

SWPPP Binder Insert - Curb & Grate Inlet Protection ERTEC Combo Guard™

Product Designation	Grate Size
CG 36x22	Fits 36" x 18" and 36" x 20" Grates
CG 48x27	Fits 40" x 24" Grate
CG 58x30	Fits 42" x 28" Grate

Custom sizes available upon request.

Definition - ERTEC Combo Guard
A temporary sediment filter made of high density polyethylene with an integrated filter. During construction, place device over the grate and curb opening of the drain inlet near disturbed soil. Anchor with 2 Gravel Bags, or alternately 2 ERTEC GR-4 Hooks™ or alternately concrete anchors/nails or alternately black UV stable cable ties (24" to 36").

Purpose
Storm drain inlet protection is used to intercept sediment laden water at the curb and grate opening and prevent the sediment, associated pollutants and debris from entering the storm water underground pipe systems. The system reduces water velocity which causes heavier soil particles to be deposited above ground. While allowing flow through the module, the barrier filters certain smaller sized particles from suspension and prevents them from flowing through the device and into the pipes. Smaller particles and debris are passed over the top of the filter. Advantages are that it is effective, durable, re-usable, easily installed and cleaned.

Conditions Where the Practice Applies
It is recommended for use over curb & grate openings with small drainage areas. Generally, the drainage areas should be less than 1/3 acre and the total for inlets in series should be 1 acre or less with slopes flatter than 5 percent in the contributing drainage area.

Design Criteria

- Geo-textile Filter: Apparent Opening Size (AOS) = 425 micron integrated particle filter. Flow rate (ASTM D-4491) = 145 gpm/ft². Provide a bypass over the top.
- Outer Jacket Material: HDPE. For detailed characteristics contact ERTEC. Module weight = 3 to 5 lbs. Module height = 6.0". Module length/opening protected varies as per the chart above – according to grate size. Service temperature (deg F) = -30 to 160.
- Install system with the vertical section covering the curb inlet and the horizontal section covering the grate. Alternate anchor methods listed above. If using Gravel Bags - place small gravel bags containing clean, pea-sized graded gravel on each end of the flap and butt the bags tightly against the curb to keep water in the gutter from flowing over the top of the filter. Add gravel bags can be placed on the flap as shown; however, bags must be kept off the street for safety reasons. The porous nature of a gravel bag will help keep the bag in place. The bags should be durable enough to last the period of intended use. If the storm inlet opening exceeds 5.0' in length, overlap one module by 6" over side of adjoining module for a continuous run until the desired length is achieved. Anchor thus the overlap as necessary.

Maintenance
Perform maintenance as required. Inspect following rainfall events and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Maintain to provide an adequate sediment holding capacity. Debris shall be removed daily and sediment shall be removed when the sediment accumulation reaches 1 inch. Removed sediment shall be incorporated in the project at designated locations or disposed of outside the project or in conformance with requirements. Remove the device after final stabilization has been achieved.

ERTEC
Combo Guard™
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H400032 Updated: 8/11
A2-40

SWPPP Binder Insert - Curb Inlet Protection ERTEC Curb Inlet Guard™

Definition - ERTEC Curb Inlet Guard
A temporary sediment barrier, "L" shaped, made of high density polyethylene (HDPE) with an integrated filter (woven geotextile). During construction, place device over the opening of the curb storm inlet near where soil is disturbed (See drawings).

Purpose
Storm drain inlet protection is used to intercept sediment laden water at the curb gutter opening and prevent sediment, debris and associated pollutants from entering the storm water underground pipe systems. The barrier reduces water velocity which in turn causes larger soil particles to be deposited in front. While allowing flow through the module, the barrier filters certain smaller sized particles from suspension and prevents them from flowing through the device and into the pipes. Excessive flows are passed over the top of the filter. Advantages are that it is effective, durable, re-usable, easily installed and cleaned.

Conditions Where the Practice Applies
It is recommended for use in curb openings in front of areas with small drainage areas. Generally, the drainage areas should be less than 1/3 acre and the total for inlets in series should be 1 acre or less with slopes flatter than 5 percent in the contributing drainage area.

Design Criteria

- Geo-textile Filter: See drawing for dimensions. Apparent Opening Size (AOS) = 425 micron integrated particle filter. Flow rate (ASTM D-4491) = 145 gpm/ft². Provide a bypass over the top.
- Outer Jacket Material: HDPE. For detailed characteristics contact ERTEC. Module weight = 3 lbs. Module height = 7.5". Module length/opening protected = 6' 3 1/2" ft. Service temperature (deg F) = -30 to 160.
- Install barrier with the anchor flap facing upstream toward the street. Place small gravel bags containing clean, pea-sized graded gravel on each end of the flap and butt the bags tightly against the curb to keep water in the gutter from flowing over the top of the filter. Add gravel bags can be placed on the flap as shown; however, bags must be kept off the street for safety reasons. The porous nature of a gravel bag will help keep the bag in place. The bags should be durable enough to last the period of intended use. If the storm inlet opening exceeds 5.0' in length, overlap one module by 6" over end of adjoining module for a continuous run until the desired length is achieved. When overlapping, note the gasket material under the flap cut-out where the flap of top module sits on flap of bottom module.

Maintenance
Perform maintenance as required. Inspect following rainfall events and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. Maintain to provide an adequate sediment holding capacity. Trash shall be removed daily and sediment shall be removed when the sediment accumulation reaches 1 inch. Removed sediment shall be incorporated in the project at designated locations or disposed of outside the project or in conformance with requirements. Remove the device after final stabilization has been achieved.

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H99922 Updated: 02/10
A2-41
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National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Manual Appendix A5 – Good Housekeeping/Materials Management

Revision 2 August 2012

Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit

Applications

- Perimeter Control
- Slope Protection
- Sediment Trapping
- Channel Protection
- Temporary Stabilization
- Permanent Stabilization
- Waste Management
- Housekeeping Practices

Targeted Constituents

- Sediment
- Nutrients
- Toxic Materials
- Oil and Grease
- Floatable Materials
- Construction Wastes

Impact

- Significant
- Medium
- Low
- Unknown or Questionable

DESCRIPTION
A stabilized construction entrance consists of a pad of crushed stone, recycled concrete, or other rock-like material on top of a geotextile or cloth, which is used to facilitate the washdown and removal of sediment and other materials from construction equipment prior to exiting the site. During the construction phase of a project, regular street sweeping should be performed to remove debris carried from the site.

PRIMARY USE
Stabilized construction entrances are used to reduce offsite sediment tracking from trucks and construction equipment, and for sites where considerable truck traffic occurs each day. They also reduce the need to clean adjacent pavement as often, and help route site traffic through a single point.

APPLIED
Selection of the construction entrance location is critical. To be effective, it must be used exclusively.

LIMITATIONS
Stabilized entrances are rather expensive, considering that they must be installed in combination with one or more other sediment control techniques. It may be more cost effective, however, than labor-intensive street cleaning.

Maintenance Requirements
Inspections should be made on a regular basis and after large storm events in order to ascertain whether or not sediment and pollution are being effectively detained on site.

PROJECT
When sediment has substantially clogged the void area between the rocks, the aggregate mat must be washed down or replaced. Periodic re-grading and top dressing with additional stone must be done to keep the efficiency of the entrance from diminishing.

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National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Manual Appendix A3 – Housekeeping Practices

Revision 0 November 2002

Stabilized Construction Entrance/Exit (continued)

ROCK / AGGREGATE VEHICLE TRACKING CONTROL

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PROJECT

REVISIONS
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DRAWN BY SLK
REVIEWED BY MDT
DATE 11-14-17
PROJECT NO.
DRAWING NAME

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS AND NOTES

SHEET NO.
ESC 102