

DEVELOPMENT FACILITATION TEAM

Planning - Case Comments

HEARING DATE: 10/02/24 -- **AGENDA ITEM**: #6

Project Number: PR-2024-010951

Application Number: PS-2024-00169

Project Name: West Mesa Ridge

Request:

Sketch Plat review of a 250 Unit Multifamily development between Coors and 64th St.

*These are preliminary Planning comments. Additional reviews and/or revised comments may be needed for any modifications and/or supplemental submittals.

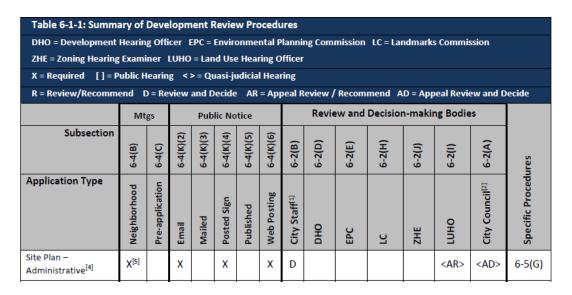
BACKGROUND

- Property is zoned MX-M, Mixed Use Medium Intensity
- An existing bike lane runs along Fortuna Rd NW. An existing bike path runs along 64th St.
- Coors is a Regional Principal Arterial Roadway. Fortuna is shown as a Major Collector.
 Both Glenrio and 64th St. are shown as local roadways.
- Subject property is not within a city center.
- Subject property is within a Major Transit Corridor
- Subject property is not within ¼ mile of any Main Street, Urban Center, or Premium Transit Corridors.
- Subject property is located within an area of change and is adjacent to an area of consistency to the West (West Mesa High School).
- Subject property is within Character Protection Overlay- CPO-2 (Coors Blvd.)

^{*(}See additional comments on next page)

GENERAL COMMENTS

- Project and application numbers must be added to the plat.
- All Plan sheets are sealed and signed by a design professional licensed in the State of New Mexico.
- All public notice requirements of IDO section 6, table 6-1-1 will have to be completed prior to formal site plan submittal. The site plan-administrative notice requirements are summarized below:

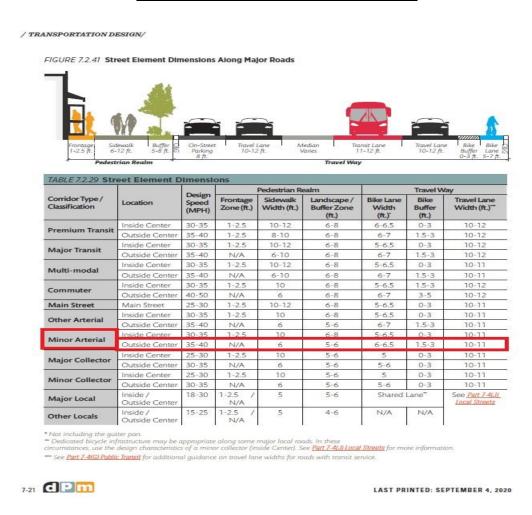


 Confirm that there is no previously approved Site Development Plan governing the subject property.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

IDO/DPM COMMENTS

2-4(D)(2) Use and Development Standards



Coors is a Principal Arterial and a Major Transit Corridor and requires 6' to 10' sidewalks with a 6' to 8' landscape buffer. Fortuna is a Major Collector and requires 6' sidewalks with a 5' to 6' landscape buffer. Glenrio and 64th are both local roads and require 5' sidewalk with a 4' to 6' landscape buffers.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

2-4(C) MIXED-USE - MEDIUM INTENSITY ZONE DISTRICT (MX-M)

Table 2-4-5: MX-M Zone District Dimensional Standards Summary See Table 5-1-2 for complete Dimensional Standards				
Development Location	General	UC-MS-PT		
Site Standards				
A Usable open space, minimum	≤1 BR: 225 sq. ft./unit 2 BR: 285 sq. ft./unit ≥3 BR: 350 sq. ft./unit	50% reduction		
Setback Standards				
B Front, minimum / maximum	5 ft. / N/A	0 ft. / 15 ft.		
c Side, minimum / maximum	Interior: 0 ft.; Street side: 5 ft. / N/A	0 ft. / Street side: 15 ft.		
D Rear, minimum	15 ft.	Street or alley: 0 ft.		
Building Height				
E Building height, maximum	48 ft. >100 ft. from all lot	65 ft. lines: N/A		

Ensure all dimensional standards are being adhered to and are clearly called out on the plans.

3-4 CHARACTER PROTECTION OVERLAY ZONES

3-4(C) COORS BOULEVARD - CPO-2

3-4(C)(2) Site Standards

Lot size, width, and usable open space shall be provided according to the applicable standards listed in Section 14-16-5-1 (Dimensional Standards).

3-4(C)(3) Setback Standards

3-4(C)(3)(b) Setback from Coors Boulevard

1. Setback from the public right-of-way of Coors Boulevard between Central Avenue and Western Trail or Namaste Road, minimum: 15 feet.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

3-4(C)(4) Building Height and Bulk

3-4(C)(4)(a) Buildings and structures shall not exceed the height limitation in the underlying zone.

3-4(C)(4)(b) Building height bonuses do not apply pursuant to Subsection 14-16-3-1(C).

3-4(C)(5) Other Development Standards

3-4(C)(5)(a) Floodplain

All development shall comply with all adopted drainage policies, including restrictions on development in the 100-year floodplain.

3-4(C)(5)(b) Grading

Changes to natural topography shall be kept to a minimum. On slopes of 10 percent or greater, no grading plan shall be approved until a specific site plan has been approved for construction. Grading, drainage, or paving proposals; Master Development Plans; and Site Plans shall retain the sense of the natural features and vegetation. Reconstruction and revegetation to a natural setting shall be pursued to the maximum extent practicable.

3-4(C)(5)(c) Landscaping in Setback along Coors Boulevard

All of the following shall be incorporated into the required setback along Coors Boulevard.

- 1. Vegetative coverage is required for a minimum of 50 percent of the required setback area.
- 2. A combination of walls or decorative fences and a vegetative screen that visually screens vehicular circulation areas, parking lots, and parked cars from Coors Boulevard.

3-4(C)(5)(d) Outdoor Lighting

The mounting height of light fixtures in off-street parking, other vehicular use areas, and/or outdoor storage areas shall be no higher than 20 feet above finished grade.

3-4(C)(5)(e) Architectural Design and Details

- 1. The use of colors that contrast with the predominant color of the building is limited to 10 percent of each façade. Confirm compliance. The green panel color may need to be reduced if greater than 10 percent of facade; a muted green or more harmonious color palette should be considered.
- 2. Parapet walls shall be treated as an integral part of the building design. Such walls shall not appear as unrelated visual elements.
- 3. In all zone districts, mechanical equipment shall be screened from public view from streets adjacent to the lot or from adjacent properties. The design of mechanical equipment screening shall be compatible with, and be an integral element of, the building structure. Location of such

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

equipment within the building or at ground level is preferable to roof-mounting, unless such location would adversely affect the streetscape, pedestrian circulation, or open space.

3-4(C)(5)(f) Signs

- 1. Any sign type or design is prohibited that:
 - a. Consists of banners, pennants, ribbons, streamers, strings of light bulbs, or spinners, except in cases where a business must close or temporarily relocate due to fire, unavoidable casualty, force majeure, or similar circumstance. In these cases, one temporary banner up to 3 feet by 6 feet may be allowed for up to 90 calendar days, with approval pursuant to Subsection 14-16-6-5(D)(Permit Temporary Use).
 - **b.** Is in any way animated (including twinkling or wind activated movable parts), emits smoke, visible vapors, particles or odor, or rotates or moves in any manner.
 - c. Has flashing lights incorporated as part of its design and performance.
 - d. Is located (painted, affixed, etc.) on a water tower, storage tank, smoke stack, utility pole, or other similar structure.
 - e. Is a building-mounted sign that extends above the wall of the building.
 - f. Overhangs any property line.
- 2. On-premises signs in Mixed-use and Non-residential zone districts shall comply with all of the following standards.
 - a. Where 1 freestanding sign is allowed by the underlying zone district, a second freestanding sign is allowed on sites 5 acres or larger on any street frontage longer than 1,500 feet.
 - b. The size of freestanding and projecting signs shall comply with the sign standards in Table 5-12-2, but not exceed 75 square feet.
 - c. The height of freestanding signs in the area north of Western Trail/Namaste Road shall comply with the sign standards in Table 5-12-2, but not exceed 9 feet in height above grade.
 - d. The height of building-mounted signs shall comply with the sign standards in Table 5-12-2, but not exceed the height of the building.
 - e. No illuminated sign, or any illuminated element of any sign, shall flash, blink, or change its brightness.
 - f. No sign shall be erected, relocated, or maintained in such a manner as to cover or intrude upon any architectural features of a building such as windows, columns, moldings, or any major decoration or structural feature.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Ensure that all applicable standards outlined above in 3-4(C) COORS BOULEVARD – CPO-2 are met.

4-3(B) RESIDENTIAL USES

4-3(B)(8) Dwelling, Multi-family

4-3(B)(8)(a) No more than 40 percent of required usable open space can be private to a household or occur on upper stories of the project buildings unless the site is located in a DT-UC-MS-PT area or is 660 feet or less in any direction of an NR-PO zone district or Major Public Open Space.

Confirm compliance with this code.

4-3(B)(8)(c) In other areas, this use shall meet all of the following landscape standards, in addition to all applicable standards in Section 14-16-5-6 (Landscaping, Buffering, and Screening).

- 1. This use shall provide, somewhere on the lot, at least 1 tree per ground floor dwelling unit and at least 1 tree per second floor dwelling unit; no additional trees are required for additional dwelling units on the third or higher floors.
 - Confirm compliance with this code.
- 2. Twenty-five (25) percent of the net lot area shall contain landscaping; playgrounds, sports courts, swimming pools, or similar features may count up to 10 percent of net lot landscaping. Tree canopies and ground-level plants shall cover a minimum of 75 percent of the total landscaped area, and the maximum a tree canopy shall count toward this requirement is 600 square feet.

Confirm compliance with this code.

4-3(B)(8)(d) At least 50 percent of the trees required by Subsection (b) or (c) above shall be deciduous canopy-style shade trees or coniferous trees capable of attaining a mature canopy diameter of at least 25 feet.

5-1 DIMENSIONAL STANDARDS

5-1(D) MIXED-USE ZONE DISTRICTS

5-1(D)(1) Mixed-use Zone District Table

All development in any Mixed-use zone district shall comply with the dimensional standards in Table 5-1-2, unless an exception or a different standard is stated in another section of this IDO. Subsection 14-16-2-4(E) (Mixed-use – Form-based Zone District (MX-FB)) includes dimensional standards for MX-FB sub-zones.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-1(C)(1)(b) A different standard is stated in another section of this IDO, such as an Overlay zone standard in Part 14-16-3 (Overlay Zones) or a Use-specific Standard in Section 14-16-4-3, in which case that standard prevails.

		trict Dimensional Sta		ARC Comma Plans
DC-MS-PI = Urban C BR = bedroom DU =		ts, and Premium Transit	areas as identified in the	ABC Comp Plan
		ards in Part 14-16-3 (Ove	rlay Zones) and Section 1	4-16-5-9
(Neighborhood Edge		e property shall supersed	le the standards in this ta	ible.
Zone District	MX-T ^[1]	MX-L	MX-M	МХ-Н
Site Standards		**		
Usable open	Efficiency or 1 BR: 225 sq. ft./unit			
space,	2 BR: 285 sq. ft./unit			
minimum ^[2] ≥3 BR: 350 sq. ft./unit				
- + + 123143153163		UC-MS-PT:	50% reduction	
Setbacks ^{[3][4][5][6]}				
Front, minimum	5 ft.			
	UC-MS-PT: 0 ft. ^[7]			
Front, maximum	N/A UC-MS-PT: 15 ft.			
Side, minimum			side of corner lots: 5 ft.	
side, minimum		A A CHANGE OF THE COAL SHE WAS A STANDARD OF THE STANDARD OF T	S-PT: 0 ft.	
Side, maximum			N/A	
Side, maximum	UC-MS-PT: Interior: N/A; Street side of corner lots: 15 ft. ^[7]			
Rear, minimum	15 ft.			
itear, illiminani	UC-MS-PT: 0 ft. where rear lot line abuts a street or alley			
Rear, maximum	N/A			
Building Height ^[6]			***	
Building height,			48 ft.	68 ft.
maximum		38 ft.	UC-MS-PT: 65 ft.	UC-MS-PT: 75 ft.
		UC-MS-PT: 55 ft.	No maximum for porti	ons of building >100 f
	30 ft.		from all	lot lines
			S-PT-MT:	UC-MS-PT-MT:
		Market Sales and Control of Control	ed Parking Bonus	24 ft. Structured
		12 It. Structure	su Farking Dunus	Parking Bonus
		UC-MS-PT-MT: 12 ft. V	Vorkforce Housing Bonus	

Please provide the usable open space calculations on the landscaping plan.

5-3 ACCESS AND CONNECTIVITY

5-5 PARKING AND LOADING

5-5(C)(2) Minimum Off-street Parking Table

Unless specified otherwise in this IDO or modified by Sections 14-16-5-5(C)(3)(Amenity, Recreation, and Entertainment Uses) and 14-16-5-5(C)(5) (Parking Reductions), off-street parking spaces shall be provided in accordance with Table 5-5-1. For unlisted uses, required parking is determined by Planning Director per Section 14-16-5-5(C)(4). If a conditional use is approved pursuant to Subsection 14-16-6-6(A) and the approval states a different parking requirement, then the parking requirement in the Conditional Use Approval shall apply. See also Subsection 14-16-5-5(C)(7) (Parking Maximums).

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Table 5-5-1: Minimum Off-street Parking Requirements UC = Urban Center; AC = Activity Center; MS = Main Street area; PT = Premium Transit area DU = Dwelling Unit BR = Bedroom GFA = Gross Floor Area Design Capacity = Maximum occupancy per building or fire codes, whichever is greater		
Use	IDO Parking Requirement	
	1 space / studio	
	1.2 spaces / DU with 1 BR	
Dwelling, multi-family	1.6 spaces / DU with 2 BR	
	1.8 spaces / DU with 3 or more BR	
	UC-MS-PT: 1 space / DU	

5-5(C)(6) Parking Credits

5-5(C)(6)(a) Electric Vehicle Charging Station Credit

Each electric vehicle charging station with a rating of 240 volts or higher installed in an off-street parking space shall count as 2 vehicle parking spaces toward the satisfaction of minimum off street parking requirements.

Distinguish various EV spaces as identified above (refer to IDO definitions to clarify). Confirm that project is providing at least 5% EV charging stations and 25% EV capable parking spaces.

5-5(D) MOTORCYCLE PARKING

Table 5-5-4: Minimum Motorcycle Parking Requirements			
Required Off-street Vehicle Parking Spaces	Number of Motorcycle Spaces Required		
1-25	1 space		
26-50	2 spaces		
51-100	3 spaces		
101-150	4 spaces		
151-300	5 spaces		
301-500	6 spaces		
501-750	7 spaces		
751-1,000	8 spaces		
1,000 and above	8 spaces plus 1 space per each additional 500 spaces		

5-5(D)(1) In addition to parking spaces required by Table 5-5-1, at least the minimum number of offstreet parking spaces for motorcycles, mopeds, and motor scooters listed in Table 5-5-4 shall be provided on the site except where off street parking is only provided in a residential driveway or garage. The minimum number of required motorcycle spaces shall be calculated based on the total number of required off-street parking spaces, after any reductions, credits, and allowances have been calculated.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Motorcycle parking spaces are shown on the conceptual TCL as both keyed note 33 and keyed note 35. Please clear this up using only one keyed note to annotate motor cycle parking on future submissions.

5-5(E) BICYCLE PARKING

Table 5-5-5: Minimum Bicycle Parking Requirements		
Use	IDO Bicycle Parking Requirement	
Residential use	≥5 multi-family or live-work dwelling units: 3 spaces or 10% of required off-street parking spaces, whichever is greater	
Dormitory	1 space / 3 persons design capacity	
Elementary or middle school	5 spaces or 20% of required off-street parking spaces,	
High school	whichever is greater	
Vocational school	3 spaces / 1,000 sq. ft. GFA	
Hotel or motel	2 spaces + 1 space / 6,000 sq. ft. GFA of conference, restaurant, bar, and banquet space	
Grocery store	1 space / 2,000 sq. ft. of GFA	
Non-residential uses not listed in this table	3 spaces or 10% of required off-street parking spaces, whichever is greater	

Bicycle parking is shown on keyed note 13 as (32 bike rack arches (64 spaces)). Planning staff counts 8 instances where this note appears on the TCL. Please clear up the phrasing to show how many bike racks will be installed per keyed note.

5-6 LANDSCAPING, BUFFERING, AND SCREENING

5-6(C) GENERAL LANDSCAPING STANDARDS

The following standards apply to all landscaping, screening, or buffering required by this Section 14-16-5-6.

5-6(C)(1) Landscape Plan Required

A landscape plan with designed landscaped areas shall be submitted as a part of all development applications where landscaping, buffering, or screening is required, unless the relevant decision-making body determines that compliance with the provisions of this Section 14-16-5-6 can be demonstrated without the use of a landscape plan. A landscape plan may be combined with other required application materials if compliance with this Section 14-16-5-6 can be demonstrated in the combined materials. Landscaping shall be maintained pursuant to the requirements of Subsection 14-16-5-13(B)(6).

5-6(C)(2) Minimum Landscape Area

5-6(C)(2)(a) Except as noted in Subsection (b) below, a minimum of 15 percent of the net lot area of each development shall contain landscaping.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(C)(3) Overlapping Requirements

5-6(C)(3)(a) If areas required to be landscaped by 2 or more provisions of this Section 14-16-5-6 overlap each other, the provision requiring the greater amount of landscaping shall apply, and landscaping provided that meets the greater requirement shall count toward fulfilling the overlapping requirements.

5-6(C)(3)(b) Landscaped areas may count toward satisfying usable open space requirements specified for Residential zone districts in Table 5-1-1 and for Mixed-use zone districts in Table 5-1-2.

5-6(C)(3)(c) Gardens and community gardens provided may count toward satisfying the requirements of Subsection 14-16-5-6(C)(2) (Minimum Landscape Area).

5-6(C)(3)(d) Any landscaping provided to meet requirements in Subsection 14-16-5-2(I) (Major Arroyo Standards) may count toward any required landscaping in this Section 14-16-5-6 but shall be subject to Subsection 14-16-5-6(C) (General Landscaping Standards).

5-6(C)(3)(e) Any covered or uncovered outdoor seating and gathering areas provided to meet requirements in Subsection 14-16-5-11(E)(3)(Outdoor Seating and Gathering Areas) may count toward up to 1/3 of required landscaping in Section 14-16-5-6 but shall be subject to standards in Subsection 14-16-5-6(C) (General Landscaping Standards).

5-6(C)(4) Required Plant Materials and Site Amenities

5-6(C)(4)(a) A minimum of 10 species must be used in the landscaped area.

5-6(C)(4)(b) Only trees and shrubs selected from the Official Albuquerque Plant Palette of low water use, drought tolerant, or xeric species and shown on a landscape plan can count toward the requirements of this Subsection 14-16-5-6(C) (General Landscaping Standards), except that, upon presentation of evidence, the relevant decision-making body may authorize alternative species or cultivars that meet all of the following requirements:

- 1. Meet the intended purpose of that type of landscaping.
- 2. Are not hazardous.
- 3. Are not identified as invasive on a City or State plant list.
- 4. Are not listed in the City's Weed Identification Handbook.
- 5. Are equally hardy to the New Mexico climate.

5-6(C)(4)(c) Installation of any trees, shrubs, or other vegetation included in a State list of prohibited or invasive species or listed as noxious weeds in the City's Weed Identification Handbook is prohibited.

5-6(C)(4)(i) All vegetation shall comply with Article 9-12 and Parts 6-1-1 and 6-6-2 of ROA 1994 (Pollen Control, Water Conservation Landscaping and Water Waste, and Street Trees) and Section 4 of the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Authority (ABCWUA) Legislation and Ordinances (Water Waste Reduction Ordinance) as applicable.

5-6(C)(4)(j) All required plant materials shall be free of disease and insects and shall conform to the American Standard for Nursery Stock (ASNA) of the American Nursery and Landscape Association.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(C)(4)(k) Shade trees planted approximately 25 feet on-center are required along all required pedestrian walkways. If the walkway is less than 25 feet long, at least one tree is required, or, where there is insufficient space for a tree, a trellis of at least 8 feet high for at least 5 feet along the walkway shall be provided.

5-6(C)(4)(I) In DT-UC-MS areas, landscaped areas other than street frontage shall include pedestrian furniture, pedestrian amenities, or trash receptacles to encourage pedestrian use.

5-6(C)(5) Soil Condition and Planting Beds

5-6(C)(5)(a) All vegetated material required by this Section 14-16-5-6 shall be planted in uncompacted soil.

5-6(C)(5)(b) If used, weed barriers shall be permeable to optimize stormwater infiltration and prevent runoff.

5-6(C)(5)(c) The use of gravel or crusher fines as ground cover is limited to a maximum of 75 percent of any landscaped area, or 50 percent in DT-UC-MS areas.

5-6(C)(5)(d) A minimum depth of 3 inches of organic mulch, such as arborist mulch or native mulch woodchips, is required in all planting areas. (See figure below.) Decorative bark mulches, bark nuggets, and pecan shells are prohibited.

5-6(C)(5)(e) Organic mulch is required as ground cover under trees, not including street trees, within a 5-foot radius around the tree trunk, but not directly against the trunk. In these areas, weed barrier fabric is prohibited. (See figure below.)

Please modify your tree planting detail to reflect this requirement. The organic mulch used under the trees can be counted towards non gravel mulch used on the site under 5-6(C)(5)(c).

5-6(C)(5)(f) All landscaped areas shall be protected from vehicular encroachment by curbs or wheel stops located 2 feet outside the landscaped area, with openings to accommodate surface collection of stormwater runoff in vegetated swales and stormwater infiltration areas.

5-6(C)(6) Minimum Plant Sizes at Installation

All vegetation required by this Section 14-16-5-6 shall meet the minimum size requirements in Table 5-6-1 unless specified otherwise in this IDO.

5-6(C)(7) Plant Material Spacing

5-6(C)(7)(a) Vegetation required by this Section 14-16-5-6 shall be located the following distances at least 3 feet in any direction from any fire hydrants, valve vaults, hose bibs, manholes, hydrants, and fire department connections:

1. Shrubs: 3 feet 2. Trees: 15 feet

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Confirm that shrubs and trees will be the required distance away from any fire hydrants, valve vaults, hose bibs, manholes, hydrants, and fire department connections.

5-6(C)(7)(b) Where tree planting requirements are based on the length of the street frontage, areas occupied by driveways and drive aisles shall be included when calculating the number of trees required to be planted, and all trees that would otherwise be required in driveways or drive aisles shall be planted in other landscaped front yard areas.

5-6(C)(7)(c) The Planning Director may authorize adjustments to any spacing requirements when required due to topography, drainage, utilities or obstructions, provided that the total amount of required landscaping is not reduced.

5-6(C)(7)(d) Shrubs, ornamental grasses, and groundcovers shall be spaced so that no plant is within ½ of the mature diameter of another plant.

5-6(C)(7)(e) Trees shall be spaced so that no tree is within $\frac{1}{2}$ the mature diameter of another tree.

5-6(C)(8) Protecting Clear Sight Triangle

The clear sight triangle shall be maintained at all exits of parking areas and street intersections.

5-6(C)(9) Planting in or over the Public Right-of-way

5-6(C)(9)(a) All planting of vegetated material or installation of any landscaping, buffering, or screening material in the public right-of way shall require the prior approval of the City. The property owner shall be responsible for the maintenance, repairs, or liability for all the landscaping placed in or over the public right-of way.

5-6(C)(9)(b) Any trees that overhang a public sidewalk or Major Public Open Space shall be trimmed to maintain an 8-foot clearance over the sidewalk. Any trees that overhang a public street shall be trimmed to maintain a 9-foot clearance over the street surface.

5-6(C)(9)(c) Where landscaping is installed in the public right-of-way, the applicant shall install an adequate irrigation system that meets the minimum technical requirements In Article 6-6 of ROA 1994 (Trees, Vegetation and Landscaping) and the DPM, with a separate meter for the landscape area in the public right-of-way, or a separate valve(s) at the property line allowing isolation of the irrigation to the landscape within the public right-of-way. Drip irrigation systems and artificial turf shall not be allowed within the public right-of-way.

5-6(C)(10) Planting near Utilities

5-6(C)(10)(a) Trees and shrubs shall not be planted in utility easements unless there is no other practicable location on the lot where the landscaping would achieve its intended purpose. The Planning Director may adjust the location of required landscaping to avoid utility easements, provided that the total amount of landscaping and buffering required is not reduced.

5-6(C)(10)(b) Trees shall not be planted within 10 feet in any direction of the centerline of a sewer or water line. (See figure below.)

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Confirm that there will be no trees planted withing 10' of the centerline of any sewer or water lines.

5-6(C)(10)(c) Trees or shrubs planted within utility easements shall comply with the standards of the utility provider to minimize effects on facilities maintenance and repair.

5-6(C)(10)(d) If overhead distribution electric lines are present and large trees cannot be planted due to potential interferences with the electric lines, one ornamental tree with a mature height of 12 feet shall be planted per 20 feet of street frontage. New trees planted near electric transmission lines shall be no taller than 25 feet in height at maturity to avoid conflicts with existing electric facilities.

5-6(C)(10)(e) All screening and vegetation surrounding ground-mounted transformers and utility pads must allow 10 feet of clearance in any direction for access and to ensure the safety of the work crews and public during maintenance and repair.

5-6(C)(10)(f) Trees shall not be planted near existing or proposed street light poles.

Confirm clearance of trees from any proposed light poles.

5-6(C)(10)(g) Standards in the DPM may apply to tree planting in or near other utility easements, such as gas lines.

5-6(C)(11) Parking on Landscaped Areas Prohibited

Parking of automobiles, trucks, trailers, boats, recreational vehicles, or other motor vehicles is prohibited on any required landscape area or buffer area.

5-6(C)(12) Existing Vegetation Credit

5-6(C)(12)(a) If existing non-prohibited vegetation meets the location requirements and intent of landscaping, buffering, or screening required by this Section 14-16-5-6, that existing vegetation may be credited toward the landscaping, buffering, or screening materials required by this Section 14-16-5-6.

Is there any existing vegetation that will be retained on site? If needed, the City Forestry Team will be able to make a site visit to determine viability of trees and plants to remain for credits.

5-6(C)(13) Stormwater Management Features

5-6(C)(13)(a) Required landscape area and buffer areas shall be designed to serve as stormwater management areas to the maximum extent practicable and consistent with their required locations and vegetation.

5-6(C)(13)(b) Required landscape area and buffer areas shall be designed pursuant to the DPM and the City Standard Specifications for Public Works Construction.

5-6(C)(13)(c) In the R-ML, R-MH, Mixed-use, and NR-SU zone districts, and on lots containing multi-family dwellings or non-residential uses in the R-A, R-1, R-MC, and R-T zone districts, surface runoff including runoff from roofs and parking areas shall be directed into depressed water collection areas that are located in landscape areas and that meet all applicable standards in the DPM.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(C)(13)(d) Areas created to meet stormwater management requirements of the City or a governmental entity, and located in a required side or rear yard buffer or in a parking lot, shall be counted toward required landscaping and buffering in those areas, provided that the area includes vegetation required by this Section 14-16-5-6.

5-6(C)(13)(e) Where pedestrian walkways and multi-use trails cross required landscape areas, permeable paving may be used and may count toward satisfying the requirements of Subsection 14-16-5-6(C)(2)(Minimum Landscape Area).

5-6(D) STREET FRONTAGE LANDSCAPING 5-6(D)(1) Required Street Trees

5-6(D)(1)(a) All development shall comply with Part 6-6-2 of ROA 1994 (Street Trees) and any standards developed by the Parks and Recreation Department or other City department to implement that Ordinance. Trees are generally required along street frontages every 25 feet on center unless specified otherwise in Part 6-6-2 of ROA 1994 (Street Trees). Along street frontages where street trees are required, trees that are planted within 20 feet of the back of curb of the abutting street may fulfill this requirement. (See figure below.)

Will there be trees planted along the middle row of parking spaces directly west of the roundabout closest to Coors?

5-6(D)(1)(b) Only trees selected from the Official Albuquerque Plant Palette of low water use, drought tolerant, or xeric species and shown on a landscape plan can count toward the requirements of this Subsection 14-16-5-6(D) (Street Frontage Landscaping), except that existing trees that are 8 inch caliper or larger may count toward street tree requirements, regardless of whether they appear on one of those lists.

Tree pallete meets the standards laid out in the IDO; however please consider swapping out the Chinese Pistache with a different variety of trees as the Forestry team is recommending the city cut back on the planting of this variety of tree.

5-6(D)(1)(c) Planting areas necessary for trees in the street frontage shall meet the minimum size requirements in Table 5-6-3 unless specified otherwise in this IDO. Tree grates may be used in constrained locations to accommodate pedestrian circulation, to allow the required planting areas to have a walkable surface.

5-6(D)(2) Additional Frontage Landscaping

5-6(D)(2)(a) **General**

For buildings with a footprint of more than 50,000 square feet in mixed-use or non-residential development, at least 1 tree and 3 shrubs shall be planted every 30 feet along the length of any façade facing a City Park or trail, Major Public Open Space, or major arroyo.

5-6(E) EDGE BUFFER LANDSCAPING 5-6(E)(1) General Requirements

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(E)(1)(a) Landscaped edge buffers and/or edge buffer walls are required between properties to mitigate the impacts of significant differences in property use, size, or scale through standards specified in Subsections (2) through (5) below.

5-6(E)(1)(b) If a landscaped edge buffer is required and a wall is required or will be provided, the wall shall be provided on the property line between the two properties unless specified otherwise in this IDO.

5-6(E)(1)(c) Required edge buffering is not required to be installed along any portion of the lot line covered by an access easement between adjacent lots, but an equivalent amount of landscaping shall be installed on remaining portions of the side or rear lot line, as applicable.

5-6(F) PARKING LOT LANDSCAPING 5-6(F)(1) Parking Lot Edges

5-6(F)(1)(a) Landscape buffer areas are required to separate off-street parking and circulation areas from front, side, and rear boundaries of premises.

5-6(F)(1)(b) Where a parking lot is abutting an R-A, R-1, R-MC, or R-T zone district, provisions related to parking area in Subsection 14-16-5-9(D) (Parking, Drive-through Or Drive-up Facilities, and Loading) shall apply.

5-6(F)(1)(c) Where development is coordinated on 2 or more abutting sites, or where multiple parking areas are located on a single lot, or on planned development areas controlled by Site Plans, these requirements shall be based on the entire development area unless otherwise approved by the decision-making body.

5-6(F)(1)(d) Landscape buffers may be crossed by drive aisles connecting to abutting land.

5-6(F)(1)(e) No parking is allowed within a required landscape buffer area.

5-6(F)(1)(f) Landscape approved within the abutting public right-of-way or private way may be counted toward this requirement if there is no existing or planned public sidewalk between such landscape and the premises, but in no case shall the width of the on-site landscape buffer be less than 5 feet.

5-6(F)(1)(g) The landscape area may be reduced by up to 25 percent if the surface of the parking or vehicle circulation area is of a permeable material with approval from the Planning Director.

5-6(F)(1)(h) Where walls are required, they shall integrate with building materials and colors.

5-6(F)(1)(i) Landscape buffers are required in the following locations, with minimum widths and design requirements as specified below.

1. Front Lot Edge

a. Any parking lot located within 30 feet of the front lot line shall be screened from the street either by a masonry wall constructed of a material similar in texture, appearance, and color to the street-facing façade of the primary building (but excluding exposed CMU block) at least 3

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

but not more than 4 feet in height, or by a landscape buffer at least 10 feet in width with a continuous line of evergreen shrubbery 3 feet in height, or by other means that the Planning Director determines provides equal or better screening of the headlights of parked vehicles.

b. Downtown, Urban Centers, and Main Street and Premium Transit Areas Any parking lot located within 30 feet of the front lot line shall be screened from the street by a masonry wall as described in Subsection a above. Openings in the masonry wall no more than 4 feet wide to allow passage of bicycles and pedestrians from the street into the parking lot are allowed.

2. Side and Rear Lot Edges

Where no side or rear lot line buffer is required by Subsection 14-16-5-6(E) above, the following standards apply where the side or rear lot line abuts a public street.

- c. Any parking lot located within 20 feet of a side or rear lot line shall be screened by a landscaped buffer area strip at least 6 feet wide containing at least 2 trees and 6 shrubs per 25 feet of the parking lot edge closest to the lot line, or by other means that the Planning Director determines provides equal or better screening of the headlights of parked vehicles.
- d. Downtown, Urban Centers, and Main Street and Premium Transit Areas Any parking lot located within 20 feet of a side or rear lot line shall be screened by a landscaped buffer at least 5 feet wide containing one tree and 3 shrubs per 25 feet of the parking lot edge closest to the lot line, or by a masonry wall constructed of a material other than cement block, at least 3 but not more than 4 feet tall.

5-6(F)(2) Parking Lot Interior

5-6(F)(2)(a) **General**

At least 10 percent of the parking lot area of lots containing 50 or fewer spaces, and at least 15 percent of the parking lot area of lots containing 50 or more spaces, shall be landscaped.

5-6(F)(2)(c) Tree Requirements

- 1. One (1) tree is required per 10 parking spaces.
- 2. No parking space may be more than 100 feet in any direction from a tree trunk.
- 3. At least 75 percent of the required parking area trees shall be deciduous canopy-type shade trees, capable of achieving a mature canopy diameter of at least 25 feet.

Please show relevant calculations to demonstrate compliance with the above-mentioned code.

5-6(F)(2)(d) Location and Dimension of Landscaped Areas

- 1. The minimum size of tree planters within off-street parking areas shall be 60 square feet per tree. This requirement may be reduced to 36 square feet if the surface of a parking or vehicle circulation area abutting the tree planter is of a permeable material and, combined with the tree planter area, meets the 60 square foot per tree requirement.
- 2. In parking areas of 100 spaces or more, the ends of parking aisles shall be defined as landscaped islands no narrower than 8 feet in any dimension.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(G) SCREENING OF MECHANICAL EQUIPMENT AND SUPPORT AREAS

Site areas listed below shall comply with the following standards. In any case where a decorative wall or fence is required or installed, chain link fencing (with or without slats) shall not satisfy the requirement.

5-6(G)(1) Roof-mounted Mechanical Equipment

5-6(G)(1)(a) No screening is required for rooftop solar energy equipment.

5-6(G)(1)(b) In any R-ML, R-MH, Mixed-use, NR-C, NR-BP, NR-SU, or NR-PO zone district, roof-mounted mechanical equipment shall be screened by a parapet wall or similar feature that is an integral part of the building's architectural design. The parapet wall or similar feature shall be sufficient to screen the mechanical equipment from all sides when viewed from 5 feet above ground level at any property line abutting a City Park or trail, Major Public Open Space, major arroyo, or public street classified as a collector, arterial, or interstate highway.

Is there any rooftop equipment planned for installation? If so, please call this out on future submissions and provide drawings showing compliance with the above-mentioned standard.

5-6(G)(2) Ground-mounted Mechanical Equipment

5-6(G)(2)(a) R-ML, R-MH, and Mixed-use Zone Districts

Outdoor ground-mounted mechanical equipment shall be located where it is not visible from streets, City parks or trails, Major Public Open Space, or major arroyos adjacent to the lot or from adjacent properties to the maximum extent practicable.

5-6(G)(2)(b) NR-C, NR-BP, NR-SU, and NR-PO Zone Districts

Outdoor ground-mounted mechanical equipment shall be located where it is not visible from streets, City parks or trails, Major Public Open Space, or major arroyos adjacent to the lot or from adjacent properties with low-density residential development to the maximum extent practicable.

5-6(G)(2)(c) **Screening**

Where it is not practicable to locate ground-mounted mechanical equipment pursuant to Subsections (a) and (b) above, such equipment shall be screened from view by an opaque decorative wall or fence or a vegetative screen.

- 1. The wall or fence shall be of a height equal to or greater than the height of the mechanical equipment being screened and shall incorporate at least 1 of the primary materials and colors of the nearest wall of the primary building (but excluding exposed CMU block).
- 2. The vegetative screen shall be planted along the full length of the equipment to be screened and shall be of a height equal to or greater than the height of the equipment to be screened at the time of planting.
- 3. No screening of ground-mounted solar energy equipment that would reduce the efficiency or effectiveness of the solar energy equipment is required.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

5-6(G)(3) Loading, Service, and Refuse Areas

5-6(G)(3)(a) Covering Waste Containers

All waste containers and dumpsters shall be in a roofed enclosure or be equipped with and use a lid covering and shall be designed so that stormwater runoff does not reach storm drain inlets.

5-6(G)(3)(c) R-ML, R-MH, and Mixed-use Zone Districts

Outdoor loading, service, and refuse areas shall be integrated into the building design if possible, or shall be located where they are not visible from streets, City parks or trails, Major Public Open Space, or major arroyos adjacent to the lot or from adjacent properties to the maximum extent practicable.

5-6(G)(3)(e) **Screening**

Where it is not practicable to locate the loading, service, and refuse areas pursuant to Subsections (c) and (d) above, they shall be screened from view by an opaque decorative wall or fence at least 6 feet tall but not more than 8 feet tall that incorporates at least 1 of the primary materials and colors of the nearest wall of the primary building (but excluding exposed CMU block) or a vegetative screen planted along the full length of the area to be screened and at least 8 feet high at the time of planting.

Ensure that all landscaping and buffering/screening requirements are being adhered to.

5-11 BUILDING DESIGN

5-11(D) MULTI-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL DEVELOPMENT

All multi-family residential development containing more than 25 dwelling units in any Residential zone district or in any Mixed-use zone district outside of UC-MS-PT areas shall comply with all of the standards in this Subsection 14-16-5-11(D), except that parking structures shall comply with the design standards in Subsection 14-16-5-5(G) (Parking Structure Design).

5-11(D)(1) Building Entrances

Primary pedestrian entrances to each primary building shall be emphasized and provide weather protection through variations in the façade, porticos, roof variations, recesses or projections, or other integral building forms.

5-11(D)(2) Façade Design

Façades shall be designed to provide a sense of human scale. Building façades shall meet all of the following requirements or provide justification that the intent of this section is achieved by an alternative design approach.

5-11(D)(2)(a) Windows

A façade shall have windows as a prominent feature.

- 1. The ground floor of each street-facing façade shall contain a minimum of 20 percent of its surfaces in transparent windows and/or doors.
- 2. Windows on the upper floors shall be recessed or projected not less than 2 inches and/or shall be surrounded by a window casing or frame not less than 2 inches wide, except for portions of

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

the façade that are storefront window systems or curtain walls. Workforce housing is exempt from this requirement.

3. Windows facing west shall use heat mitigation features.

On the elevations sheet please update the titles to callout which cardinal direction is being depicted on the building renderings. Through site plan notes and/or a comment response memo, detail in your application how the façade requirements are met.

5-11(D)(2)(b) Articulation

Facades shall change in massing and form as specified below to visually break up the building. Each front and side façade shall meet all of the following requirements or provide justification that the intent of this section is achieved by an alternative design approach.

- 1. The façade shall have at least one element that is recessed or projected from the façade by at least 6 inches and that is 2 feet in width for every 30 feet of facade length.
- 2. Each street-facing façade shall be designed with more than one building finish material or color.
- 3. Art, such as murals or sculpture, that is privately-owned or coordinated through the City Public Arts Program, may count toward requirements in 1 or 2 above.
- 4. Balcony massing, material, or color shall vary to create visual interest. Solid balconies shall not obscure the street-level view of required transparent windows and/or doors.
- 5. For projects that use 75 percent or more of the ground floor as parking, these standards apply to the stories above the parking level.

5-11(D)(3) Roof Design

Rooflines longer than 60 horizontal feet shall include at least one vertical or horizontal elevation change of at least 2 feet. Roofs with a pitch of less than 2:12 shall be screened by a parapet wall.

Confirm that building façade standards are met.

Standard Comments

- A Minor Preliminary/Final Plat application must currently be submitted to <u>PLNDRS@cabq.gov</u> for the proposed replat
- The application forms for a Minor Preliminary/Final Plat are featured in the following links:

https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/development-hearing-

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

officer/DHO Application.pdf

https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/development-hearing-officer/Form%20PLT.pdf

https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/development-hearing-officer/Form%20S2.pdf

 The Site Plan is being reviewed according to the standards and provisions within the IDO and the DPM.

Here is a link to the IDO, and DPM:

https://www.cabq.gov/planning/codes-policies-regulations/integrated-development-ordinance-1

 $\frac{https://www.cabq.gov/planning/boards-commissions/development-process-manual-executive-committee \ .$

- On Form PLT (featured in the middle link above), please note that signatures from Hydrology, Transportation, and Water Authority engineers/staff will be required, confirming that any additional applications/documents required to be submitted in addition to and in association with the platting application are approved (such as an Availability Statement for the Water Authority) prior to the acceptance, processing, and placement of the platting application on a Development Hearing Officer (DHO) agenda.
- The platting action would be reviewed to the standards and provisions within the IDO-Integrated Development Ordinance and the standards within the DPM- Development Process Manual. Here is a link to both: https://www.cabq.gov/planning/codes-policies-regulations/integrated-development-ordinance-1

https://www.cabq.gov/planning/boards-commissions/development-process-manual-executive-committee

- Required Signatures on the Plat for Minor Preliminary Plat applications to the DHO:
 All signatures from the surveyor, property owner(s), and the City Surveyor are required on the Plat prior to the acceptance of the application file for the Plat and placement on a DHO agenda.
- A platting application will require the submittal and Development Hearing Officer (DHO) approval of a Minor Preliminary/Final Plat application.
- For Platting actions, all signatures from the surveyor, property owner(s), the City

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

Surveyor, the utility companies, and AMAFCA are all required prior to the acceptance of the application file and the placement on a DHO agenda. After acceptance of the Plat application, DXF approval from AGIS must be obtained and the project and application numbers must be added to the Plat.

- All standards within IDO section 5-4-C (Subdivision of Land Compliance) apply to all replatting actions. Re-plating action cannot increase any existing nonconformity or create a new nonconformity.
- The Plat must be created, sealed, and signed by a surveyor licensed in the State of New Mexico.
- The following will need to be on the final platting sheets: Project and Application #'s, documents signed/stamped by a design professing licensed in the State of NM.
- Prior to final sign-off of the plat, the AGIS office must approve the DXF file and proof of approval must be provided.
- If infrastructure is needed, an IL-Infrastructure list, and/or IIA-Infrastructure Improvements Agreement with financial guarantee will be required.
- Please consider using the <u>SubmittalFormClimaticGeographic Responsiveness.pdf</u>
 (<u>cabq.gov</u>) in order to make your project sustainable and promoting wellness. This
 information is provided as a guide and is encouraged, but it is not required.
- For information related to drainage ponds please refer to standard spec 1013 located on the CABQ Planning website at the following link.
 https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/DevelopmentReviewServices/DRC/Section%2010
 https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/DevelopmentReviewServices/DRC/Section%2010
 https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/DevelopmentReviewServices/DRC/Section%2010
 https://documents.cabq.gov/planning/DevelopmentReviewServices/DRC/Section%2010

REQUIRED NOTES

- If they are not already there add the following notes from the IDO to the landscaping and Irrigation plan notes:
- Per 5-6(C)(4)(g), all vegetation shall comply with Article 9-12 and Parts 6-1-1 and 6-6-2 of ROA 1994 (Pollen Control, Water Conservation Landscaping and Water Waste, and Street Trees) and Section 4 of the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Authority (ABCWUA) Legislation and Ordinances (Water Waste Reduction Ordinance) as applicable.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

- Per 5-6(C)(4)(h), all required plant materials shall be free of disease and insects and shall conform to the American Standard for Nursery Stock (ASNA) of the American Nursery and Landscape Association.
- Per 5-6(C)(5)(a), all vegetated material required by this Section 14-16-5-6 shall be planted in uncompacted soil.
- Per 5-6(C)(5)(b), if used, weed barriers shall be permeable to optimize stormwater infiltration and prevent runoff.
- Per 5-6(C)(5)(d), a minimum of 2 inches of organic mulch is required in all planting areas, with 3-4 inches recommended.

5-6(C)(9) Planting in or over the Public Right-of-way

- 5-6(C)(9)(a) All planting of vegetated material or installation of any landscaping, buffering, or screening material in the public right-of way shall require the prior approval of the City. The property owner shall be responsible for the maintenance, repairs, or liability for all the landscaping placed in or over the public right-of way.
- 5-6(C)(9)(b) Any trees that overhang a public sidewalk or Major Public Open Space shall be trimmed to maintain an 8-foot clearance over the sidewalk. Any trees that overhang a public street shall be trimmed to maintain a 9-foot clearance over the street surface.
- Per 5-6(C)(9)(c), where landscaping is installed in the public right-of-way, the applicant shall install an adequate irrigation system that meets the minimum technical requirements In Article 6-6 of ROA 1994 (Trees, Vegetation and Landscaping) and the DPM, with a separate meter for the landscape area in the public right-of-way, or a separate valve(s) at the property line allowing isolation of the irrigation to the landscape within the public right-of-way. Drip irrigation systems and artificial turf shall not be allowed within the public right-of-way.

5-6(C)(14) Irrigation Systems

- Per 5-6(C)(14)(a), irrigation systems shall comply with Section 8 of the ABCWUA Legislation and Ordinances (Cross Connection Prevention and Control Ordinance).
- Per 5-6(C)(14)(b), all irrigation systems shall be designed to minimize the use of water.
- 5-6(C)(14)(c), all non-residential landscape irrigation shall have automatic timers and/or programmable settings to avoid overwatering.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

• Per 5-6(C)(14)(d), the irrigation system shall not spray or irrigate impervious surfaces, including sidewalks, driveways, drive aisles, streets, and parking and loading areas.

5-6(C)(15) Installation

- 5-6(C)(15)(c) Any damage to utility lines resulting from the negligence of the abutting property owner or the property owner's agents or employees in the installation and maintenance of any landscaping, screening, or buffering in a public right-of-way, private way, or easement shall be the responsibility of such property owner. Any damage to utility lines resulting from the growth of plant materials that have been approved by the applicable public utility as part of a plan for landscaping, screening, or buffering on the public right of way shall be the responsibility of such public utility. If a public utility disturbs landscaping, screening, or buffering in a public right-of-way, private way, or easement, it shall make every reasonable effort to preserve the landscaping materials and return them to their prior locations after the utility work. If the plant materials die despite those efforts, it is the obligation of the abutting property owner to replace the plant materials.
- 5-6(C)(15)(d) Property owners acknowledge that approved landscaping and trees installed and maintained in a public right-of-way, private way, or easement abutting private properties are the property of the City, and that that the City reserves the right to remove them if necessary for a transportation project without compensation, but at no cost to the property owner. Landscaping installed in an abutting public right-of-way, private way, or easement by property owners and later removed by the City shall not impact previously approved net lot area calculations for required landscaping.

5-13(B)(7) Landscaping, Buffering, and Screening

- 5-13(B)(7)(a) Landscaping, screening and buffering areas shall be maintained in compliance with Articles 6-6 and 9-8 of ROA 1994 (Trees, Vegetation, and Landscaping and Weeds, Litter, and Snow) and Section 4 of the Albuquerque Bernalillo County Water Authority (ABCWUA) Legislation and Ordinances (Water Waste Reduction Ordinance).
- 5-13(B)(7)(b) All landscaped areas shall be maintained with a neat and orderly appearance, which includes pruning, removal and replacement of dead or diseased plants and trees, disposal of litter, repair of damaged walls and hard surface areas, and upkeep of irrigation systems.
- 5-13(B)(7)(d) Where landscaping was installed pursuant to a Site Plan or development approval, the landscaping shall be replaced according to any landscaping and maintenance plan under that approval.

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)

- 5-13(B)(7)(e) Trees or plants that die shall be replaced by the owner as expeditiously as possible, but in no case longer than 60 calendar days after notice from the City. The replacement of dead vegetation is the responsibility of the property owner.
- 5-13(B)(7)(f) Street trees shall be maintained alive and healthy. Maintaining and replacing street trees or other trees planted in the public right-of-way are the responsibility of abutting property owners.



<u>Disclaimer</u>: The comments provided are based on the information received from the applicant/agent. If new or revised information is submitted, additional comments may be provided by Planning.

FROM: Jacob Boylan/Jolene Wolfley DATE: 10/1/24

Planning Department

^{*(}See additional comments on next pages)



Development Facilitation Team (DFT) – Review Comments

Reviewer: David G. Gutierrez, P.E. | Phone: 505-289-3381 | dggutierrez@abcwua.org

Project No: PR-2024-010951 Date: 10/02/2024 Agenda Item: 6 Zone Atlas Page: J-11

Legal Description: Plat of Tracts A, B, C and D Being a Replat of Tracts 164 and 165, and Portions of Tracts 162 and 163.

Request: New multi-family project – a joint venture endeavor with the City of Albuquerque to construct approximately 250 units over multiple phases. Phase One: 128 multifamily units containing 1, 2 and 3, bedroom unit types. Phases Two and Three of the residential portions currently seeking funding. Fourth lot fronting Coors Blvd to become YDI's new community Head Start facility.

Location: Coors between Glen Rio and Fortuna

Application For: PS-2024-00169 – SKETCH PLAT

- 1. Availability Statement 240411 provides conditions for service.
 - a. Routine connections are available.
- 2. Utility Plan:
 - a. Provide a utility plan that indicates the location of proposed services.
 - b. Show existing public water and public sewer mains and any associated easements on the utility plan.
 - c. Dimension the public water and public sewer easements on the utility plan.
 - d. There shall be no trees, parallel fences/sidewalks/curbs, or structures within the public water and public sewer easement. Please revise accordingly.
 - e. Please add the following notes to the Master Utility Plan
 - Coordination with Water Authority Cross Connection Section will be required to ensure proper backflow containment is in place prior to release of meter for the site. Contact the Cross Connection Section at 505-289-3454.
 - ii. Coordination with the Water Authority Pre-Treatment Engineer is required to ensure the site complies with Water Authority Sewer Use Ordinance. Contact the Pre-Treatment Engineer at 505-289-3439.

Comment: (Provide written response explaining how comments were addressed)