

SONORA POND INFILL SUBDIVISION

PURPOSE AND SCOPE

The purpose of this drainage report is to report a drainage management plan and a comprehensive analysis of the drainage control measures to be implemented with the Sonora Pond Infill project and subdivision, a 4 lot single-family subdivision proposed on approximately .9 acres of land located in the existing Sonora Subdivision in the North East Heights of Albuquerque, New Mexico. Both onsite and offsite drainage affected by this development will be addressed by this report.

SITE DESCRIPTION AND HISTORY

The proposed subdivision is located on Track A of Block 30, Unit B of North Albuquerque Acres. City of Albuquerque, Bernalillo County, New Mexico. The project site is located within the existing Sonora Subdivision that was constructed in 1995. There was a storm drainage detention pond located at the west end of Suerte Place and Tesosr Place. Downstream storm drainage improvements along San Pedro now allow for this detention pond and Public Draiange Easement to be vacated and infilled. City of Albuquerque Zone Atlas page C-18-Z.

The Site is currently being utilized as a detention pond and therefore is in a 100 year floodplain. The maximum water surface elevation in the pond during the 100 year event is 5262.6.

III. COMPUTATIONAL PROCEDURES

Hydrologic analysis was performed utilizing the design criteria found in the COA-DPM Section 22.2 released in June 1997.

IV. PRECIPITATION

The 100-yr 6-hr duration storm was used as the design storm for this analysis. This site is within Zone 3 as identified in the DPM Section 22.2. Tables within the section was used to establish the 6-hr precipitation, excess precipitation and peak discharge.

In accordance with AMAFCA's design criteria for determination of percent land treatment D, the following equation was used for "single family residential" classification based on the maximum possible density of 5 dwelling units per acre: 7x(((NxN)+(5xN))) $\frac{1}{2}$ which results in a Land Treatment D = 50%. It was assumed the other 50% would be split between Land Treatment B=25% and Land Treatment C=25%.

V. EXISTING DRAINAGE CONDITIONS OVERVIEW

As stated previously, this detention pond was constructed to restrict the developed flows from the Sonora Subdivision into teh existing 30" storm drainage piping in Signal Avenue. A predesign discussion was held with the COA Hydrology department to discuss teh possibility of filling in and subdividing Tract A (the detention pond property). The downstream outfall piping is either in place or financially guaranteed and will allow for the increaease in flow fate realated to remoning the pond.

The draininge study for the Sonora Subdivision could not be found in the draininge files at the COA. The flow rates shown are approximate to allow for a percentage increase in discharge rate to be calculated. Exact figures for runoff rates should be obtained from the original report (if one can be found).

DRAINAGE MANAGEMENT PLAN

A. Overview

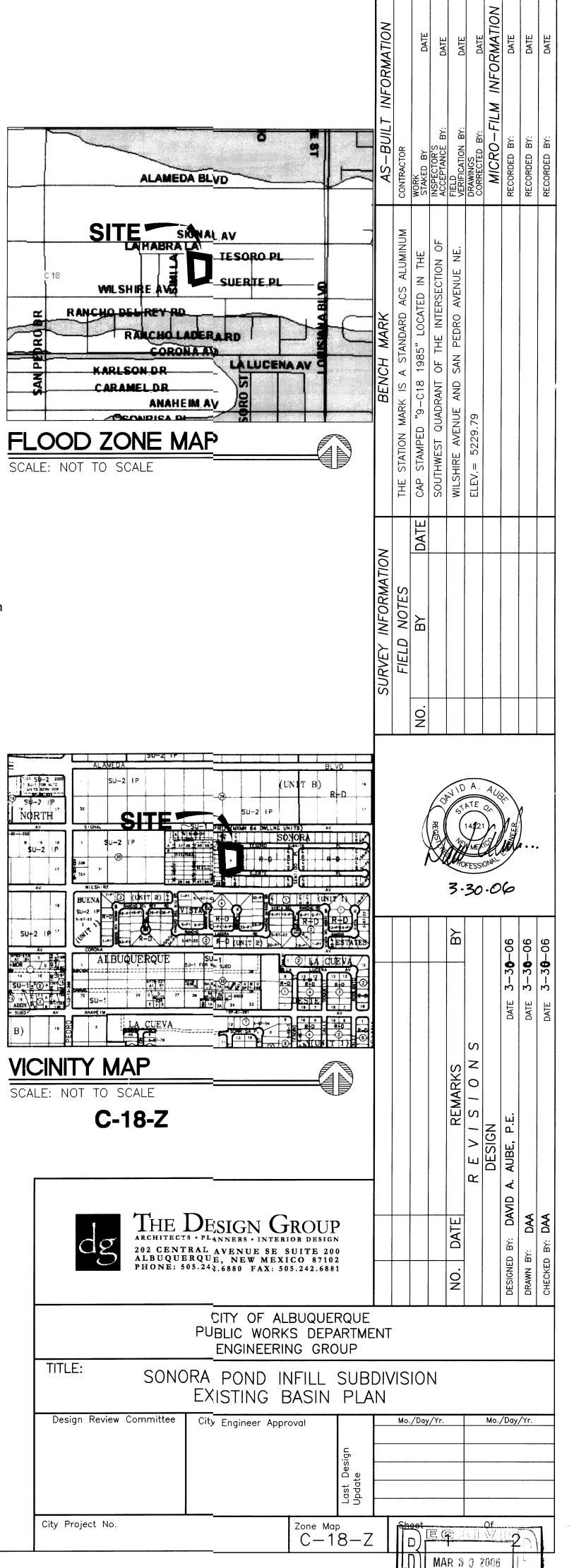
The detention pond currently accept runoff from Wilshire Avenue through a series of catch basins located on each side of Wilshire near the proposed subdivisions west property line. This runoff is piped into the pond through a 30" RCP pipe that was designed to convey the runoff to Signal. A manhole and temporary 30" pipe were installed to direct the runoff into the pond. Tesoro Place and Suerte Place each have a sump condition catch basin at the west end of each cul-de-sac. There is an 18" RCP pipe leading from this catch basin to the 30" RCP line described above. The 18" RCP connecting to the 30" line has been plugged until the downstream piping is completed. There is also an 18" RCP line from each catch basin that discharges into the detention pond. The last piece of the detention pond is a temporary 24" RCP outlet pipe installed to restrict the discharge rate into the storm drainage piping system in Signal.

As part of this pond infill project the temporary plug will be removed to allow the final design storm drainage outlet piping to control. This will require removing the plugs in the 30" RCP that will allow runoff from Wilshire to be piped north to Signa! without being routed through the detenion pond. Each of the catch basins will be modified to create a plug inthe pipe that drains toward the pond and to open the 18" RCP pipes that connect to the 30" draining to Signal. The 24" RCP temporary restricted pipe from the pond will also be plugged.

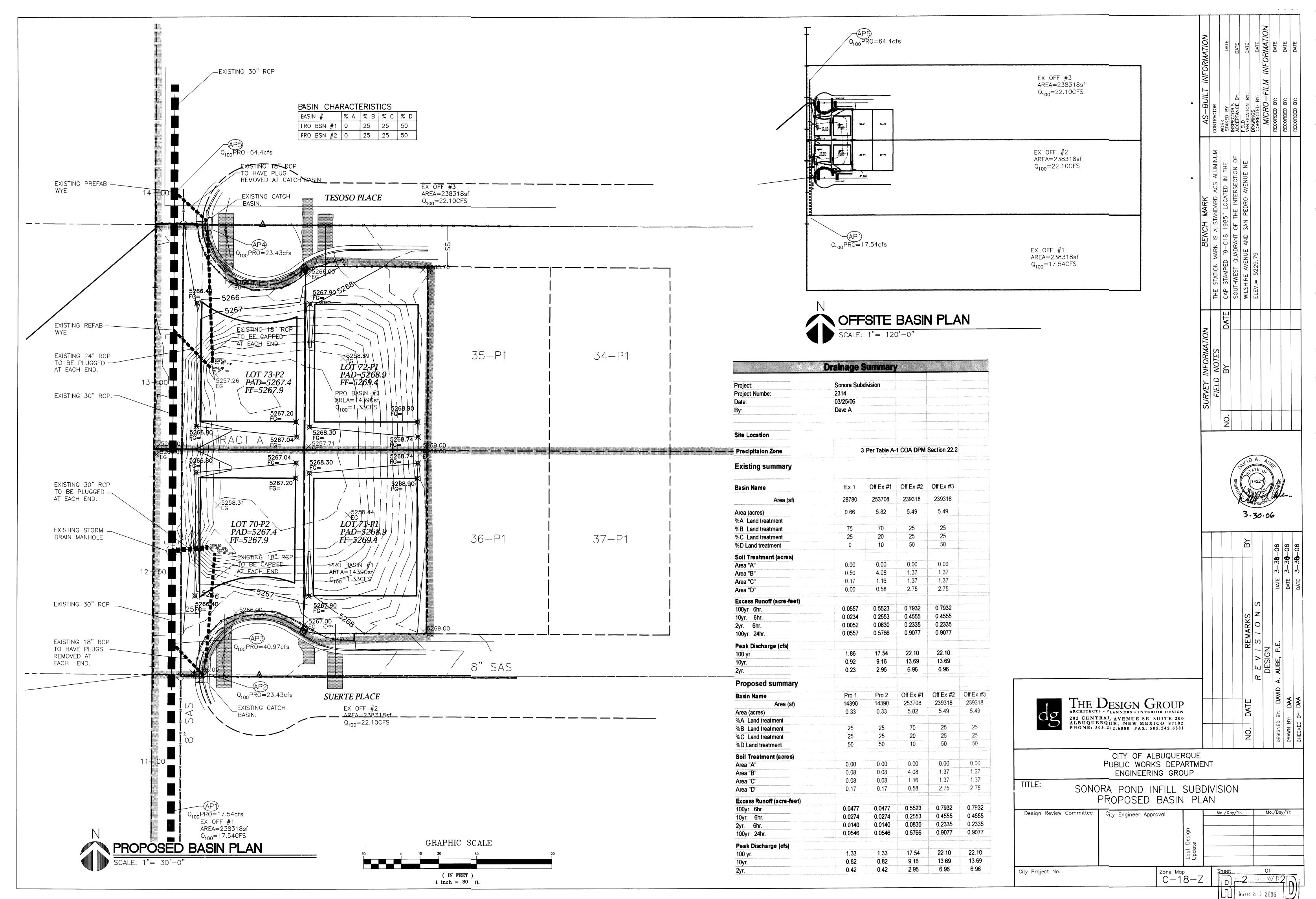
Onsite runoff will all drain toward the existing catch basins in the cul-de-sacs and will be conveyed to Signal. The increase in runoff from the original design (assuming that the original design had an undeveloped pond, which is unlikely) for the subject site is 0.8 cfs. It was approximated that each cul-de-sac has an incomming flow of 22 cfs and therefore the the increse is about 7%. Again it should be noted that it is unlikely that the original design would have created a permanent pond and installed all the necessary piping and temporary connections to allow for future infill.

VII. CONCLUSION

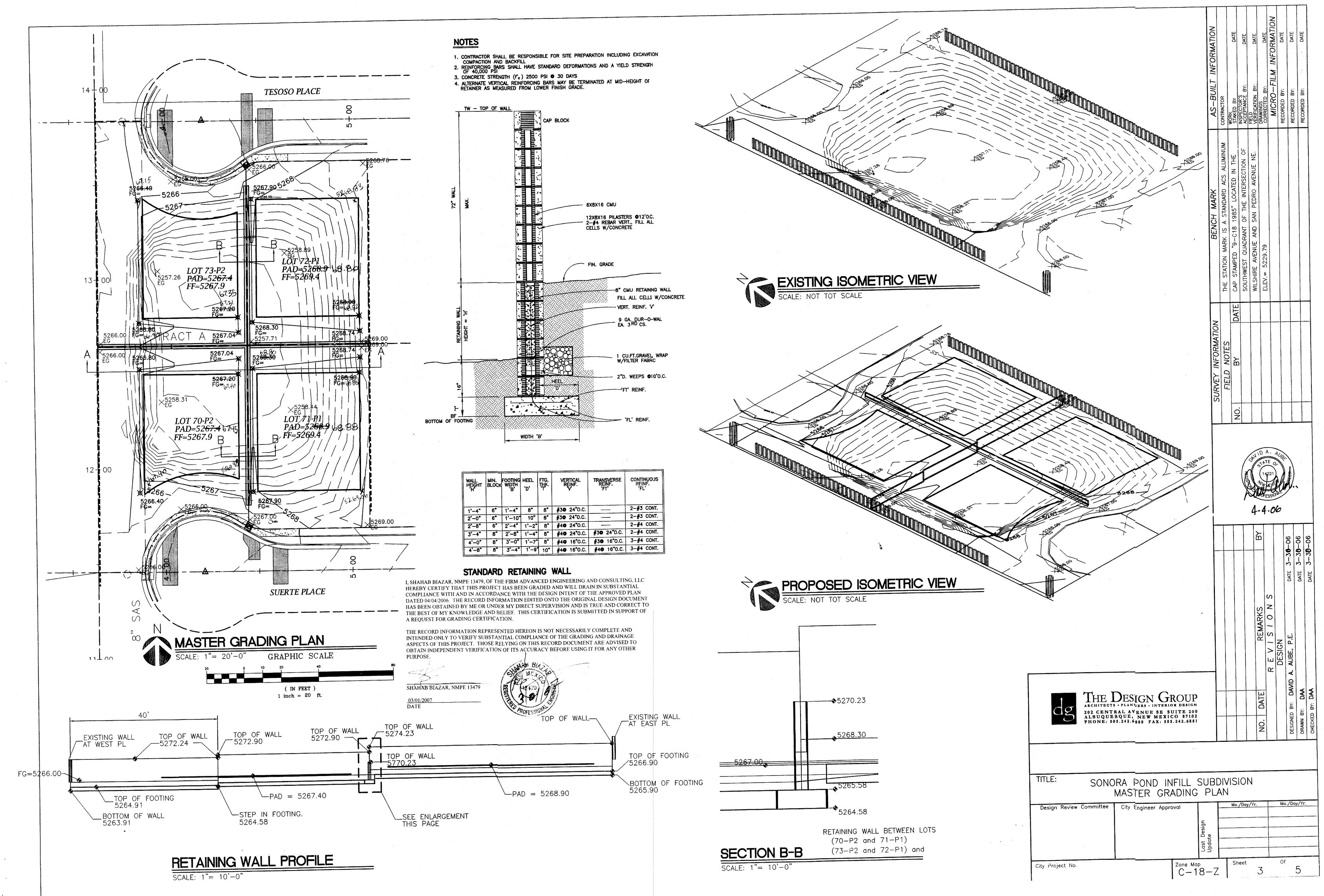
The detention pond was designed to be removed after the downstream capacity was increased. This infill project should have been within the design parameters for the storm drainage piping and capacity calculations. There should be not adverse effects to downstream users from this project.



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