#### DRAINAGE INFORMATION SHEET

Water Systems Central PROJECT TITLE: Control Landscape ZONE	ATLAS/DRAINAGE FILE #	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION: North Albuquerque	Acres, Tract 'A', Block 4, Lots 11 thru:	
CITY ADDRESS: 5500 Pino NE		
ENGINEERING FIRM: Leedshill-Herkenhoff	CONTACT: Bobbie Miller	
ADDRESS: 500 Cooper NE	PHONE: 247-0294	
OWNER: City of Albuquerque	CONTACT: Basker Vedamanikam	
ADDRESS: P.O. Box 1293	PHONE: 768-2654	
ARCHITECT: Morrow and Co., Landscape	Architects CONTACT: Elizabeth Fish	
ADDRESS: 210 La Veta NE	PHONE: 268-2266	
SURVEYOR: City of Albuquerque	CONTACT: Jan Fiala	
ADDRESS: P.O. Box 1293	PHONE: 764-1620	
CONTRACTOR: Lee Landscapes	CONTACT: Rick Brown	
ADDRESS: 5800 Signal NE	PHONE: 822-8722	
PRE-DESIGN MEETING:		
X YES	DRB NO	
NO JUL 3 0 15	987 )   EPC NO	
COPY OF CONFERENCE HYDROLOGY SI	PROJECT NO. 3097	
TYPE OF SUBMITTAL:	CHECK TYPE OF APPROVAL SOUGHT:	
DRAINAGE REPORT	SECTOR PLAN APPROVAL	
DRAINAGE PLAN	SKETCH PLAT APPROVAL	
CONCEPTUAL GRADING & DRAIN PLAN	PRELIMINARY PLAT APPROVAL	
X GRADING PLAN	SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVAL	
EROSION CONTROL PLAN	FINAL PLAT APPROVAL	
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION	BUILDING PERMIT APPROVAL	
	FOUNDATION PERMIT APPROVAL	
	CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY APPROVAL	
	ROUGH GRADING PERMIT APPROVAL	
DATE SUBMITTED: 7/90/87	X GRADING/PAVING PERMIT APPROVAL	
BY: Elizabeth Jish	OTHER(SPECIFY).	

10

REV. 10/85



# City of Albuquerque

P.O. BOX 1293 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87103

Ken Schultz Mayor UTILITY DEVELOPMENT DIVISION HYDROLOGY SECTION (505) 768-2650

August 11, 1987

Clinton Dodge Leedshill-Herkenhoff 500 Copper, NE Albuquerque, New Mexico 87102

RE: GRADING/PAVING PLAN FOR WATER SYSTEMS CENTRAL CONTROL LANDSCAPE (D-18/D2) ENGINEER'S STAMP DATED 7/28/87

Dear Mr. Dodge:

Based on the information provided on your submittal of July 30, 1987, the above referenced plan is approved for Grading/Paving.

Upon completion of this grading, please contact Rick Duran at 764-1699 to request an inspection.

If I can be of further assistance, please feel free to call me at 768-2650.

Cordially,

Bernie J. Montoya, C.E Engineering Assistant

BJM/bsj

**PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT** 

**ENGINEERING GROUP** 

Telephone (505) 768-2500

ATTW: BECUTE

### DRAINAGE INFORMATION SHEET

PROJECT TITLE: SALT/ SAND STORAGE FACILITY	7 ZONE ATLAS/DRNG. FILE #: $D-18/02$	
LEGAL DESCRIPTION: PINO VAROS - Cr	TT OF ALBUQUERQUE	
CITY ADDRESS:		
ENGINEERING FIRM: CITY OF ALBUQUE	FAME CONTACT: GARY TIECITIS	
ADDRESS:	PHONE: 768-2775	
OWNER: CITY OF DUBUQUEIZIQUE	CONTACT:	
ADDRESS:	PHONE:	
ARCHITECT: KEN HOVEY	CONTACT: KEN HOVEY	
ADDRESS: 335 JEFFERSON NE	PHONE: 255-9400	
SURVEYOR: SURVEYOR: SURVEYOR: SURVEYOR:	CONTACT: DSUNY MONTONO	
ADDRESS:	PHONE: 764-1612	
CONTRACTOR: GEARCON GEN CONTRACTORS	CONTACT: DET LOGDE CONDEN	
ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 14748	PHONE: 265-846/	
ADDRESS: P.O. BOX 14748  ALBQ NH 87191		
PRE-DESIGN MEETING:		
YES	DRB NO	
NO	EPC NO.	
COPY OF CONFERENCE RECAP SHEET PROVIDED	PROJ. NO. #3708	
TYPE OF SUBMITTAL: (	CHECK TYPE OF APPROVAL SOUGHT:	
DRAINAGE REPORT	SKETCH PLAT APPROVAL	
DRAINAGE PLAN	PRELIMINARY PLAT APPROVAL	
CONCEPTUAL GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN	SITE DEVELOPMENT PLAN APPROVAL	
GRADING PLAN	FINAL PLAT APPROVAL	
EROSION CONTROL PLAN	BUILDING PERMIT APPROVAL	
ENGINEER'S CERTIFICATION	FOUNDATION PERMIT APPROVAL	
	CERTIFICATE OF OCCUPANCY APPROVAL	
	ROUGH GRADING PERMIT APPROVAL	
·	GRADING/PAVING PERMIT APPROVAL	
	OTHER(SPECIFY)	
DATE SUBMITTED: 4/19/89 BY: GARY CV. TIBLINS P.E.		

# Drainage Improvements at Pino Yards - Phase I

#### SUBMITTED TO:

Resource Management Division City of Albuquerque Albuquerque, New Mexico



ENGINEERS & ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENTISTS 2129 OSUNA NE - SUITE 2 A, ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87113 TELEPHONE - (505) 345 - 3115

**R.T.I. PROJECT NO. 89 - 100** 

February 1990



February 20, 1990

Mr. Mike Minturn
Operations Officer
Resource Management Division
City of Albuquerque
P.O. Box 1293
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103

Dear Mike:

This letter report documents the completion of Phase I of our study and design of drainage improvements at the Pino Yards oil contamination site. In accordance with Section A-1 of Exhibit 1 of our agreement we have completed the following items:

- A. We have visited the Pino Yards on five occasions, met with Mr. Max Sanchez, Mr. Richard Gonzales and yourself, and collected background data on the facilities and operations. In addition, we have met with Bridgers and Paxton staff at the site and at their offices to determine future use of the Vehicle Maintenance Shop Building (Attachment 1). We also discussed the future use of Lot No. 5.
- B. Under subcontract, ASI developed a sampling plan (Attachment 2) to indicate sampling locations and parameters for analysis. The sampling plan was reviewed and approved by the City prior to sampling.
- C. A total of 13 samples from 11 sample locations were collected on July 19, 1989. The samples were analyzed by Assagai Analytical Labs. The analytical results were interpreted in a report dated August 1989 (Attachment 3).

An effort to collect additional samples from several points in the arroyo northwest of the facility was attempted in October 1989. It was determined at the time that the samples to be taken in this location would have limited utility since there was a significant amount of asphalt debris in the ditch. The presence of the asphalt was expected to have an appreciable influence on the analytical results for total petroleum hydrocarbons. Therefore, no samples were taken. One additional sample was taken approximately 100 yards up-stream from the Pino Yards and was intended to be representative of background concentrations in that immediate area. This total

Mr. Mike Minturn February 20, 1990 Page 2

> petroleum hydrocarbon level was below the detection limit of the analytical instruments. A copy of the laboratory results for this particular sample is included at the end of Attachment 3.

> Another sample was intended to be taken at a location that was previously sampled but at a greater depth. This sample was not obtainable since the location in which asphalt had been previously removed from the parking area had been repaired and replaced with fresh asphalt. City crews were unavailable to remove the newly placed asphalt at the time the second sample was to be taken.

- D. Sludge deposits were sampled and analyzed by the City and no hazardous compounds were found. Also the City conducted a smoke test of the sanitary sewer and interior drain systems in the Vehicle Maintenance Shop Building. This test determined that the floor drains in the Vehicle Maintenance Shop Building do not contribute to the existing oil/water separator at the northwest corner of Pino Yards. These interior drains are directly connected to the sanitary sewer system which could potentially create problems in the sanitary sewer system, evaluation of which is beyond the scope of the present study. However, it should not be ignored because under City regulations pre-treatment may be required.
- E. A drainage study summarized in Attachment 4, assessing runoff rates and volumes was prepared to evaluate the impact on South Domingo Baca Arroyo. The corresponding drainage areas are shown on Attachment 5.

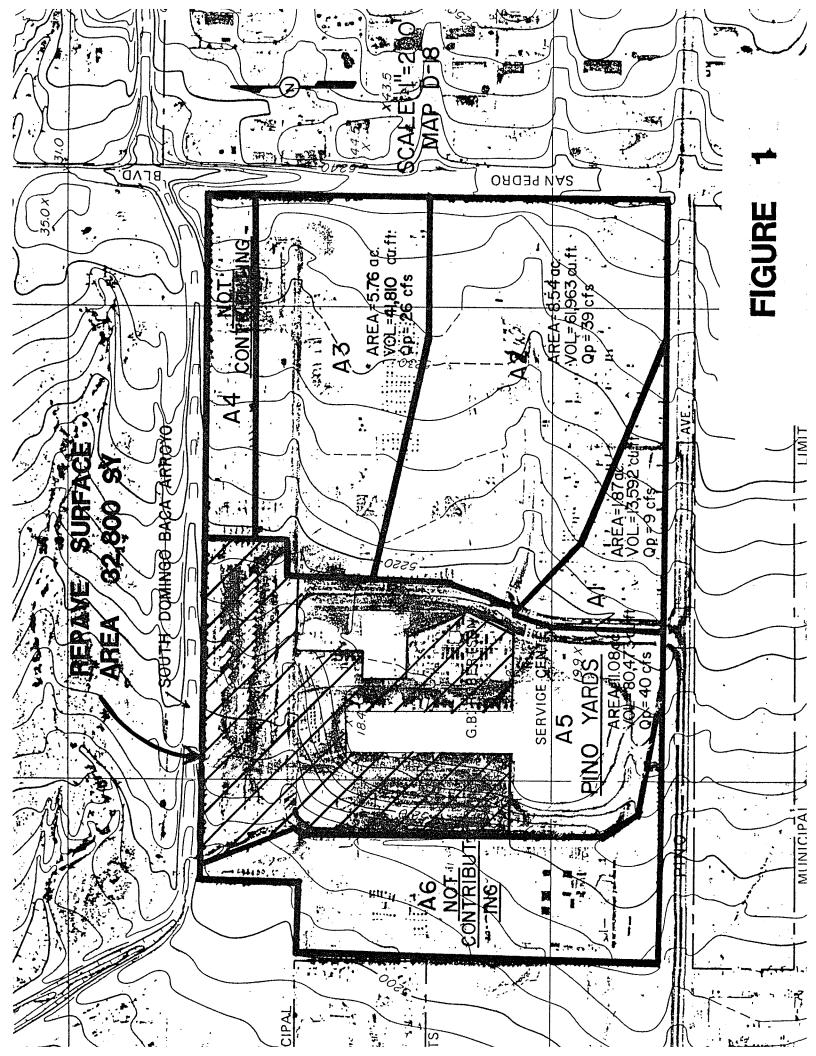
This effort completes Phase I of our study. Ten copies of our results are submitted herewith. Please call if you have any questions or need further information.

Sincerely.

Elvidio V. Diniz, P.E.

President

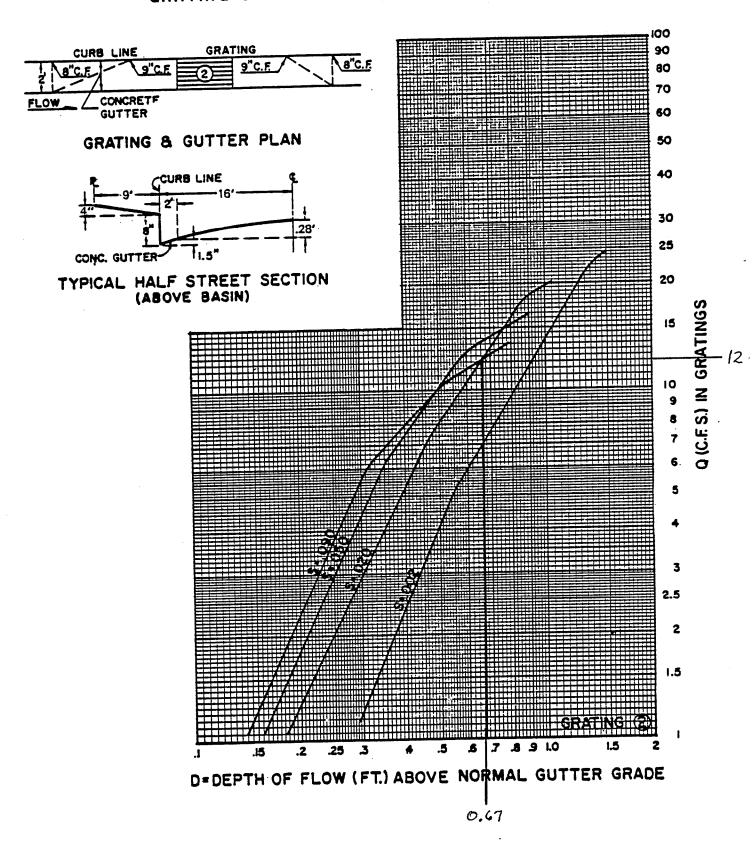
EVD/rs

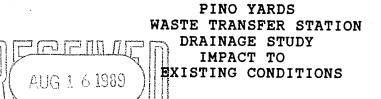


CHECKED	DATE	Holmes & Narver	JOB NO314	-5,08
	D. 177	ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS	SHEET	OF
APPROVED	DATE	6501 Americas Parkway NE Suite 700 Albuquerque, NM 87110	_	
TITLE Fino	lands Drainage	Improvements	BY DJ Z	DATE3-16-98
		nd Overflow Area:	Re: Chapter:	22, DPM
Given:	Area = 0.30 Ac			
	Zone3			
	Treatment = 100	0% D		
		0.30 x 5.02 (Table A-9) 1.51 cfs		
		$\frac{2.36}{12}$ x0.30 = 0.06 acre-	ft (Table P	(B-4
2. Compute	e Capacity of	Single C Inlet		
Given:	Sump Condition			
		化氯化基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基甲基		
	8" Curb depth			
	Refer to altack	ed Plate 22.3 D-5		
			0	
	AT 0.6 (F	+ Depth of Flow -> Q=	12 cts	
3. Calcul	late Concrete Ch	cannel Capacities at various flo	w depths	
		ed calculation sheets		
	Depth(Ft)			
	0.25	4.99		
	0.75	69.73		
expensive short town a divini and a section		77.99		
Monnel	ato (1.25)			
i your	7001			
-1190	141	and a transfer of a reference in front provide a grand and a contract of the contract of the contract of the co		

DATE	Holmes & Narver ARCHITECTS - ENGINEERS 6501 Americas Parkway NE Suite 700	JOB NO. 3145.08 SHEET OF
no Yards Drainage	Albuquerque, NM 87110	BYDATE
I culate capacity	and the state of t	of new Connection
Capacity = 2	9.80 cfs	
. Pipe will	acapt 29.80-19.90 (L	H 1995 report)
generalization of the state of	= 9.90 cfs addi	
At this point	flow will begin overfl	lowing into the channel
and rundown.		

## GRATING CAPACITIES FOR TYPE "A" , "C" and "D"





### PREPARED FOR:

川上いらいでした HYDROLOGY SECTION

BROWN AND CALDWELL 345 EAST PALM LANE SUITE 200 PHOENIX, ARIZONA 85004-1532

#### PREPARED BY:

BOHANNAN-HUSTON, INC. COURTYARD I 7500 JEFFERSON ST., NE ALBUQUERQUE, NM 87109

(505) 823-1000

AUGUST, 1989

STUDY OBJECTIVE: The objective of this study is to determine the impact of the project on downstream drainage structures and conveyance facilities. The project will discharge 100% of the site's generated flows to Pino Avenue. It is estimated that 16% of the site's runoff is currently being discharged to Pino Avenue. The immediate drainage facilities that will impacted by this project will be:

- (1) Pino Avenue
- (2) Roadway & Turnout Culverts in I-25 East Frontage Road
- (3) Drainage Channels in I-25 East Frontage Road See figure 3 for the approximate location and order of these structures.

SITE DATA: The proposed site for the Waste Transfer Station is located within the southwestern corner of the existing Pino yards located on Pino Avenue N.E. just East of the I-25 east frontage road.

SOILS: The soils found in the drainage basins that contribute runoff that impacts areas adjacent to the site are listed on figure 2 found in the appendix. These soils are listed as "B" hydrologic soils and runoff and produce light to moderate runoff.

METHODOLOGY: Runoff volumes were determined using the Soil Conservation Service (SCS) method. The peak rates of runoff were determined using the Rational Method. A 100 year recurrence frequency/6hr. duration storm and the corresponding 10 year storm were both used in the volume and flowrate calculations. The City of Albuquerque Development Process Manual (DPM) drainage section plates were also used in the Hydrology Design computations.

EXISTING CONDITIONS: The existing terrain of the general area falls from the base of the Sandia Mountains to the Rio Grande. The base of the mountains are approximately 6 miles to the east and the river is approximately 4 miles to the west. Offsite flows impacting the downstream structures begin approximately 1.3 miles to the east of the project at Wyoming Blvd. There is an existing storm drain system within Wyoming Blvd. that intercepts flows from the east. Runoff reaching Wyoming Blvd. from the east are not included in the flow calculations in this report. The total generated volumes & peak rates of runoff for the offsite Basins are shown in Table 1. The onsite flow volumes & rates are shown in Table 2.

DEVELOPED CONDITIONS: The only change in the runoff volumes listed for the existing conditions is an additional runoff volumes of 9,390 cu. ft. & 15,921 cu. ft. reaching the downstream structures. The peak flow rate will increase by 7 cfs and 10 cfs, an increase of 5.5% and 5.1% respectively to the 10 yr & 100 yr. storms.

IMPACT TO DOWNSTREAM FACILITIES: The impacts should prove to be minor as the increase of flow rates is minimal. The increase in volumes of runoff is not a major consideration as there are no storage facilities immediately downstream and the increase in runoff volumes is light.

Current Conditions for the Existing Structures: (Reference figures 3-6)

Structure/Conveyance	Flowrate (100 yr)	Capacity	Condition
<ol> <li>Box Culvert/Grate Inlet</li> </ol>	144	24	OVER
2. Drainage Swale	144	278	UNDER
3. 30" CMC	144	30	OVER
4. Drainage Swale	144	310	UNDER
5. Box Culvert/Grate Inlet	194	30	OVER
6. Drainage Swale	194	40	UNDER
7. 30" CMC	194	32	UNDER
<ol><li>Brainage Swale</li></ol>	194	135	UNDER

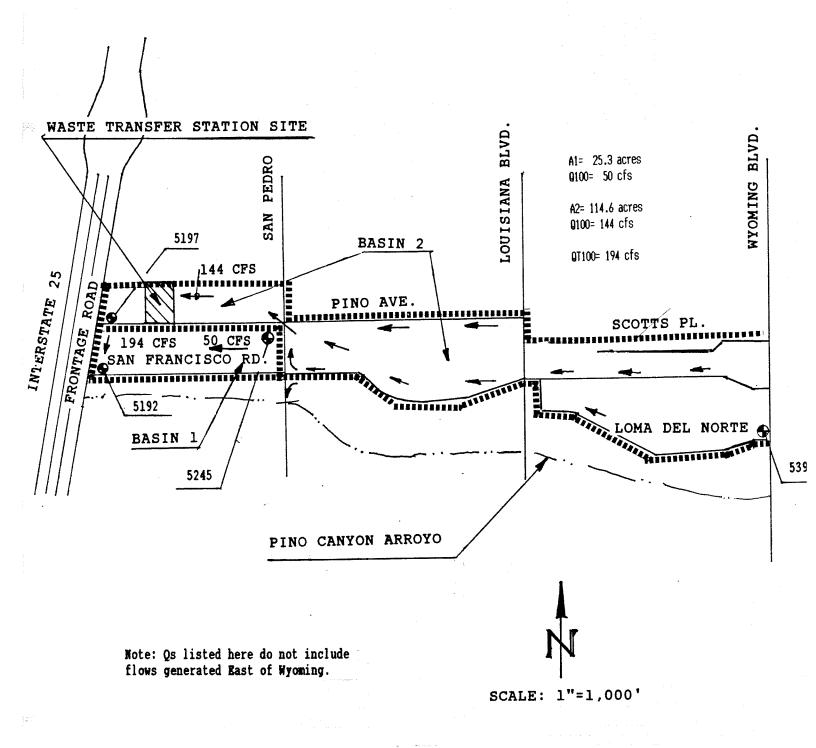
Even though some of the structures are already undersized the increase from the project would have little impact due to the high rates of runoff experienced in a storm of this magnitude.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS:

Structure/Conveyance	Recommended	Action
berdeture/ conveyance	Recommended	Action

	Box Culvert/Grate Inlet	No change
2.	Drainage Swale	No change
	30" CMC	Build additional 24" CMC
	Drainage Swale	No change
5.	Box Culvert/Grate Inlet	Build additional 24" CMC
	Drainage Swale	Build 1' High Berm-East Side
7.	30" CMC	Build additional 24" CMC
8.	Drainage Swale	No change

It is not the intent of this report to make recommendations to correct existing structure deficiencies but to recommend addition capacity structures/facilities that would offset any increase in flow rate to the downstream structures above those rates experienced in the existing condition.



#### FIGURE 1



PROJECT NAME WASTE TRANSFER STATION	SITESHEET	OF
PROJECT NO.	BY <i></i>	DATE
SUBJECT VICINITY & BASIN MAP	CH'D	DATE

#### DISCUSSION OF METHOD

Since this is a relatively small site and the existing ruoff potential is high, the packed dirt, assumed to be essentially impervious, the rational formula was used to compare existing and developed peak flows. The time of concentration was computed using the Kirpich Formula and then the velocities compared to the less than 3 fps and greater than 6 fps limitation, and the 10 minute minimum established by the Development Process Manual (DPM). Volume of runoff was computed by obtaining a weighted CN based on surface cover and using Plate 22.2 C-4 of the DPM. The amount of rainfall for the 100 year frequency, 6 hour duration storm was 2.3 inches obtained from Plate 22.2 D-1 of the DPM. It was assumed that equal amounts will fall uniformly over the entire site.

#### Onsite Areas

To more accurately reflect the differences between the existing and developed conditions the site was divided into 5 subareas. Area A is currently packed dirt, asphalt, and some landscaped areas. Small amounts of water may enter from subarea D; however, the sidewalk is slightly raised keeping the water south of subarea A. Drainage will continue to go north into an asphalted private drive.

Subarea B is a small area of relatively undisturbed dirt, vehicles have not been parking on this dirt area. Water from the east is captured in a catch basin in an asphalted area. Water from Subarea D to the south would have to get over the sidewalk in order to enter subarea B. Subarea B currently drains north to the building. It will be necessary to grade the site to allow drainage away from the building into a small drainage trough along the east side of the building. Drainage from this area will go east, then north along the east side of the building then discharges into an asphalted area.

Subarea C is a small area consisting of marginal landscaping and sidewalk. Water from Subarea D cannot enter Subarea C because of a two foot high block wall which was built to prevent water from entering the building to the west. This building is flush to the ground and protection will have to be continued. This subarea drains north and south. On the north side it drains into a rock garden then to asphalt. On the south, it drains onto a sidewalk with an inverted crown, then to asphalt.

Subarea D is a large area consisting of packed dirt, sidewalks, and marginal landscaping near the buildings. The site drains east to west with the discaharge about equally divided between the northwest rock garden area and southwest down the inverted sidewalk due to the brick wall. There has been some localized ponding in the southwest corner; however, it appears to only be a few inches in depth with a diameter of about six feet.

Subarea E is currently an asphalted parking area which drains south to an asphalted private drive. Water from subarea D is unlikely to enter E as the sidewalk is sightly raised above the surrounding area.

#### Offsite contributions

Other than the immediate site, the only other areas contributing runoff, based on a site visit May 14, 1987 and orthophotomay D-18, are portions of the rooof area on the surrounding buildings. These roof areas are addressed in the associated subarea calculations. Since no as-built plans were available and no cannel are on the lower roofs, the contributing areas were scaled from a site plan.

#### Discharge Location

All the water from the site currently travels west to a private asphalted roadway, then north to another asphalted roadway, west along this raod to the northwest corner of the Pino Yards. AT this point it travels a short distance northwest and discaharges into the Arroyo de Domingo BAca. From there the arroyo heads northwest then under Interstate 25 via four 8'x10'box culverts, south of the Paseo del Norte interchange.

