

# City of Albuquerque

P.O. BOX 1293 ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO 87103

January 4, 1995

Jeff Mortensen Jeff Mortensen & Assoc. 6010-B Midway Park Blvd. NE Albuquerque, NM 87109

RE:

SUNRISE SUBDIVISION (K-9/D5) ENGINEER'S STAMP DATED

12/16/94

Dear Mr. Mortensen:

Based upon the information provided in your 12/16/94 submittal, Engineer's Certification for the referenced site is acceptable.

If I can be of further assistance, feel free to contact me at 768-3622.

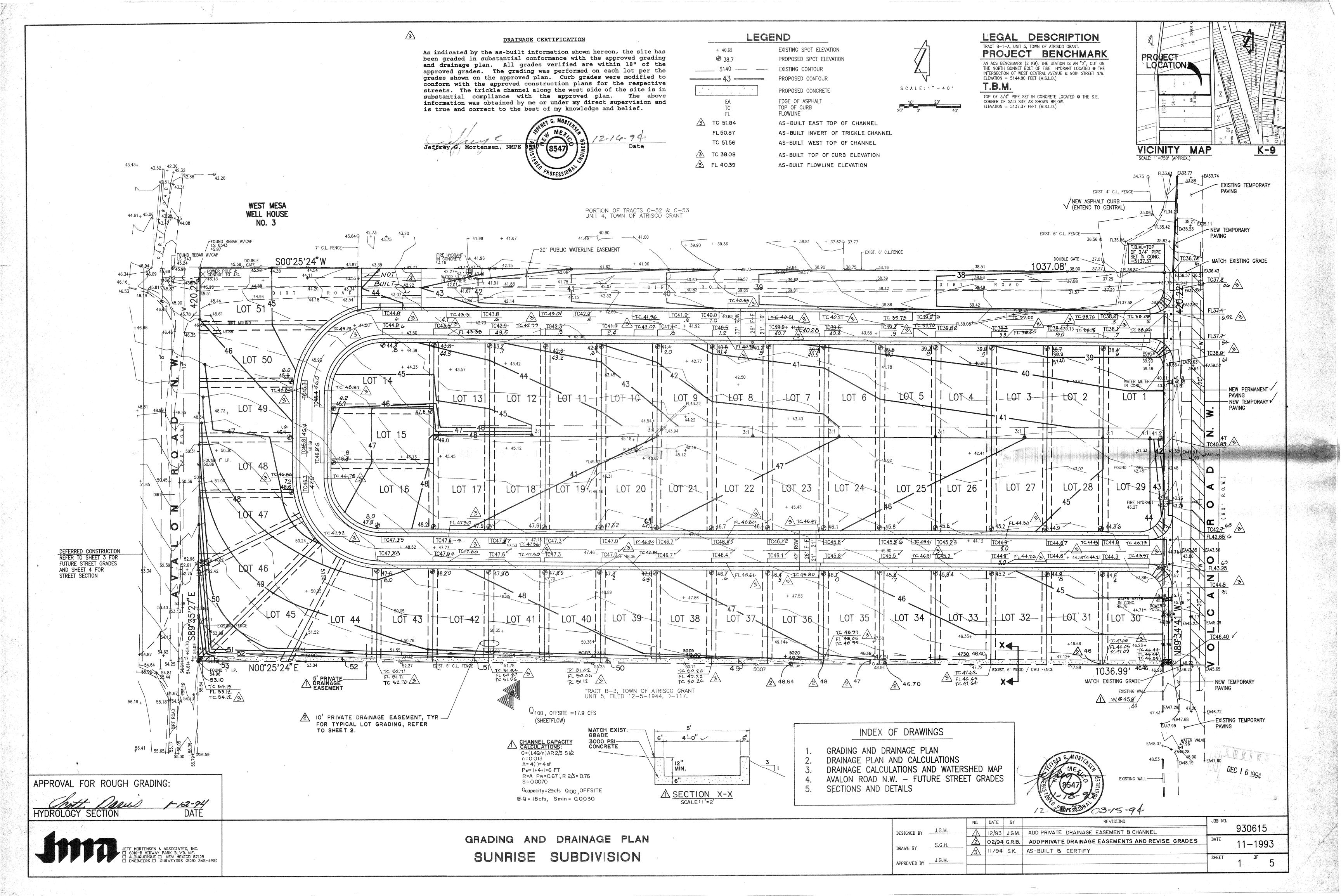
Sincerely,

Scott Davis

PWD, Hydrology Division

c: Teresa Lucero Andrew Garcia

File

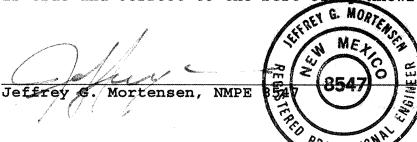


OFFSITE BASIN MAP (FEMA PANEL 27)
SCALE: 1"=500'



#### DRAINAGE CERTIFICATION

As indicated by the as-built information shown hereon, the site has been graded in substantial conformance with the approved grading and drainage plan. All grades verified are within 18" of the approved grades. The grading was performed on each lot per the grades shown on the approved plan. Curb grades were modified to conform with the approved construction plans for the respective streets. The trickle channel along the west side of the site is in substantial compliance with the approved plan. The above information was obtained by me or under my direct supervision and is true and correct to the best of my knowledge and belief.



/2-/6-94 Date

#### DRAINAGE PLAN

The following items concerning the Sunrise Subdivision Drainage Plan are contained hereon:

- 1. Vicinity Map
- 2. Watershed Map
- . Offsite Basin Map
- Grading PlanCalculations

As shown by the Vicinity Map, the site is located on the north side of Volcano Road N.W., between 90th Street N.W. and West Central Avenue. At present, the site is undeveloped. The adjacent site to the west is developed as a mobile home park. Avalon Road N.W. lies to the north of the site and is presently unpaved, however, does exist as a "dirt road". Sparse commercial development lies to the east of the site. Volcano Road N.W. lies to the south of this site. Volcano Road N.W. is currently improved with a temporary asphalt mat.

As shown by Panel 27 of 50 of the National Flood Insurance Program Flood Boundary and Floodway (FEMA) for the City of Albuquerque, dated October 14, 1983, this site does not lie within a designated flood hazard zone. The site currently drains from northwest to southeast with its runoff eventually entering a designated flood hazard zone which lies along the north side of West Central Avenue, just east of its intersection with Volcano Road N.W. That flood zone, which is a Zone AO (Depth 1), continues to drain to the east to a larger Zone A2 (EL 5092). That flood zone is drained beneath West Central Avenue at its intersection with Unser Boulevard where five 48" diameter RCP culverts exist. Per the Amole Del Norte Storm Diversion Facilities Phase IIIA and IIIB Calculations prepared by Greiner Engineering, these culverts have the capacity to accept and convey 288 cfs. The full implementation of the Amole Del Norte System will alleviate this flood zone.

The Watershed Map shows the proximity of the site within Basin 13D, which is identified in the above referenced Greiner report. The Watershed Map also shows the location of the existing culverts beneath West Central Avenue. As shown by this Map, the site is located at the top of the watershed. The area upstream of the site, and including the site, contributes a relatively small portion of the developed runoff calculated for the watershed. The downstream street, in both the existing and future conditions, has the capacity to accept and convey this rate of runoff, hence a public storm drain extension within the roadway is not necessary.

The Grading Plan shows 1) existing and proposed grades indicated by spot elevations and contours at 1'0" intervals, 2) the limit and character of the existing improvements, 3) the limit and character of the proposed improvements, 4) the location of future improvements, and 5) continuity between existing and proposed grades. As shown by this plan, the proposed development is that of a 51-lot mobile home subdivision. A public roadway is proposed within the site which will accept and convey runoff. This roadway will be developed with standard curb and gutter and residential paying. Volcano Road N.W., which lies along the south edge of the site, will be developed with half-section paving suitable for a local street. Volcano Road N.W. is situated at the low end of this site, therefore the internal streets will discharge developed runoff to that roadway. Each lot of the subdivision will be graded to drain to the internal public streets which will drain to Volcano Road N.W. Individual lot ponding and/or the construction of a community pond are not proposed due to the capacity of the downstream streets and drainage structures.

Volcano Road N.W. drains to the east as discussed above. Volcano Road N.W. is currently improved with a rural road section which has adequate hydraulic capacity to accept and convey the runoff from the site and the upstream contributing areas to the flood zone which lies downstream of the site. To mitigate erosion along the north edge of the paving of Volcano Road N.W., it is proposed to construct a temporary asphalt curb which will contain the more frequent flows along that edge of the roadway and protect the erosive soils which comprise the bar ditch area. Curb will be extended from the southeast corner of the site to the Volcano Road/Frontage Road intersection where stable conditions exist.

Offsite flows enter the site from the existing mobile home park which lies to the west. Much of the runoff generated by that site is ponded within the level and depressed yards between the easternmost row of mobile homes. Once those yards and depressions fill, runoff may enter the site as sheetflow through the existing wood fence which lies along the common property line. These flows will be accepted and conveyed through the site without interruption. The Offsite Basin Map delineates the extent of the offsite basin. Offsite flows do not enter the existing mobile home park due to the presence of a diversion along its west property line. As stated above, Avalon Road N.W. exists currently as a dirt road. The dirt road is rudded and hence has historically carried runoff thereby creating another diversion around both sites. These drainage patterns have been confirmed by visual observation of site conditions as recently as November 10, 1993.

The Calculations which appear hereon analyze both the existing and developed conditions for the 100-year, 6-hour rainfall event. The Procedure for 40-acre and Smaller Basins, as set forth in the Revision of Section 22.2, Hydrology of the Development Process Manual, Volume 2, Design Criteria, dated August, 1991, has been used to quantify the peak rate of discharge and volume of runoff generated. This same method has also been used to calculate the runoff generated by both the offsite basin and the basin upstream from this site. Street hydraulics have been analyzed using the Manning Equation for the three sections of roadway shown hereon. The hydraulic analyses demonstrate that the existing onsite roadways have the capacity to contain the 100-year developed runoff below curb height. In the existing condition, Volcano Road N.W. has the capacity to contain the 100-year developed runoff for the entire basin at a maximum depth of 1 foot. In the developed condition, Volcano Road N.W. has the capacity to contain in excess of the 100-year developed runoff generated by the site plus the upstream basin flowing at curb height. In each case, sufficient capacity exists to accept and convey the runoff generated by this site plus the upstream portion of the basin in the developed condition without the construction of a public storm drain within the Volcano Road N.W. alignment.

### I. HYDROLOGY CALCULATIONS

### A. Site

#### Site Characteristics

1. Precipitation Zone 1
2.  $P_{6,100} = P_{360} =$  2.20 in.
3. Total Area ( $A_T$ ) 10.00 Acres

Existing Land Treatment

 Treatment
 Area (sf/ac)

 A
 349,350/8.02

 C
 86,250/1.98

5. Developed Land Treatment

 Treatment
 Area (sf/ac)
 %

 B
 244,800/5.62
 50

 D
 190,800/4.38
 44

20

49.8

50.2

#### Existing Condition

1. Volume

 $E_W = (E_A A_A + E_B A_B + E_C A_C + E_D A_D) / A_T$   $E_W = [(0.44)(8.02) + (0.99)(1.98)] / 10.00 = 1.04 in.$  $V_{100} = (E_W / 12) A_T$ 

 $V_{100}^{100} = (1.04/12)(10.00) = 0.8667 \text{ ac.ft.}; 37,750 \text{ cf}$ 

2. Peak Discharge

 $Q_p = Q_{PA} A_A + Q_{PB} A_B + Q_{PC} A_C + Q_{PD} A_D$  $Q_p = Q_{100} = (1.29)(8.02) + (2.87)(1.98) = 16.0 cfs$ 

### Developed Condition

- 1. Volume
  - $E_W = (E_A A_A + E_B A_B + E_C A_C + E_D A_D) / A_T$  $E_W = [(0.67)(5.62) + (1.97)(4.38)] = 1.24$

 $V_{100}^{W} = (E_{W}/12)A_{T}$  $V_{100} = (1.24/12)(10.00) = 1.0333$  ac.ft.; 45,000 cf

2. Peak Discharge

 $Q_{p} = Q_{PA} A_{A} + Q_{PB} A_{B} + Q_{PC} A_{C} + Q_{PD} A_{D}$  $Q_{p} = Q_{100} = (2.03)(5.62) + (4.37)(4.38) = 30.5 cfs$ 

### Comparison

- 1.  $\Delta V_{100} = 45,000 37,750 = 7,250$  cf (increase) 2.  $\Delta Q_{100} = 30.5 - 16.0 = 14.5$  cfs (increase)
- B. <u>WATERSHED CALCULATIONS</u>

#### Site Characteristics

1. Precipitation Zone 1
2.  $P_{6,100} = P_{360} =$  2.20 in.
3. Total Area  $(A_T)$  106.5 Acres

3. Total Area (A<sub>T</sub>) 1
4. Developed Land Treatment

 Treatment
 Area (sf/ac)

 B
 2,309,560/53.02

 D
 2,328,726.91/53.46

 $t_{\rm c} \approx$  24 min (from Calculations for Amole del Norte Storm Diversion Facilities Phase III A & B, dated January 15, 1993

by Greiner Engineering, Inc.)  $I = 0.726 * (log_{10} (0.41 * t_c)) * (60/t_c) * P_{60} t_c = 24 min P_{60} = 1.87 in.$ 

 $Q_p = (0.43)(3.37)(53.02) + (0.93(3.37)(53.46)$ = 76.83 + 167.53 = 244.4 cfs

(Note: this compares to a Q<sub>100</sub>= 193.4 cfs from Greiner report)

### C. <u>Site + Plus Upstream Basin</u>

### Site Characteristics

I = 3.37 in/hour

- 1. Precipitation Zone 1
  2. Precipitation = 2
- 2.  $P_{6,100} = P_{360} =$  2.20 in. 3. Total Area  $(A_T)$  26.05 Acres 4. Developed Land Treatment

 Treatment
 Area (sf/ac)
 %

 B
 564,980/12.97
 49.8

 D
 569,770/13.08
 50.2

# Developed Condition

### Peak Discharge

- $Q_p = Q_{PA} A_A + Q_{PB} A_B + Q_{PC} A_C + Q_{PD} A_D$  $Q_p = Q_{100} = (2.03)(5.62) + (4.37)(13.08) = 83.5 cfs$
- D. Offsite Basin (Existing Mobile Home Park)

# Site Characteristics

- 1. Precipitation Zone 1
  2.  $P_{6,100} = P_{360} =$  2.20 in.
  3. Total Area  $(A_T)$  5.6 Acres
- 4. Existing Land Treatment

 Treatment
 Area (sf/ac)
 %

 B
 122,062/2.8
 50

 D
 122,062/2.8
 50

### Existing Condition

# Peak Discharge

 $Q_p = Q_{PA} A_A + Q_{PB} A_B + Q_{PC} A_C + Q_{PD} A_D$  $Q_p = Q_{100} = (2.03)(2.8) + (4.37)(2.8) = 17.9 cfs$  TYPICAL LOT GRADING

SCALE: I" = 10'

PL

10'

PRIVATE DRAINAGE EASEMENT

5'

FINISH GRADE

2 SECTION Y-Y

SCALE: I" = 2'

DEC 1 6 1954

4' CONCRETE SIDEWALK, TYP.

- 10' PRIVATE DRAINAGE EASEMENT TYP

RESISTANT PROGRAMMENT OF THE PRO

03-15-94

JOB NO.

DESIGNED BY J.G.M./M.F.D. 2/94 G.R.B. ADD PRIVATE DRAINAGE EASEMENTS, DETAIL AND SECTION 930615

T.P.H. DATE

11/93

APPROVED BY J.G.M.

SHEET OF

REVISIONS

DRAINAGE PLAN & CALCULATIONS

SUNRISE SUBDIVISION

