ONST. RET. WALL - (Not Constructed rades Changed to veliminate elevation FOR SLOG. NORTH SIDE EXISTING R-1 DEVELOPMENT - CONST. P.L. RET. WALL NEXT TO EXIST. WALL - DO NOT DISTURB EXIST. FOOTING (This wall not constructed Grades changed to eliminate elevation differences at R) T.B.M. TOP +5 REBAR AT S.E. CORNER OF PROP. ELEV. 5619.32

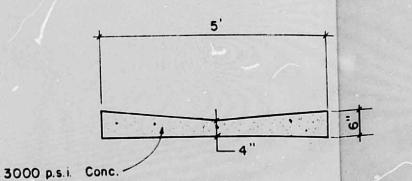
SCALE: 1' = 20'

VICINITY MAP J 22

BIDEWALK, CURB & GUTTER (EXISTING, PROPOSED) PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION TOP OF GRADE WALL (LESS THAN IS" HIGH) TOP OF RETAINING WALL (MORE THAN 18" HIGH)

The Contractor shall be responsible for following the plans using his best skill and attention. Any departure from the must be approved by the Engineer and the City

INFORMATION SHOWN IN PARENTHESIS INDICATES AS-BUILT SHOTS TAKEN BY CONTRACTOR 9-85



DRAINAGE SWALE DETAIL

The proposed impromets, comprised of two commercial buildings, associated walks a wed parking/access areas, is located on the east side of Juan Tabo we between Constitution and Indian School Road N.E. The present site undeveloped land with an average cross slope of 5% from east to west. The site is isolated from offsite drainage due to adjoining develops accept for a 10' wide drainage/utility easement near the S.E. corn. This easement is the outfall for runoff from the existing developme to the east of the site.

The intent of this is to show:

a) Grading retionships between the existing ground elevations and proposed fished elevations in order to facilitate positive drainage trainage trai

b) The extent, proposed site improvements, including buildings, walks and ivement.

c) The flow relvolume of rainfall runoff across or around these impresents and methods of handling these flows to meet City requirements for drainage management.

The relation of onsite improvements with existing neighboring property tinsure an orderly transition between proposed and surroundir grades.

LEGAL: Replat Tre B-2, Block 11, Eastridge Add., Unit #4

SURVEYOR: Martine Maylar Surveying Co. 3-28-85

B.M.: City of Albuerque BM # 5-J21A @ north end of median @ Juan Tabo & Constitution buth side of Constitution) Elev. 5594.30

T.B.M.: Southeast orner of property, top of #5 R/B Elev. 5619.32

SOILS: SCS Soils by #32, Soil Type 'TgB', Hydrologic Group 'B'

FLOOD HAZARD: Site not located in or adjacent to a flood hazard zone. (FBFM Panel #31, (r 14, 1983).

OFF-SITE DRAINAGE: Except for a defined 10' wide drainage easement located near the S.E. corhr, the site is isolated from the effects of runoff from the east due to agazent development. Runoff from this drainage easement will be accepted a the pavement and be routed thru the site within the parking areas to can Tabo Blvd.

FROGION CONTROL: batractor will be responsible for controlling sediment-laden runff from leaving the site during construction. Recommend that prdiminary drainage patterns be established to outfall at the S.W. corner of the site onto Juan Tabo. Construct a fabric silt fence across this outfal as a temporary erosion control.

CALCULATIONS:
Lased on a pre-design meeting with City of Albuquerque Hydrology, on
3-85, the following criteria was established.

a. Due to he passage of offsite flows thru the site and the difficulty of separating on-site w/off-site flows, analyse downstream capacity to justify total free discharge of on-site flows from site.

Calculations are pased on the City of Albuquerque D.P.M. Manual, Vol. II for the 100 year-i hour storm, using the Rational Formula to compare the existing and proposed runoff rates.

RATIONAL METHOD- CIA

Area of site: 11,132 sq.ft. = 0.94 Ac.

Run-off Coefficient:

Developed Site: Existing sie:

A imp. = 0.90 Ac A imp. = 0 4c 2 imp. = 07 "C" = 0.34 (DPM 22.2 C-1) % imp. = 96% "C" = 0.94 (DPM 22.2 C-1)

Rainfall Intenity:

I = P₆ (6.8) Tc^{-0.84} = 5.18" per hour where P₆ = 2.45"(DPM 22.2 D-1) Tc = 10 minutes

Existing Condition:

Developed Condition:

Q100 = (0.5)(5.18)(0.94) . 2 cs V100 = (2)5 Tc)(60 sec/in)/2 = 3,00 eu. ft.

Q100 = (0.94)(5.18)(0.94)= 5 cfs V100 = (5)(50)(60)/2= 7,500 cu. ft.

SUMMARY:

Q100 = (2-(5) = 3 cfs (increase)V100 = (3)00)-(7,500) = 4,500 cu. ft. (increase)

OFFSITE DRAINAGE

Offsite flows import the site at only one point on the east boundary—a 10' wide drainage:asement which drains a basin 18 Ac in size. Typical percent imperviouses is 30% for a C of 0.45. To for the basin is 9 min.—use 10 min. Q10 = (0.45)(2.11)(2.45)(18 Ac) = 42 cfs. The total—impact of this flow is divided at the street intersections prior to impact of this flow is a divided at the street intersections prior to entering the draige easement. An approximate estimate of this division should be 50%, for a total flow thru the site of 21 cfs. \pm .

DOWNSTREAM ANALYS

The flows turn so h on Juan Tabo after leaving the site and travel approximately 400 . to the first inlet in a 48" storm sewer (capacity 110 cfs @ p.0078 . Time of travel from the furthest point within the site to the jet is -

1. Tc = $0.00^{\frac{1}{350}} = 3 \text{ min. (on site time)}$ 2. To for 40' of street with a 7' fall, Vol. = 3.6'/sec.

Tc = 400' 2 min. (street time-Juan Tabo) Total time fo flows to enter storm inlet from the site = 5 min.

Offsite passing tu site The total length i the drainage basin which passes thru the site is 2200' with a drop of 57. Avg. velocity = 4.3'/sec., Time to inlet = 2200 =

Offsite Flows

The next basin to mpact the storm sever drains from Princess Jeanne St. Length of street avel from that basin is 2,600 feet, with a drop of 88'. Avg. velocit = 4.8'/sec. Time to Juan Tabo = 2600 = 9 min. Because the site located near the high point of Juan Tabo, only a limited portion of Juan Tabo drains to this inlet. This inlet is also at the beginning of e storm system.

In conclusion, from discharge from the site should be allowed because site flows enter the sime sewer prior to other basins impacting the system. Additionally, it wild be extremely difficult to separate on-site flows. for controlled rease, from off-site flows that pass thru the site. for controlled rease, from off-site flows that pass thru the site. Finally, the sites one of the few remaining open tracts of land to be built in the areaso it can be considered an in-fill situation in a developed basis. developed basin.