

CONSTRUCTION AND CLEANING UP SEDIMENT THAT GETS INTO EXISTING

RIGHT-OF-WAY AND ADJOINING PROPERTIES AFTER CONSTRUCTION.

TOP OF GRAVEL

TOP OF ASPHALT

TA 57.50

PROPOSED ELEVATIONS

EXISTING SPOT ELEVATIONS

DRAINAGE AND GRADING PLAN FOR TAPIA LAW OFFICES

LEGAL DESCRIPTION: Lots 481 through 485 Perfecto (Replated to Lot 485-A) ADDRESS: Lomas Boulevard NW, between 5th Street and

Zone Atlas J-14

DRAINAGE INFORMATION SHEET

FLOODPLAIN INFORMATION: The property is located in Zerof minimum flooding, according to the Floodway Boundar Floodway Map of the City of Albuquerque, New Mexico, Panel 3500100334D, effective September 20, 1996.

EXISTING CONDITIONS: The subject property contains some-third of an acre. It is a gravel-surfaced lot up rental parking. It has no landscaping.

The property is bounded on the south by Lomas Blvd and gutter and landscaped sidewalk); on the west by lot with an office building and asphalted parking area north by an asphalt-paved alley; and to the east by lot with a pawn shop building and gravel-surfaced par

OFFSITE RUN-OFF: The site receives no offsite flows.

PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS: A building with a roof area approximately 2310 square feet will be built. Asphalt lot, concrete walks, and landscaping will be provided.

The project is an addition to an existing developed sideveloped neighborhood. Runoff of existing condition after improvements will be compared.

CALCULATIONS:

Existing Conditions: Land Treatment A = 0 Land Treatment B = 0 Land Treatment C = 0.38 Acre Land Treatment D = 0 TOTAL

Proposed Improvement: Land Treatment A = 0 Land Treatment B = 0 Land Treatment C = 0.03Land Treatment D = 0.35

Zone 2 (From DPM 22.2, page A-1)

Existing Condition,

Peak Discharge, 100-year: C = 3.14, D = 4.70 (DPM

 $Q100 = 0.38 \times 3.14 = 1.19$ cfs

Excess Precipitation 100-year: C = 1.13, D = 2.12 (from DPM 22.2,

 $V100 = 0.38 \times 1.13 \times 43560/12 = 1558 \text{ cf}$

Proposed Improvement

Peak Discharge, 100-year

Volume of Runoff,

Land Treatment C, 100-year: 3.14 cfs

Land Treatment D, 100-year: 4.70 cfs

 $Q(100-year): 0.03 \times 3.14 = 0.09 cfs$ $0.35 \times 4.70 = 165 \text{ cfs}$ mposite = 1.74 cfs

composite

Volume of Runoff, 100-year:

Excess Precipitation, Land Treatment 100-year: 1.13 inch

V(100-year):

 $C = 0.03 \times 1.13 \times 43,560/12$ $D = 0.35 \times 2.12 \times 43,560/12 = 7$

Excess Precipitation, Land Treatment 100-year: 2.12 inches

Change: Discharge, Q100 = 1.74 - 1.19 = 0.55 cfs (increa

Change: Runoff Volume, V100 = 2,816 - 1,558 = 1,258 cf

EROSION CONTROL: Water, if any, from activities durin construction and/or from rain will be temporarily pone to prevent the spread of silt.

CONCLUSION: During a 100-year storm, there will be no change in the peak discharge as a result of the the impervious areas. The proposed grading and drainage subject property will not have any adverse impact or adversely affected by the existing drainage from th areas.



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