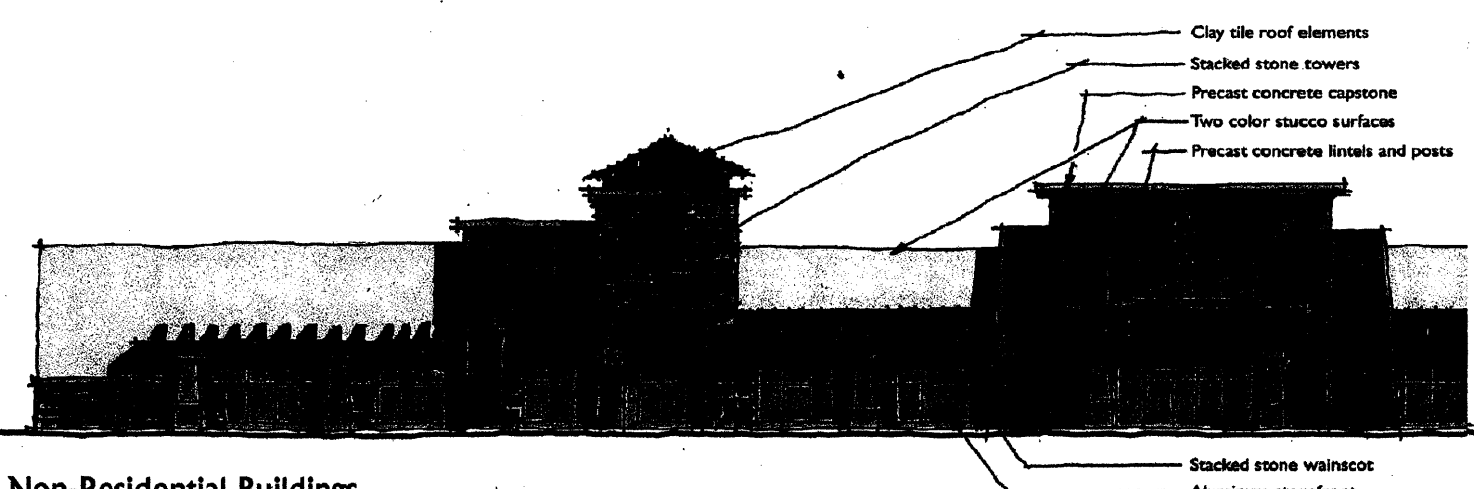
Contemporary Pueblo

Contemporary Pueblo Style is a more modern design which reflects much of the traditional Pueblo style architecture, combined with elements of modern architecture. The severe exterior walls are broken by large window openings that extend from floor to ceiling. Square large stucco columns replace the round columns of the Pueblo designs. Exterior colors range from earth tones to much lighter colors.



Spanish Colonial

Spanish Colonial Style exhibits authentic Colonial architectural elements brought from Spain and features a central courtyard or walled patio. The severe exterior masonry walls are broken only by an ornamental stone entrance. Most rooms open to a columned galeria which extends the entire length of the enclosed garden patio. The flat roof with red tile roof accents over the galeria and wall copings are common features of this design. Exterior colors range from earth tones to much lighter colors.



Non-Residential Buildings

Commercial building style will be a hybrid of New Mexico architectural styles, incorporating stucco surfaces, stacked stone wainscot and tower elements, precast concrete posts, lintels, cap stones, and ramadas, and clay tile roof elements. Materials will be natural rather than synthetic, in warm colors ranging from light to dark tans, terracotta red to deep browns. Roof mounted mechanical equipment will be screened from view by parapets or mechanical screens. Ground-mounted equipment will be screened by building elements or landscaping. All sides of all buildings will be architecturally articulated with the elements described and illustrated above.

NON-RESIDENTIAL and MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS

- All non-residential buildings shall comply with Section 14-16-3-18, General Building and Site Design Regulations for Non-Residential Uses of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code, as well as other local building and fire codes.
- Finished building materials shall be applied to all exterior sides of buildings and structures and shall be consistent on all sides. Any accessory buildings and enclosures, whether attached or detached from the main building, shall be of similar compatible design and materials.
- Generic franchise building elevations or canopies are prohibited.
- No plastic or vinyl building panels, awnings, or canopies are allowed. Awnings and canopies, if used, shall be integrated with building architecture.
- Building heights should be kept to a minimum. Maximum height shall be limited to 45 feet for the ridge of the building to correspond with the Coors Corridor Plan.
- Entry ways to non-residential and multi-family buildings shall be clearly defined.
- No freestanding cell towers or antennas are allowed; rather antenna shall be integrated with the building architecture.

SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS

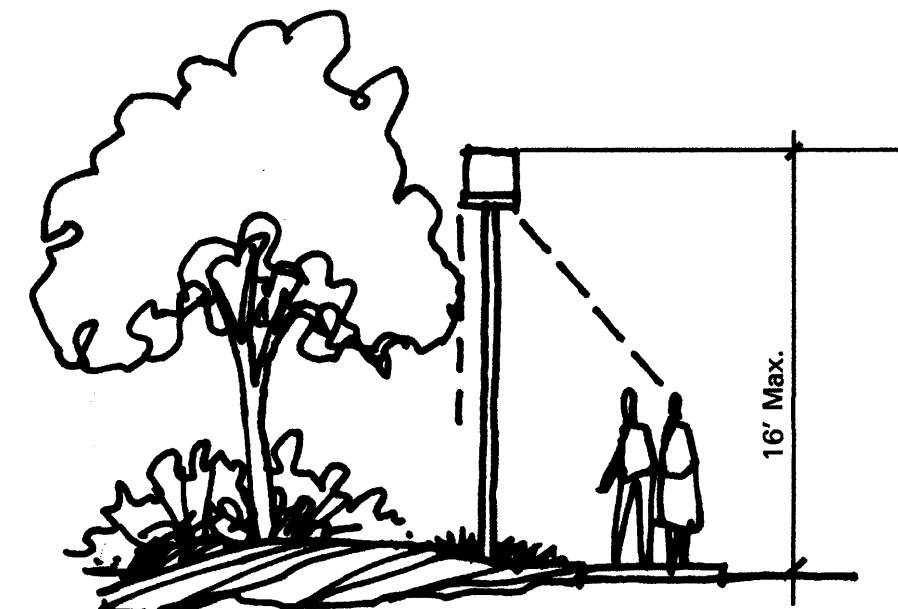
- Lot Size**
 - Minimum residential lot size shall be 3,500 s.f.
- Front Porches**
 - Front porches are required for each dwelling unit.
 - Front porches and/or portals shall have a minimum 6 foot depth.
- Building Colors and Materials**
 - Highly reflective surfaces shall be screened from public view.
 - Stucco shall be the primary building material. Stucco colors shall be limited to shades of brown, tan, sage green, and sand.
 - Accent colors in entry portals, front door, window frames and trim, and other incidental elements shall be shades of white, blue, brown, and green.
 - Windows may be wood, metal or solid vinyl. All windows visible from nearby street and path shall be glazed with clear, non reflective glass. Reflective film is prohibited.
 - Exterior doors, including garage doors, shall be stained or painted wood, or painted metal.
- Roof Colors and Materials**
 - Roofs may be flat, pitched (tile), or combination of both and shall be made of non-reflective materials. Roof tile color shall be Terracotta Blend.
- Accessory Buildings and Remodels**
 - All accessory buildings and/or building remodeling under 200 square feet are permitted without special approval from the City. Projects that are larger than 200 square feet are required to apply for administrative approval from the City Planning Director.

LIGHTING

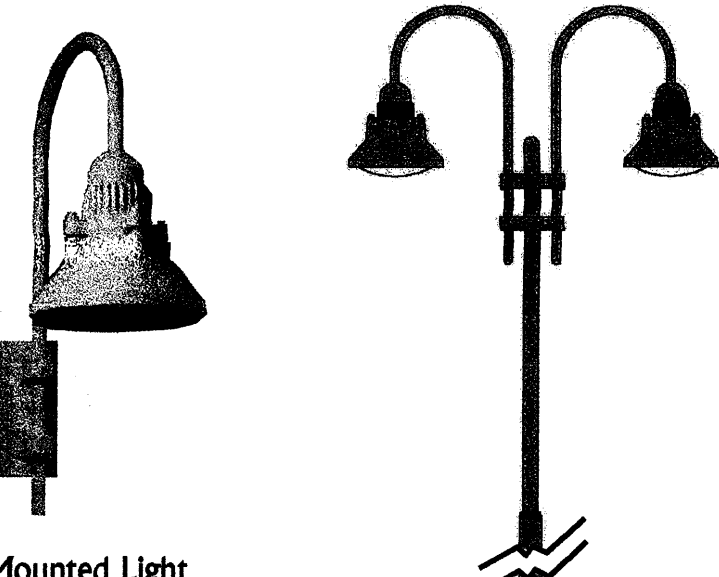
In order to enhance the safety, security, and visual aesthetics, careful consideration must be given to both the daytime and night-time appearance of the lighting design and fixtures. The primary design objective of the site lighting system shall be to maximize public safety while not affecting adjacent properties, buildings, or roadways with unnecessary glare or reflection.

In order to accomplish the lighting goals, the following guidelines shall be required for the design of the lighting system:

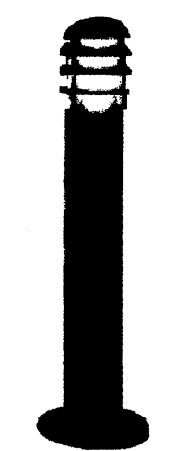
- All lighting shall comply with Section 14-16-3-9, Area Lighting Regulations of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code. Placement of fixtures and standards shall conform to state and local safety and illumination standards.
- All lights shall be shielded source with glare cut off angles of a maximum of 75 degrees to prevent spillage onto adjoining properties or light pollution of the existing "dark sky". Cobra and sodium lights are prohibited.
- The height of street lights and parking area lights shall be kept to a minimum necessary to meet safety requirements.
- Individual site lighting standards shall blend with the architectural character of the buildings and other site fixtures.
- The location of light fixtures shall be identified on subsequent Site Plans for Building Permits. The maximum mounting height of luminaires for pedestrian scale lights shall be 16 feet in height. Consistent with the Coors Corridor Plan, the maximum mounting height of luminaires for parking lot lights shall be a maximum of 20 feet in height, except where they are within 70 feet of residential, they shall be 16 feet in height.
- Neon lights are prohibited in the area of Tract 6B, 300 feet north of Learning Road (see Sheet 1 for location).
- Site lighting shall be restricted to a maximum off-site luminance of 1,000 lamberts from any point and 200 foot lamberts from any residential property line.
- Accent lighting is permitted, however, surface lighting is limited to an average of 2 footcandles measured 4 feet from the surface level of any point on the building surface being lighted.
- Average light levels shall be limited to 2 footcandles with maximum levels limited to 16 footcandles as measured from 4 feet above the surface level of any point on the site.



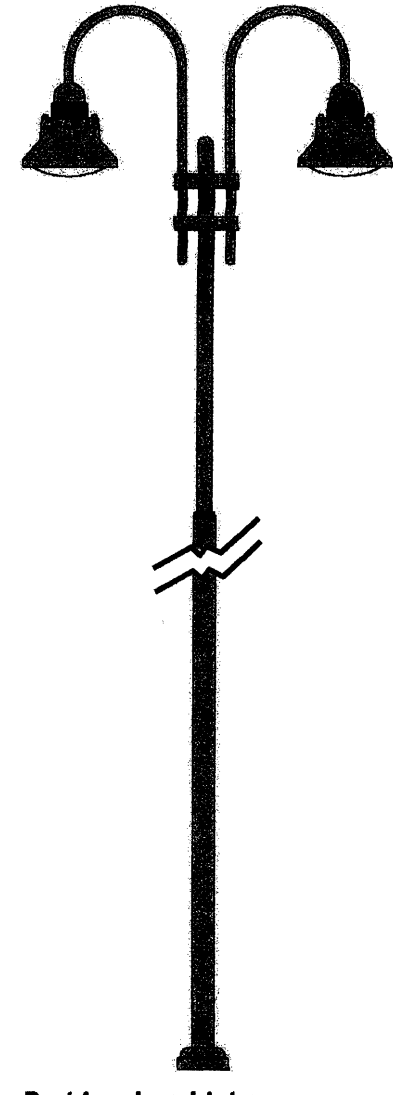
LIGHTING - should be shielded source, with the height kept to a minimum necessary to meet safety standards



Wall Mounted Light



Bollard Light

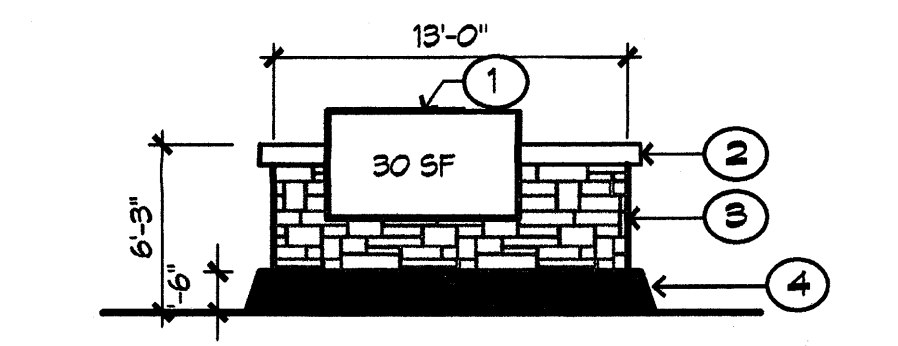


Parking Lot Light

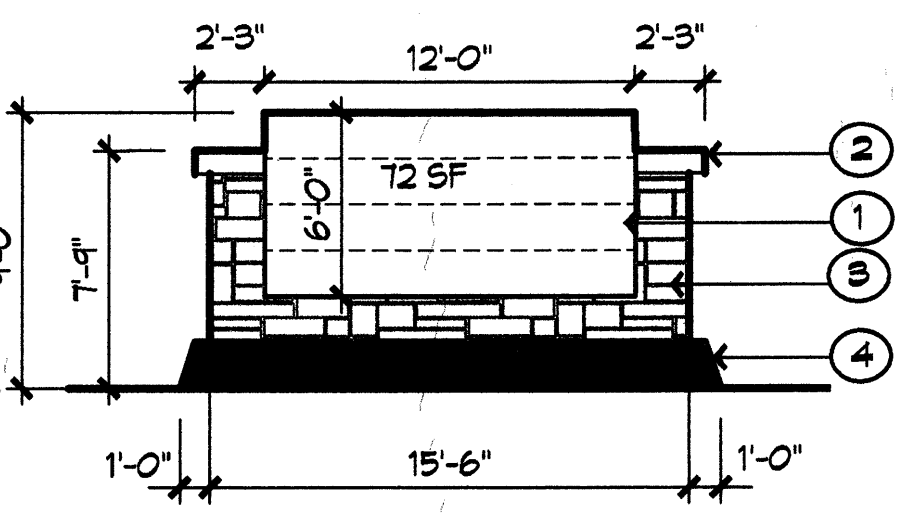
SIGNAGE

The following signage standards were developed to regulate the size, location, type, and quality of sign elements within North Andalusia at La Luz. The goal is to provide a signage program that is of high quality, maintains a consistent style, creates a sense of arrival, and complements the visual character of the property.

- All signs shall be in compliance with Section 14-16-3-5 General Sign Regulations of the Comprehensive City Zoning Code and the Coors Corridor Plan.
- Entry signs shall be monument type and shall complement the materials, color, and architectural character of the buildings.
- Three project monument signs are allowed at the entries along Coors Boulevard and one minor entry monument sign is allowed on Montano Road as landmarks identifying the project. These project monument signs shall be of similar design and materials as the buildings.
- Project monument signs shall have an overall maximum height of 9 feet and shall identify the tenants in a signage area not to exceed 75 square feet with a total of 10 items of information. Maximum height for individual monument signs shall not exceed 9 feet and shall have a maximum signage area not to exceed 30 square feet.



Minor Monument Sign



Project Monument Sign

- Keyed Notes
- Tenant signage area
 - Precast coping
 - Stone veneer wainscot with precast cap
 - Precast window sill

- Free-standing signs shall be designed that do not require any external bracing, angle-iron supports, guy wires or similar devices.
- No signage is allowed that uses moving parts, makes audible sounds, or has blinking or flashing lights.
- Signs shall not overhang into the public right-of-way or extend above the building roof line.
- Off-premise signs and portable signs are prohibited.
- Building-mounted signs shall not exceed 6 percent of the facade area and the lettering shall not exceed 2 feet in height.
- Building-mounted signs shall:
 - Identify the name and business of the occupant or of those offering the premises for sale or lease;
 - Not have too many different colors;
 - Have a significant contrast between the background and the text in order to ensure readability; and
 - Not intrude upon any architectural features, including windows, columns, moldings, or other decorative features.
- No illuminated plastic panel signs are allowed except business logos within the non-residential areas of the property.
- Signs on buildings immediately west of Winterhaven (labeled New Local Street) shall not be lighted.

UTILITIES

To ensure the overall aesthetic quality of the property and the natural environment, the visual impact of utilities and equipment should be minimized by the following:

- All new electric distribution lines shall be placed underground.
- Transformers, utility pads, and telephone boxes shall be appropriately screened with walls and/or vegetation when viewed from the public right-of-way.
- When an above-ground backflow prevention device is required by the City of Albuquerque, the heated enclosure shall be constructed of materials compatible with the architectural materials used as the main elements of the building. If pre-fabricated fiberglass enclosures are used, they shall be appropriately screened from view by walls and/or landscaping.
- Alleys may be used for dry utilities and sewer, wherever possible.
- Utility easements shall be a minimum of 7.5 feet in width and may be spot easements instead of continuous easements for above-ground structures.

PRIVATE COMMONS AREAS

A defining feature of Andalusia at La Luz is the private commons areas that are spread throughout the community. The City's on-site useable open space requirements are met through a combination of the private commons areas and on-site useable open space.

- Minimum on-lot useable open space shall be as required in the SU-1 Zone: 250 square feet per two bedrooms and 300 square feet for three or more bedrooms.
- Covered outdoor space and balconies shall be considered on-lot useable open space.
- Private commons areas shall be considered as part of meeting the SU-1 useable open space requirements of 2,400 square feet provided the minimum on-lot requirements (as stated above) are met. The private commons areas shall be utilized to meet any deficiency in the 2,400 square foot requirement.

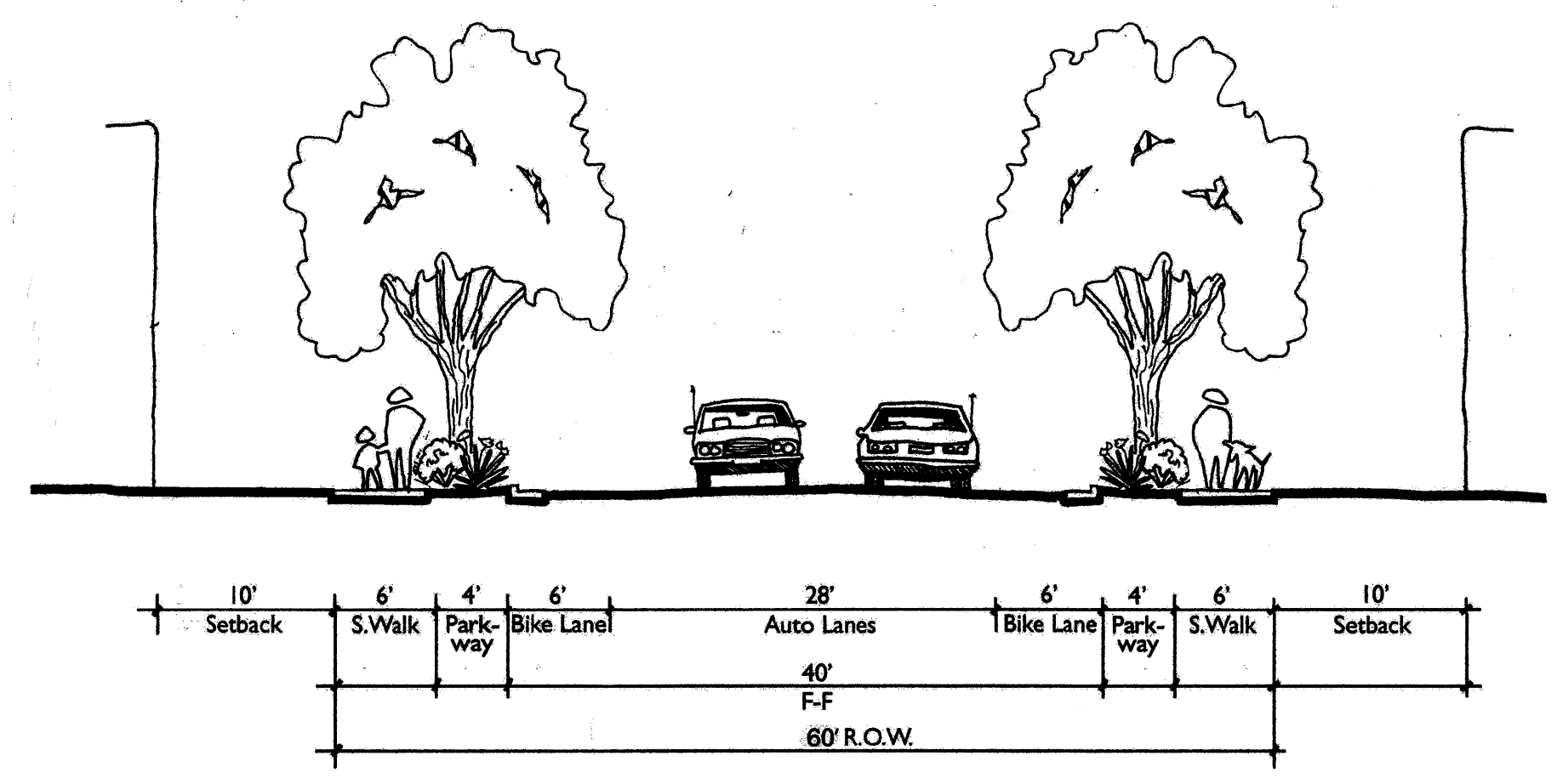
UNIQUE STREET AND TRAFFIC CALMING STANDARDS

Much attention has been given to the design of the streetscapes at Andalusia at La Luz. These unique standards, along with the treatment given to garages and front yard setbacks, are critical to the success of creating an active, pedestrian-oriented urban community. The intent is to provide relatively short street blocks with a smaller number of lots in order to make the streets as intimate as possible and still meet the City's DPM Standards.

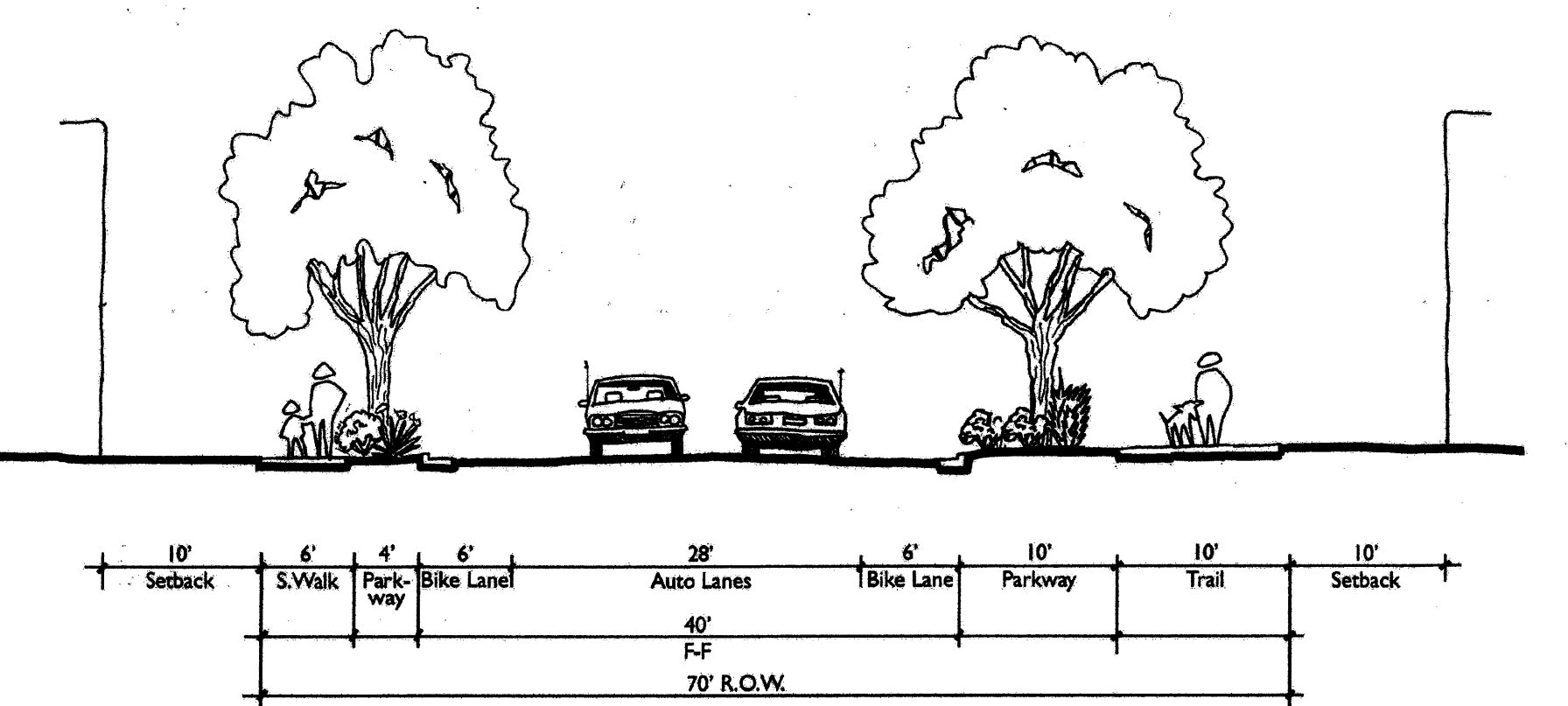
- All street types shall include a 5-6 foot landscaped parkway (actual width depending on street section) and 4 foot sidewalks on both sides of the street.
- Handicapped ramps shall be provided at each intersection, and shall be designed to direct the wheelchair user to the other side of the roadway.
- Bump-outs are allowed in order to slow traffic and to discourage parking close to certain intersections. Where provided, bump-outs shall protrude 4 feet maximum into the right-of-way.
- Curbs shall have a minimum curve radii of 10 feet in order to shorten the distance at pedestrian crossings and provide great pedestrian safety.

Street Character

The following 60 foot street section will be constructed within Tracts 6B and A. It has been designed in conjunction with the parking standards (see Sheet 2 of 3), and is intended to reduce traffic speeds. The 70 foot section occurs north of the Learning Road/Street B intersection, and includes the 20 foot Learning Road landscape/trail.

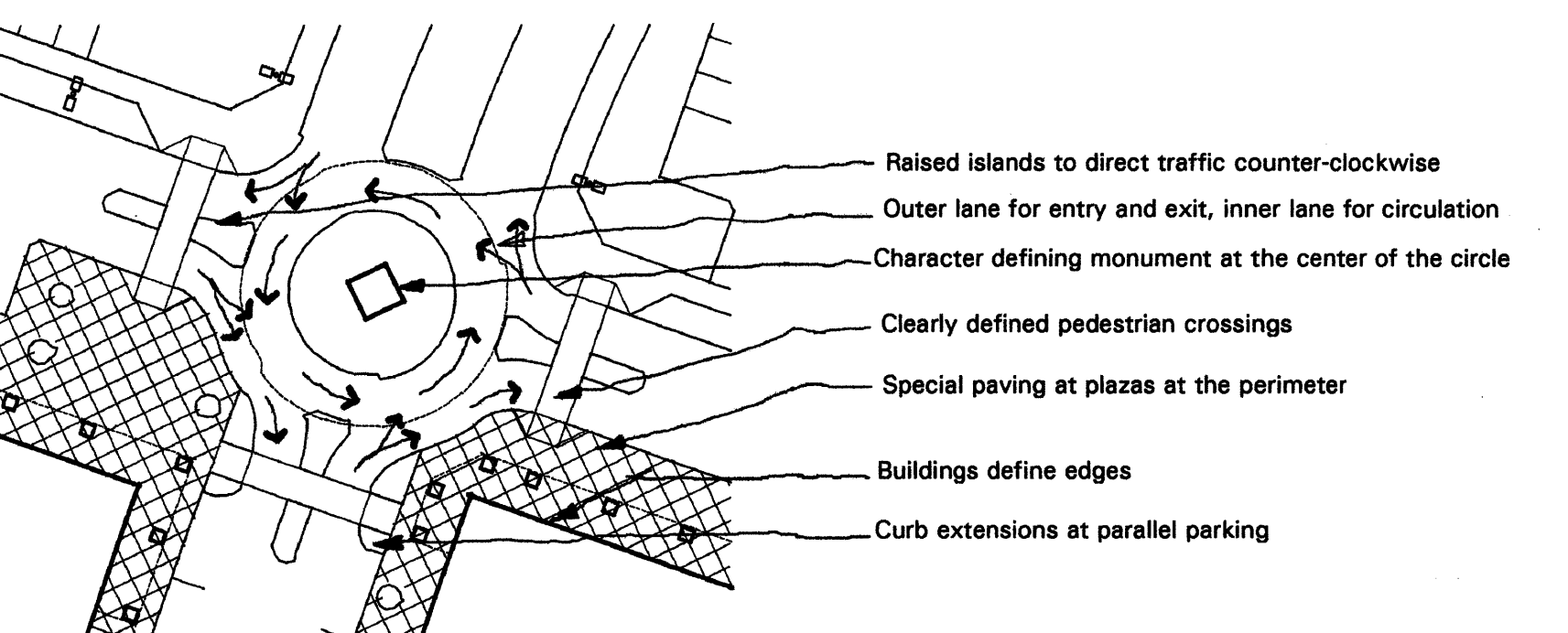


60' Street Section



70' Street Section

Roundabouts
Roundabouts will be utilized as a traffic calming device at major public and private vehicular intersections. Because these locations will be focal points, a character defining monument element will be located at the center of the traffic circle.



Roundabouts

- Roundabouts will meet design requirements of Publications FHWA-RD-00-067 and AASHTO.
- Raised islands with rolled curbs will be used to direct traffic counter-clockwise, and prevent left turn movements. Special paving will be utilized on adjacent pedestrian plaza areas, and crosswalks will provide clear separation between vehicular and pedestrian movements. Traffic will enter and exit on the outer lane, and circulate around the circle on the inner lane.

TRANSPORTATION DEMAND MANAGEMENT

Pursuant to the Comprehensive Plan policies related to Community Activity Centers, Transportation Demand Management (TDM) is one of the recommendations specific to the implementation of these centers in place of auto based improvements in order to mitigate traffic impacts of a development.

- Future employers that locate within the Andalusia Community Activity Center will be part of the TDM effort designed to help mitigate traffic impacts:
 - Businesses with more than 50 employees shall provide designated carpool parking spaces to encourage carpooling by employees.
 - Businesses should work with employees to encourage carpooling, bus ridership, and alternative modes of transportation.
 - Businesses should post the City trail map and bus route information in employee break rooms or other locations easily accessible to employees.
 - Businesses shall provide conveniently located bicycle racks and facilities to encourage bicycle commuting.
 - The Owner/Developer will also be the contact person with City Transit and Environmental Health Departments for update, technical assistance, etc.
- As a part of the TDM Program, City Transit should:
 - Work with the residential and non-residential projects to provide efficient routes and schedules to the Andalusia Community Activity Center that address their specific needs; and
 - Work with the Owner/Developer to provide bus routes off of Coors Boulevard and Montano Road and into the interior of the project when feasible.

North
Andalusia
at La Luz

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