

Design Analysis Report

for the

Airport Drive Storm Drain Outfall

(The Coors Upgrade)

October 1992

Purpose

To demonstrate the adequacy of the proposed storm drain improvements.

Project Description

The project consists of approximately 780 LF of 48" diameter reinforced concrete pipe storm drain. The proposed storm drain will connect the future Airport Drive Storm Drain (C.O.A. Project 4383.90) in Airport Drive to an existing 54" diameter storm drain in Coors Boulevard as proposed in the Master Drainage Plan for Atrisco Business Park, September 1992. At the point of connection to the existing Coors Boulevard Storm Drain, an existing junction manhole will be removed and replaced with a series of bends and wyes to increase the hydraulic efficiency of the junctions located there. The proposed 48" diameter storm drain will parallel an existing 24" to 30" diameter storm drain located in the median of Coors Boulevard. The parallel configuration was chosen over removal and replacement of the existing storm drain line in anticipation of the need for additional capacity to provide an outfall from property located north and west of the proposed storm drain.

Hydrology

The peak flow rates for the proposed storm drain were determined in the Master Drainage Plan for the Atrisco Business Park dated September 1992. The assumption made in modeling the storm drain for the Master Drainage Plan was that the 48" storm drain would replace the existing 24" to 30" storm drain in Coors rather than parallel it. The model also assumed that some of the water from Coors Boulevard would not be accepted into the storm drain at the inlets adjacent to the junction with the new 48" storm drain because of a high H.G.L. in the storm drain during peak flows. Due to physical improvements which will be made to the junction in the proposed project and refinements made to the hydraulic analysis of the downstream storm drain, the current analysis indicates the storm drain will have capacity to accept all of the flows from Coors Boulevard. The peak flow rates in the storm drain were manually adjusted to reflect these changes.

Hydraulics

Hydraulic grade line calculations were performed for the proposed storm drain, as well as for the downstream segment of the existing Coors Boulevard Storm Drain. Calculations were made in a spreadsheet utilizing equations proposed by the C.O.A. D.P.M. Chapter 22.3. A summary of these calculations is included in Appendix "A." Profiles of the storm drains included in the analysis are also located in Appendix "A."

The starting water surface elevation, at the point of discharge to the AMOLE system, for the existing Coors Boulevard Storm Drain was assumed to be 5029.00 as was used in the H.G.L. calculations for the storm drain performed by D.T.M and Associates, the designers of the Coors Boulevard Storm Drain, in 1986. No analysis was made of existing inlet capacity but rather all flows from upstream street segments were assumed to be taken into the storm drain at all inlet locations. At junction points, the flow contributed by the lateral at the time of peak flow in the trunk line was determined by subtracting the immediate upstream peak rate from the immediate downstream peak rate. Where the H.G.L. was calculated to be lower than the soffit elevation of the pipe, the H.G.L. was assumed to be at the soffit elevation.

Pipe Class and Bedding Class

An analysis was performed to demonstrate the adequacy of the pipe and bedding classes specified for the project. A copy of this analysis is included in Appendix "B." The analysis was performed per the method presented in the "Concrete Pipe Design Manual" published by the American concrete Pipe Association, June 1980 edition.

The analysis indicated Class III R.C.P. pipe bedded in Class "C" bedding is adequate for trench depths less than 14'. Class III R.C.P. should be bedded with Class "B" bedding for trench depths in the 14' to 15' range.

Conclusions

The calculations performed for this analysis demonstrate that the proposed storm drain will have adequate capacity to convey the peak 100 year flow rates established in the Master Drainage Plan for the Atrisco Business Park.

PROJECT: COORS CONNECTION STORM DRAIN (OUTLET TO 34" INLET)

JOB#: SUNWEST 3322

DATE: 10/19/1992

TIME: 9:17 am

ANALYSIS BY: VANCEL FOSSINGER, EASTERLING & ASSOCIATES

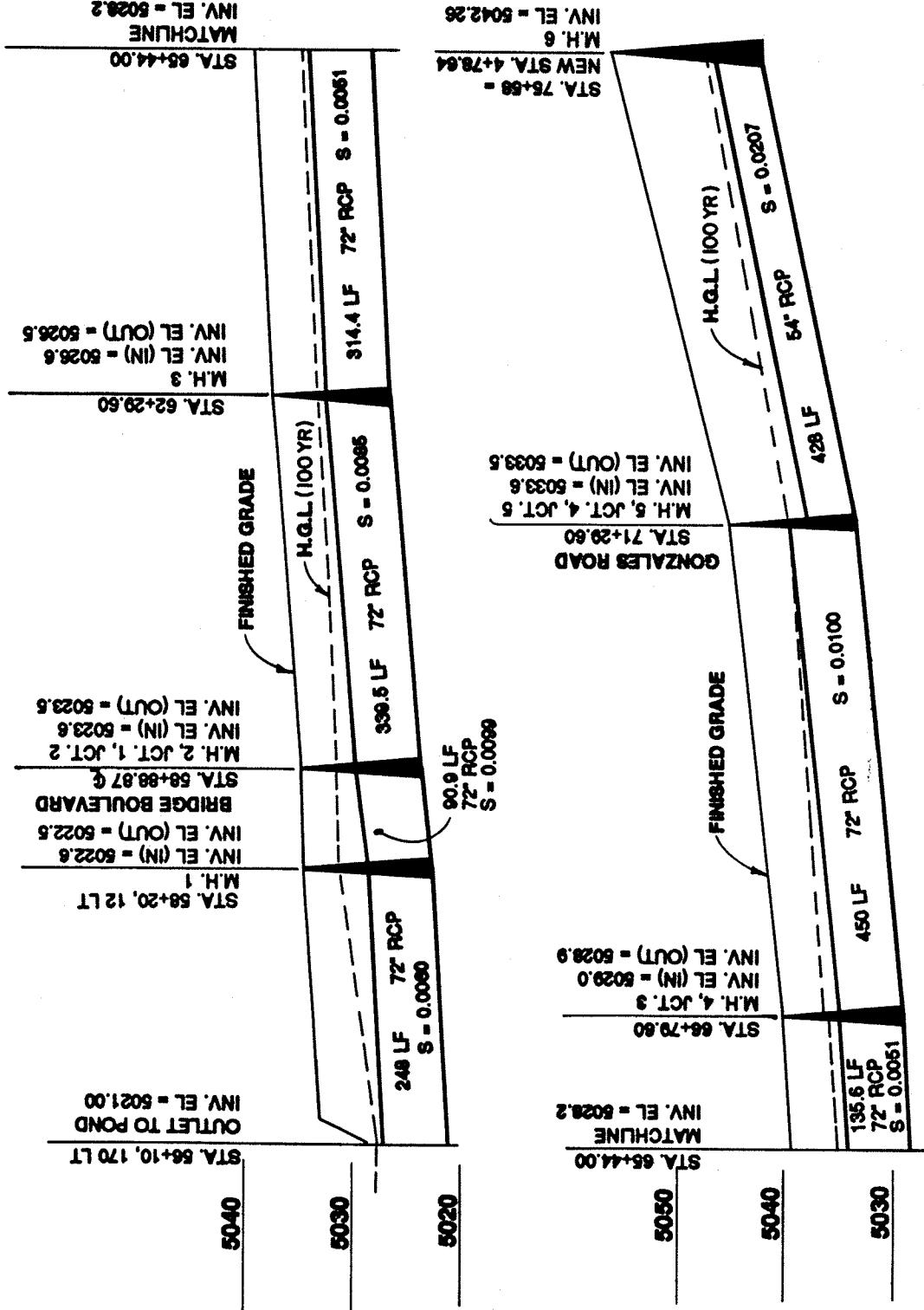
STARTING CONDITIONS:
 TAILWATER ELEVATION = 5029.00
 MANNING'S ROUGHNESS = 0.013
 TIME: 9:17 am
 ASSUMED STARTING HGL ELEV.= 5029.00

<-INVERT->

<- HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE COMPUTATIONS

| PIPE LINK DESCRIPTION FROM TO | FLOW RATE [cfs] | PIPE [inches] | MANNING'S ROUGHNESS [n] | LAY [feet] | PIPE [inches] | MANHOLE ROUGHNESS [n] | UP | DOWN | FRICITION LOSS | STREAM LOSS | STREAM LOSS | JUNCTION PT. | MANHOLE LOSS | LOSS | LOSS | ENERGY GRADE LINE | HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE | FINISHED GRADE |
|----------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------------------|---------|---------|-------------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------|---------|----------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OUTLET | M.H. 1 | 324.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 248.00 | 0.0060 | 5021.00 | 5022.49 | 1.452 | 0.102 | 0.235 | 0.000 | 2.039 | 3.828 | 5032.83 | 5030.79 | 5034.61 | |
| M.H. 1 | M.H. 2 | 324.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 90.87 | 0.0099 | 5022.60 | 5023.50 | 0.532 | 0.102 | 0.136 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.770 | 5033.60 | 5031.56 | 5034.61 | |
| M.H. 2 | JCT. 1 RT | 324.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.0099 | 5023.60 | 5023.60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.044 | 0.000 | 0.044 | 5033.64 | 5031.65 | 5034.61 | | |
| JCT. 1 RT | JCT. 2 LT | 320.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.0099 | 5023.60 | 5023.60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.048 | 0.000 | 0.048 | 5033.69 | 5031.75 | 5034.61 | | |
| JCT. 2 LT | M.H. 3 | 316.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 339.53 | 0.0085 | 5023.60 | 5026.49 | 1.891 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 1.987 | 5035.68 | 5033.74 | 5037.72 | | |
| M.H. 3 | M.H. 4 | 316.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 450.00 | 0.0051 | 5026.60 | 5028.90 | 2.506 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 2.603 | 5038.28 | 5036.34 | 5040.10 | |
| M.H. 4 | JCT. 3 LT | 316.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.0051 | 5029.00 | 5029.00 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.204 | 0.000 | 0.204 | 5038.48 | 5036.87 | 5040.10 | | |
| JCT. 3 LT | M.H. 5 | 288.0 | 72 | 0.013 | 450.00 | 0.0100 | 5029.00 | 5033.50 | 2.081 | 0.081 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 2.162 | 5041.11 | 5039.50 | 5045.58 | |
| M.H. 5 | JCT. 4 RT | 288.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.0100 | 5033.60 | 5033.60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.161 | 0.905 | 1.066 | 5043.19 | 5038.28 | 5045.58 | | |
| JCT. 4 RT | JCT. 5 LT | 283.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 0.00 | 0.0100 | 5033.60 | 5033.60 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.219 | 0.000 | 0.219 | 5043.41 | 5038.73 | 5045.58 | | |
| JCT. 5 LT | M.H. 6 | 276.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 424.00 | 0.0204 | 5033.60 | 5042.25 | 8.353 | 0.234 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 8.587 | 5052.00 | 5047.32 | 5056.50 | |
| M.H. 6 | BEND 1 | 276.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 6.42 | 0.0450 | 5042.26 | 5042.55 | 0.126 | 0.000 | 0.473 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.599 | 5052.60 | 5047.92 | 5056.60 | |
| BEND 1 | WYE 1 RT | 276.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 6.88 | 0.0450 | 5042.55 | 5042.86 | 0.136 | 0.000 | 0.738 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.873 | 5053.47 | 5049.90 | 5056.70 | |
| WYE 1 RT | BEND 2 | 241.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 9.43 | 0.0450 | 5042.86 | 5043.28 | 0.142 | 0.000 | 0.291 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.433 | 5053.90 | 5050.34 | 5056.80 | |
| BEND 2 | WYE 2 RT | 241.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 3.74 | 0.0450 | 5043.29 | 5043.46 | 0.056 | 0.000 | 1.265 | 0.000 | 1.321 | 5055.22 | 5053.92 | 5056.90 | | |
| WYE 2 RT | BEND 3 | 146.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 10.96 | 0.0450 | 5043.46 | 5043.95 | 0.060 | 0.000 | 0.107 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.167 | 5055.39 | 5054.08 | 5057.00 | |
| BEND 3 | INLET | 146.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 85.40 | 0.0720 | 5043.95 | 5050.10 | 0.471 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.471 | 5055.91 | 5054.60 | 5062.00 | | |
| INLET | DUMMY | 146.0 | 54 | 0.013 | 1.00 | 0.0720 | 5050.10 | 5050.17 | 0.006 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.006 | 0.006 | 5055.98 | 5054.67 | 5062.00 | | |

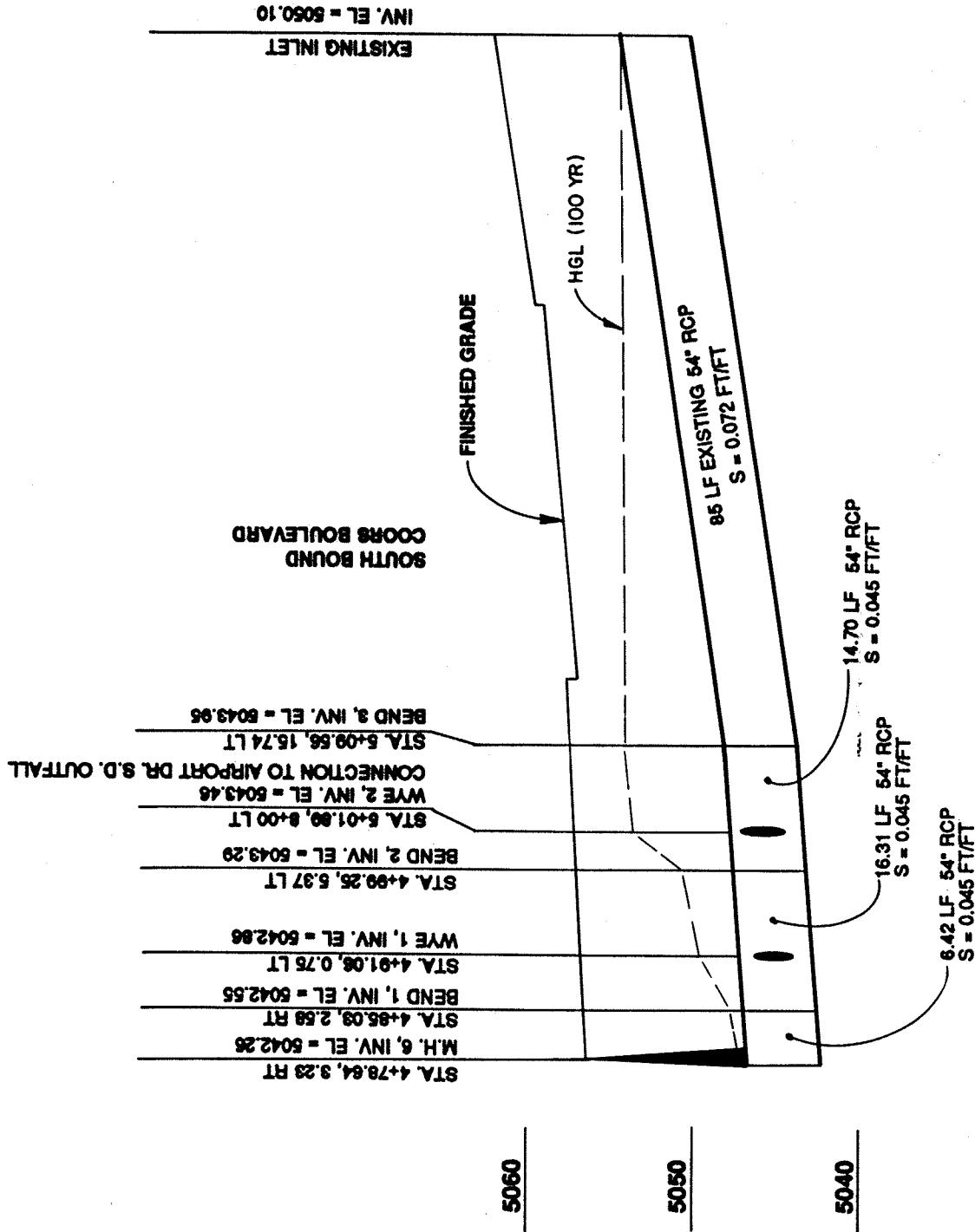
NOTE: Where less than full pipe flow is calculated, the H.G.L. is assumed to be equal to the soffit elevation.



**EXISTING COORS BOULEVARD STORM DRAIN
DOWNSTREAM OF AIRPORT DRIVE STORM DRAIN OUTFALL**

**REconstructed portion of COORS BOULEVARD
STORM DRAIN downstream of AIRPORT DR. STORM DRAIN OUTFALL**

PROFILE NTS



PROJECT: AIRPORT DRIVE STORM DRAIN OUTFALL

JOB#: SUNWEST 3322

DATE: 10/16/1992

TIME: 9:25 am

ANALYSIS BY: VANCEL FOSSINGER, EASTERLING & ASSOCIATES

STARTING CONDITIONS:

TAILWATER ELEVATION = 5053.92

MANNING'S ROUGHNESS = 0.013

ASSUMED STARTING HGL ELEV.= 5053.92

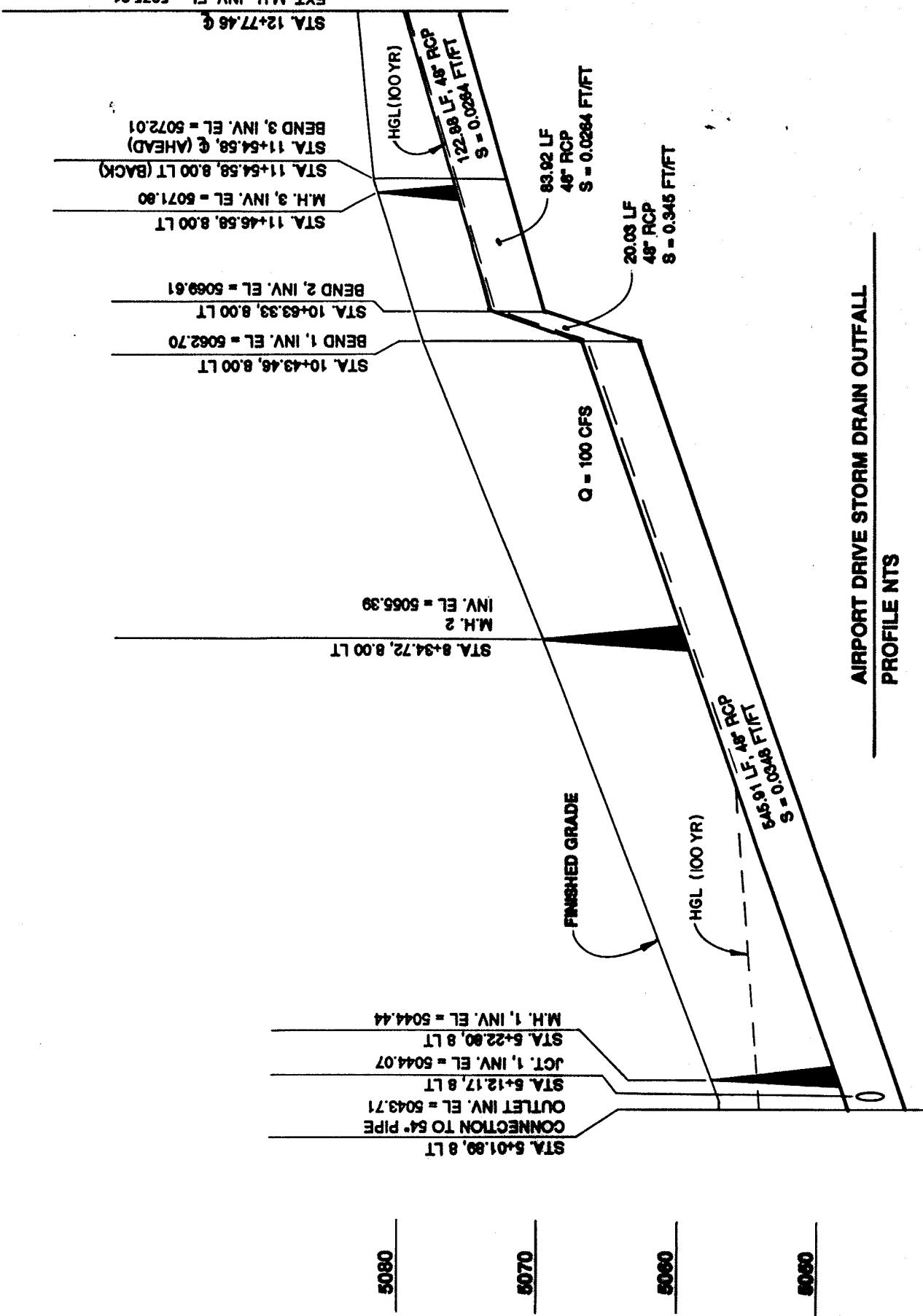
<-INVERT-> <-OUTLET-> @ OUTLET = 5043.71

HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE COMPUTATIONS ----->

| PIPE LINK DESCRIPTION | | FROM | TO | MAINLINE FLOW RATE (cfs) | PIPE DIA. (inches) | MANNING'S ROUGHNESS (n*) | LAY (ft) | PIPE LENGTH (feet) | UP | DOWN | FRICITION LOSS | SLOPE STREAM | MANHOLE ANGLE PT. | JUNCTION LOSS | SUM OF GRADE LINE LOSS | HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE | HYDRAULIC GRADE LINE | FINISHED GRADE | ELEVATION |
|--|-------------|-------|----|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|-------|-------|-------------------|-----------------|----------------------|------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| STORM DRAIN OUTFALL INITIAL CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| OUTLET | WYE 1 | 103.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 10.36 | 0.0346 | 5043.71 | 5044.07 | 0.053 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.049 | 0.052 | 0.049 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5053.92 |
| WYE 1 | M.H. 1 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 10.71 | 0.0348 | 5044.07 | 5044.44 | 0.052 | 0.049 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5054.09 |
| M.H. 1 | M.H. 2 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 314.43 | 0.0348 | 5044.44 | 5055.38 | 1.524 | 0.049 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5054.19 |
| M.H. 2 | V.BEND 1 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 210.42 | 0.0348 | 5055.38 | 5062.70 | 1.020 | 0.000 | 0.085 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5057.50 |
| V.BEND 1 | V.BEND 2 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 20.03 | 0.3450 | 5062.70 | 5069.61 | 0.097 | 0.000 | 0.085 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5060.37 |
| V.BEND 2 | M.H. 3 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 83.92 | 0.0261 | 5069.61 | 5071.80 | 0.407 | 0.049 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5069.38 |
| M.H. 3 | BEND 3 | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 8.06 | 0.0261 | 5071.80 | 5072.01 | 0.039 | 0.000 | 0.163 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5066.70 |
| BEND 3 | EXIST. M.H. | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 122.88 | 0.0261 | 5072.01 | 5075.22 | 0.596 | 0.049 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5073.61 |
| EXIST. M.H. | DUMMY | 100.0 | 48 | 0.013 | 1.00 | 0.0261 | 5075.22 | 5075.25 | 0.005 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 0.000 | 5078.70 |

NOTE: Where less than full pipe flow is calculated, the H.G.L. is assumed to be equal to the soffit elevation.

AIRPORT DRIVE STORM DRAIN OUTFALL
PROFILE NTS



Easterling & Associates, Inc.

10131 Coors Rd., NW, Suite H-7
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87114
(505) 898-8021
FAX (505) 898-8501

Project Name Airport Drive storm drain outfall

Project No. 3322 Date 10-19-92

Subject Pipe Class & Bedding

By NSF Sheet 1 of 3

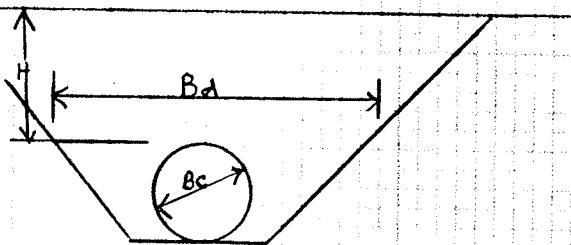
Use method presented in "Concrete Pipe Design Manual", by the American Concrete Pipe Assoc., to check pipe and bedding class.

Pipe I.D. = 48" Pipe O.D. ≈ 58"

Trench Depth Range - 9' to 15' Assume a soil weight of 120 lb/cf

Assume an OSHA Soil Classification of Type "B" (1/1 side slopes)

To be conservative assume trench side slopes may be sloped from the bottom.



Check Pipe and bedding for 3 trench depths: 9', 12', and 15'

$$1. \text{ Trench depth} = 9' \quad H = 9 - \frac{58}{12} = 4.16' \quad Bd = 15.8' \quad Bc \approx 4.83'$$

- From table 26-A the transition width for $H=5'$ = 6' 6"
- use Backfill Load = 2950 lb/LF at 100 lb/cf material

- Backfill load with 120 lb/cf Material = $2950 \times 1.20 = 3,540 \text{ lb/LF}$

- Live load from table = 1120 lb/LF

- Try Class C bedding $B_f = 1.5$

$$D\text{-load} = D\text{ o.oi} = \frac{WL + WE}{B_f \times D} \times F.S. \quad \text{For RCP vs F.S. = 1}$$

$$D\text{ o.oi} = \frac{1120 + 3540}{1.5 \times 4} \times 1 = \underline{\underline{777 \text{ lb/LF/ft I.D.}}}$$

From ASTM C-76 for Class III RCP $D\text{ o.oi} = 1,350 \text{ lb/LF/I.D.}$

$$\underline{\underline{777 < 1350 \quad OK}}$$

Class III Pipe and Class C bedding OK at depth = 9'

$$2. \text{ Trench depth} = 12' \quad H = 12 - \frac{58}{12} = 7.16' \quad Bd = 15.8' \quad Bc = 4.83'$$

- From table 26-A Transition width = 7' 6"

- Interpolate between $H=7'$ WE = 4,490 and $H=8'$ WE = 5,354

$$WE_{100} = (5,354 - 4,490) 0.16 + 4,490 = 4,628 \text{ lb/LF}$$

$$WE = 4,628 \times 1.20 = \underline{\underline{5,554 \text{ lb/LF}}}$$

- Interpolated from Table 45 $WL = 560 - ((560 - 470) \cdot 0.16) = 546 \text{ lb/LF}$

- Try Class C bedding $B_f = 1.5$

Easterling & Associates, Inc.

10131 Coors Rd., NW, Suite H-7
 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87114
 (505) 898-8021
 FAX (505) 898-8501

Airport Drive Storm
 Project Name Drain Outfall
 Project No. 3322 Date 10-19-92
 Subject Pipe class + Bedding

By JSF Sheet 2 of 3

Depth = 12' 48" Dia RCP cont.

$$D.o.01 = \frac{5,554 + 546}{1.5 \times 4} \times 1 = 1,017 \text{ lb/LF I.D.}$$

D.o.01 for Class III RCP = 1,350 > 1,017 OK

Class III RCP and Class "C" bedding OK for 12' depth

3. Trench depth = 15' $H = 15 - 4.83 = 10.37$ $Bd = 15.8'$ $Bc = 4.83'$

- From Table 26-A Transition width = 8'-8"

- Interpolate between $H = 10'$ $WE_{100} = 7,041$ + $H = 11'$ $WE_{100} = 7,776$

$$WE_{100} = (7,776 - 7,041)(0.37) + 7,041 = 7,313 \text{ lb/LF}$$

$$WE = 7,313 \times 1.20 = 8,776 \text{ lb/LF}$$

Truck Live Loads are insignificant at $H > 10'$

$$D.o.01 = \frac{8,776}{1.5 \times 4} \times 1 = 1,463 \text{ ID/LF/I.D.}$$

D.o.01 for class III RCP = 1,350 < 1,463 No Good

CLASS III RCP AND CLASS "C" BEDDING IS NOT ADEQUATE AT 15' DEPTH

TRY Trench Depth = 14' $H = 14 - 4.83 = 9.17'$ $Bd = 15.8$ $Bc = 4.83'$

From Table 26-A Transition width = 8'-6"

Interpolate between $H = 9'$ $WE_{100} = 6,287$ and $H = 10'$ $WE_{100} = 7,041$

$$WE_{100} = (7,041 - 6,287)(.17) + 6,287 = 6,415 \text{ lb/LF}$$

$$WE = 6,415 \times 1.20 = 7,698 \text{ lb/LF}$$

Use WL for 9' depth for WL $WL = 410 \text{ lb/LF}$

$$D.o.01 = \frac{7,698 + 410}{1.5 \times 4} \times 1 = 1,351$$

D.o.01 for Class III RCP = 1350 ≈ 1,351 OK.

CLASS III RCP and Class "C" bedding OK. to 14' depth

Try Class "B" Bedding for 15' depth $B_f = 1.9$

From above $WE = 8,776 \text{ lb/LF}$ $WL \approx 0$

$$D.o.01 = \frac{8,776}{1.9 \times 4} = 1,155 \text{ lb/LF} < 1,350 \text{ lb/LF OK.}$$

CLASS III RCP and Class "B" bedding OK. for 14' depth < 15'

Easterling & Associates, Inc.

10131 Coors Rd., NW, Suite H-7
 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87114
 (505) 898-8021
 FAX (505) 898-8501

Airport Drive Storm
 Project Name Drain Outfall
 Project No. 3322 Date 10-19-92
 Subject Pipe Class & Bedding
 By DSF Sheet 3 of 3

Pipe ID = 54"

Pipe O.D. = 5.42'

Trench depth = 14'

Assume soil wt. and OS.HA. soil type as per 4B" Dia cols

$$H = 14 - 5.42 = 8.58' \quad Bd = 17.59' \quad Bc = 5.42'$$

- From Table 27-A the transition width = 8'-10"

- Interpolate between $H = 8'$ $WE_{1.5} = 5,790$ + $H = 9'$ $WE_{100} = 6,765$

$$WE_{100} = (6,765 - 5,790)0.58 + 5,790 = 6,356 \text{ lb/LF}$$

$$WE = 6,356 \times 1.20 = \underline{\underline{7,627 \text{ lb/LF}}}$$

- Interpolate W_h from Table 45 $520 - ((520 - 440)(0.58)) = \underline{\underline{474 \text{ lb/LF}}}$

$$DO.01 = \frac{7,627 + 474}{1.5 \times 4.5} \times 1 = \underline{\underline{1,200 \text{ lb/LF/I.D.}}}$$

DO.01 for Class III RCP = 1,350 lb/LF/ID > 1,200 lb/LF/I.D. OK

Class III RCP and Class "C" bedding OK for 14' depth

NOTICE OF TERMINATION AND
CANCELLATION OF
DRAINAGE AGREEMENT AND OF DRAINAGE COVENANT

This Notice of Termination and Cancellation of Drainage Agreement and of Drainage Covenant ("Notice") is made, executed and delivered by the CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, a New Mexico municipal corporation (hereinafter "CITY"), whose address is P.O. Box 1293, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87103.

1. City is a party to that certain Drainage Agreement dated November 26, 1991, recorded February 26, 1992 as Document No. 92-16956, Records of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, as amended by that certain Amendment to Drainage Agreement dated September 9, 1992, recorded September 15, 1992 as Document No. 92-92202, Records of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, and that certain Drainage Covenant dated November 26, 1991, recorded February 26, 1992 as Document No. 92-16957, Records of Bernalillo County, New Mexico, as amended by that certain Amendment to Drainage Covenant dated as of July 7, 1992, recorded September 15, 1992 as Document No. 92-92203.

2. Pursuant to paragraph 9 of the said Drainage Agreement and paragraph 9 of the said Drainage Covenant, City hereby certifies and gives notice that the Owner has satisfactorily completed and fully performed all requirements of the said Drainage Agreement, as amended, and the said Drainage Covenant, as amended, and any drainage easement or license therein

granted in favor of City is hereby vacated and the said Drainage Agreement, as amended, and the said Drainage Covenant, as amended, are each hereby terminated and cancelled and declared to be of no further force and effect.

In witness whereof, this Notice is executed and delivered this _____ day of _____, 1993.

APPROVED:

CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE, a New Mexico
Municipal Corporation

By: _____
City Engineer

By: _____
Arthur A. Blumenfeld, Chief
Administrative Officer

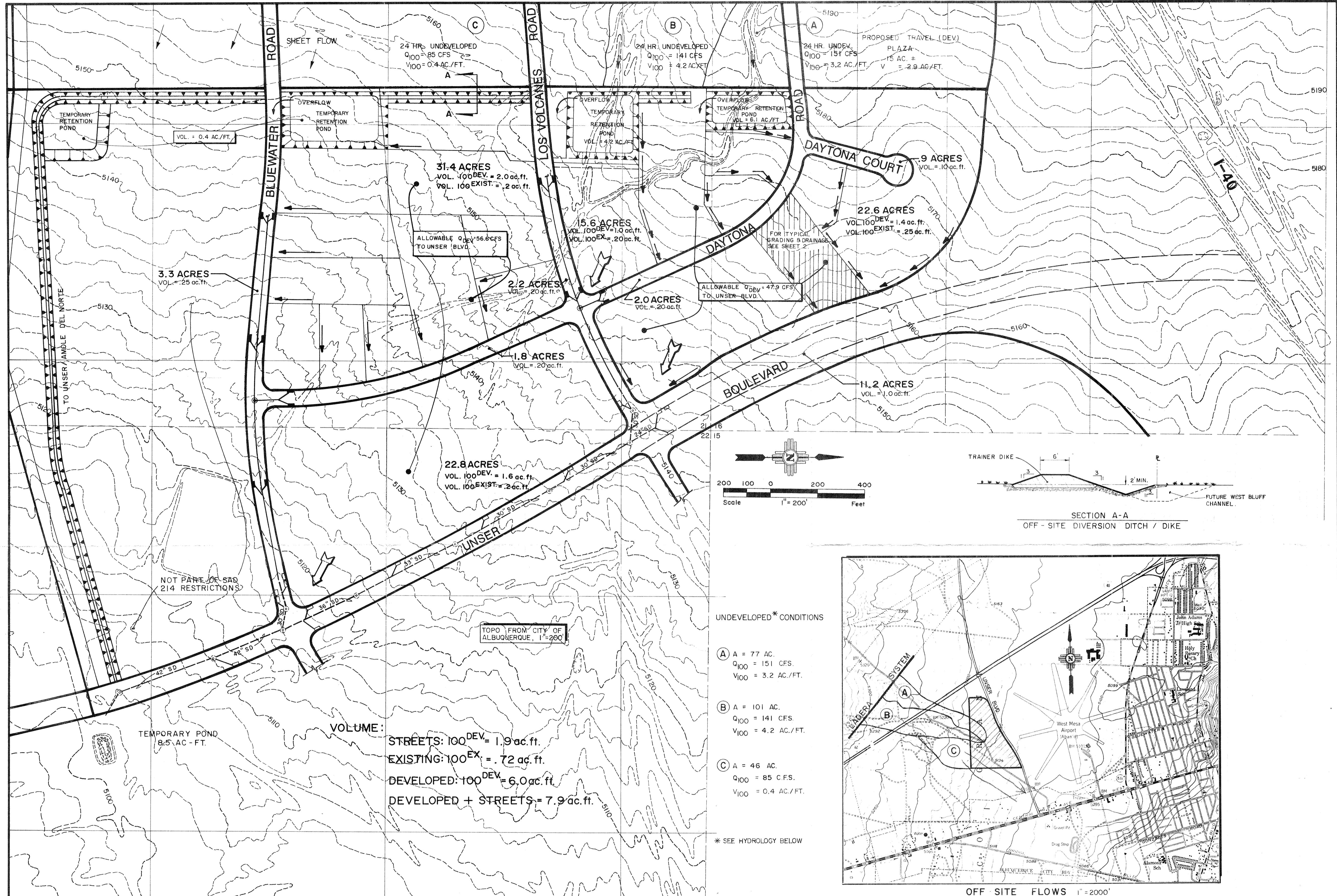
ACKNOWLEDGMENT

STATE OF NEW MEXICO)
)
COUNTY OF BERNALILLO) ss.
)

This instrument was acknowledged before me on _____,
_____, 19_____, by Arthur A. Blumenfeld,
Chief Administrative Officer of City of Albuquerque, a New
Mexico municipal corporation, on behalf of said corporation.

Notary Public

My Commission Expires:



HYDROLOGY

INDIVIDUAL LOT PONDING WILL BE REQUIRED TO COMPLY WITH THE UNSER BLVD./SAD 214 DRAINAGE PLAN. CONTROL RELEASE TO STREETS FROM INDIVIDUAL PARCELS IS RECOMMENDED.

OFF-SITE FLOWS WILL BE INTERCEPTED BY THE WEST BLUFF/AMOLE CHANNEL.

TEMPORARY RETENTION PONDS ARE SIZED TO RETAIN THE 100 YEAR - 24 HR. UNDEVELOPED RUNOFF FLOWING TO THE WEST BLUFF ALIGNMENT PLUS THE 100 YEAR 24 HR. DEVELOPED RUNOFF FROM THE PROPOSED TRAVEL PLAZA AND THAT PORTION OF DAYTONA RD. WHICH FRONTS IT.

REF. I. WEST BLUFF DRAINAGE PLAN
ANDREWS ASBURY & ROBERT

2. DRAINAGE PLAN FOR THE DESIGN
OF SAD-214 UNSER BLVD.
SCANLON & ASSOCIATES

SOILS INFORMATION FROM SOIL SURVEY U.S.D.A., S.C.S.

| SOIL SERIES AND MGR SYMBOLS | DEGREE AND KIND OF LIMITATIONS FOR | | | | | SUITABILITY AS SOURCE OF — | | | SOIL FEATURES AFFECTING — | | HYDROLOGIC SOIL GROUP | |
|--|---|-------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|---|
| | SEPTIC TANK ABSORPTION FIELDS | SEWAGE LAGOONS | SHALLOW EXCAVATIONS | DWELLINGS WITHOUT BASEMENTS | SANITARY LANDFILL (TRENCH TYPE) | LOCAL ROAD AND STREETS | ROAD FILL | SAND | GRAVEL | TOPSOIL | POND RESERVOIR AREAS | |
| Pajarito: PAC, PbB..... | Slight..... | Severe: seepage. | Slight..... | Severe: seepage. | Slight..... | Good..... | Poor: excess fines. | Unsuited..... | Good..... | Seepage..... | Piping..... | B |
| *Bluepoint: Bb, Bca, Bgc, Bd3, Efr. Wink part of Bd3, see Wink section for Kokanee part of BKD, see Kokanee section. | Slight if slope is 1 to 9 percent; moderate if 9 to 15. | Severe: cut-banks cave. | Slight if slope is 1 to 8 percent; moderate if 8 to 15. | Moderate: too sandy. | Slight if slope is 1 to 8 percent; moderate if 8 to 15. | Good..... | Fair: excess fines. | Unsuited.... | Poor: too sandy. | Seepage..... | Piping; seepage..... | A |

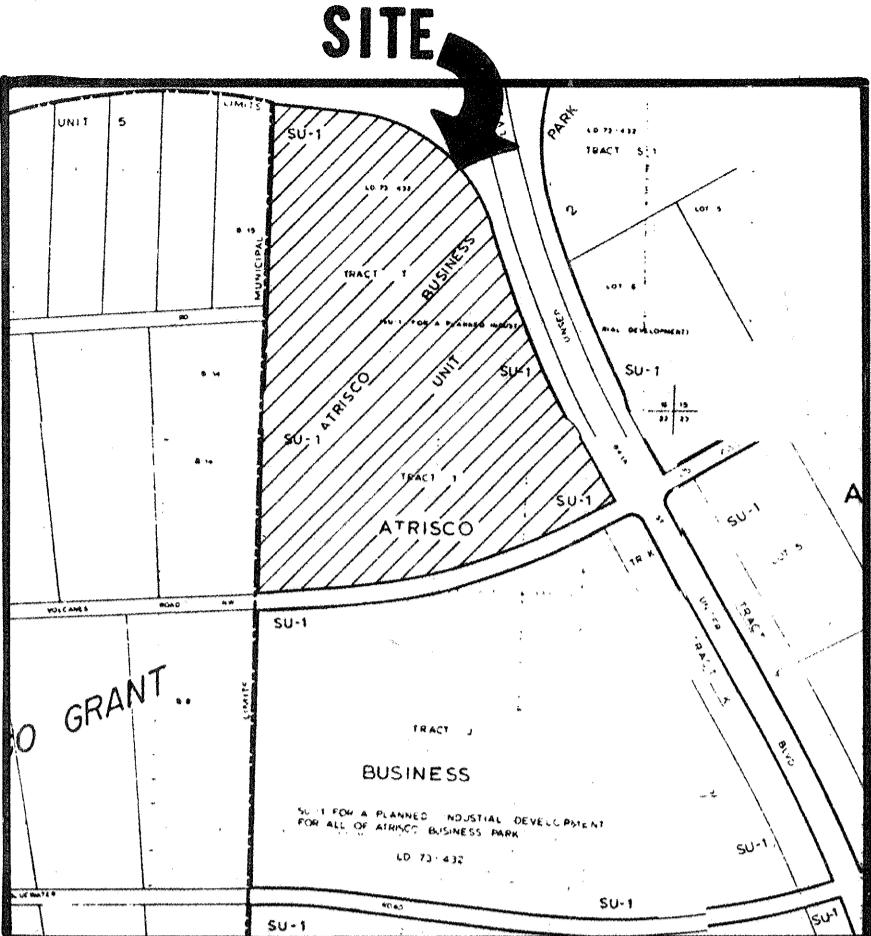
BCC—Bluepoint loamy fine sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes. This soil is nearly level to moderately sloping. It has the profile described as representative of the series, but on about 10 percent of the surface the surface layer is sand. Included in mapping are areas of Madurez, Pajarito, and Wink soils, which make up about 15 percent of the unit.

Rainfall is slow and the hazard of soil blowing is severe. This soil is used for range, watershed, wildlife habitat, recreation, and community development. Dryland capability subseries VIIe; native plant community 2.

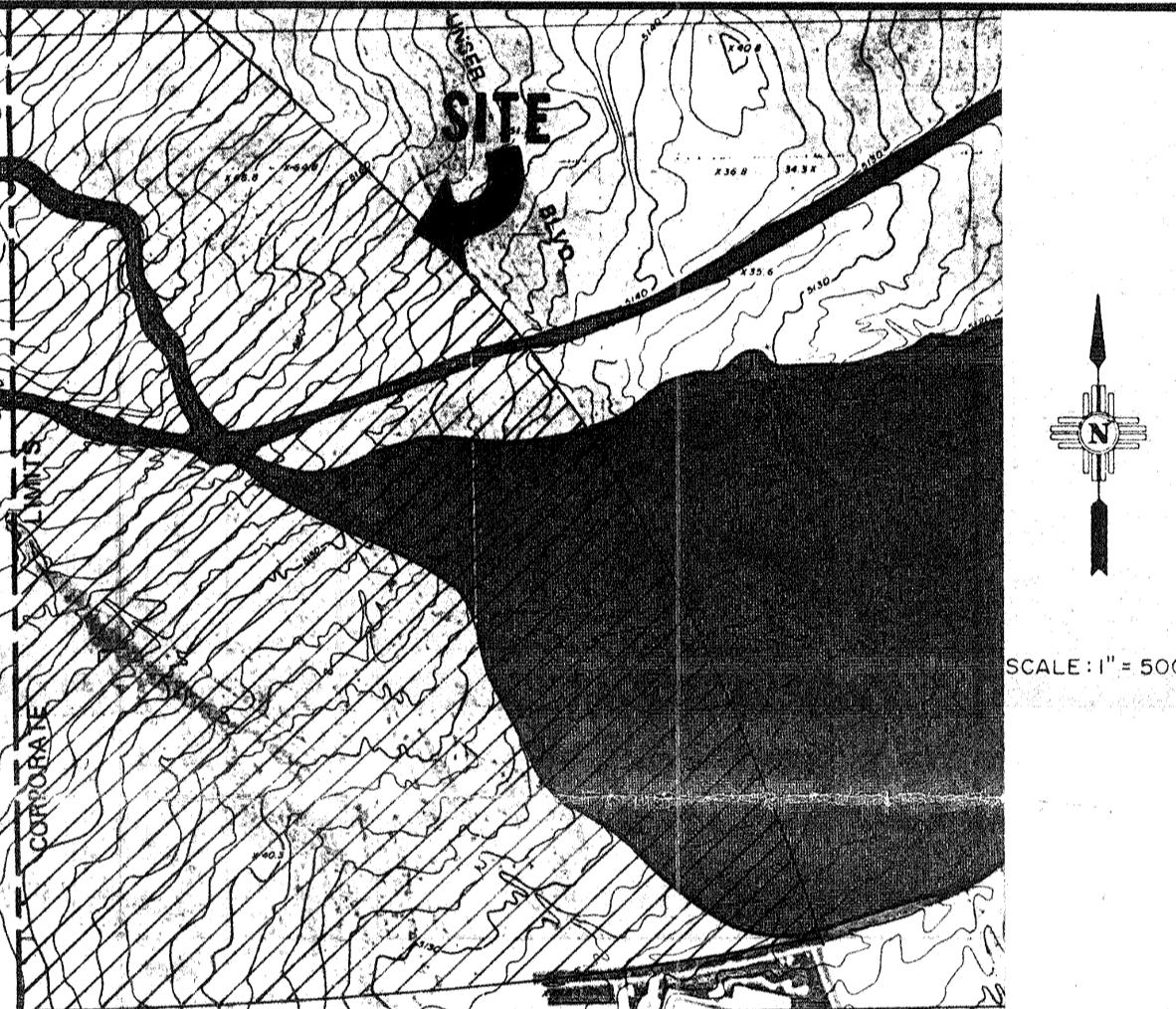
PAC—Pajarito loamy fine sand, 1 to 9 percent slopes. This nearly level to moderately sloping soil is on the East and West Mesas. It has the profile described as representative of the series.

Included with this soil in mapping are areas of Bluepoint, Madurez, and Wink soils. On about 30 percent of the acreage are areas where the surface layer is fine sandy loam.

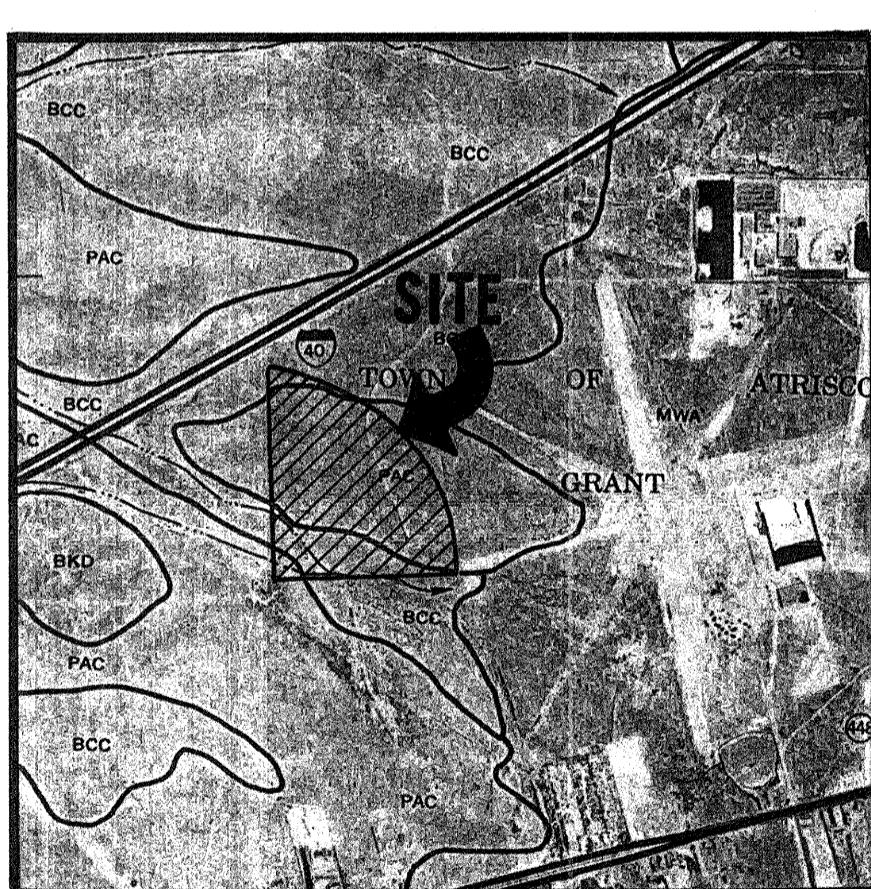
VICINITY MAP ZONE ATLAS MAP NO. J-9



NO. 27 FLOOD HAZARD MAP & OFF-SITE FLOWS FROM F.E.M.A.



NO. 30 SOILS MAP SOIL SURVEY U.S.D.A., S.C.S.



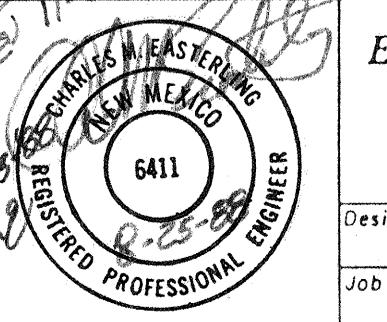
DEC 06 1988
BY DATE

HYDROLOGY SECTION ATRISCO BUSINESS PARK WEST OF UNSER ROAD CONCEPTUAL GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN

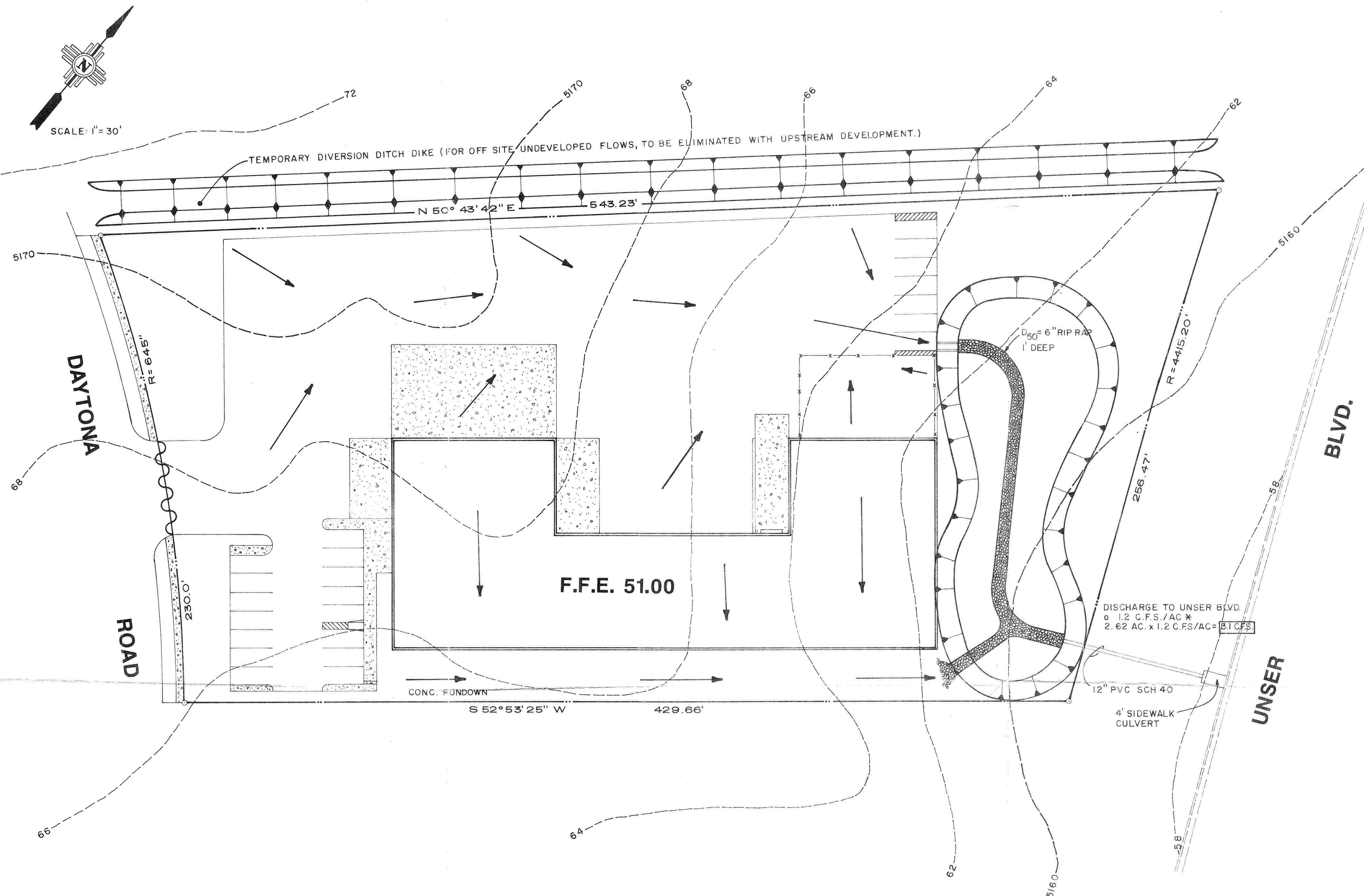
EASTERLING & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

5643 Paradise Blvd. N.W.
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87114

Designed: Drawn: Checked:
Job No: 2401 Date: 10-88
Sheet 1 of 2

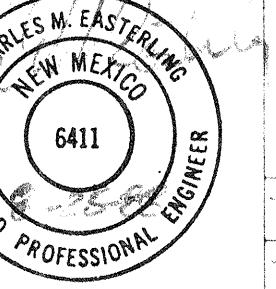
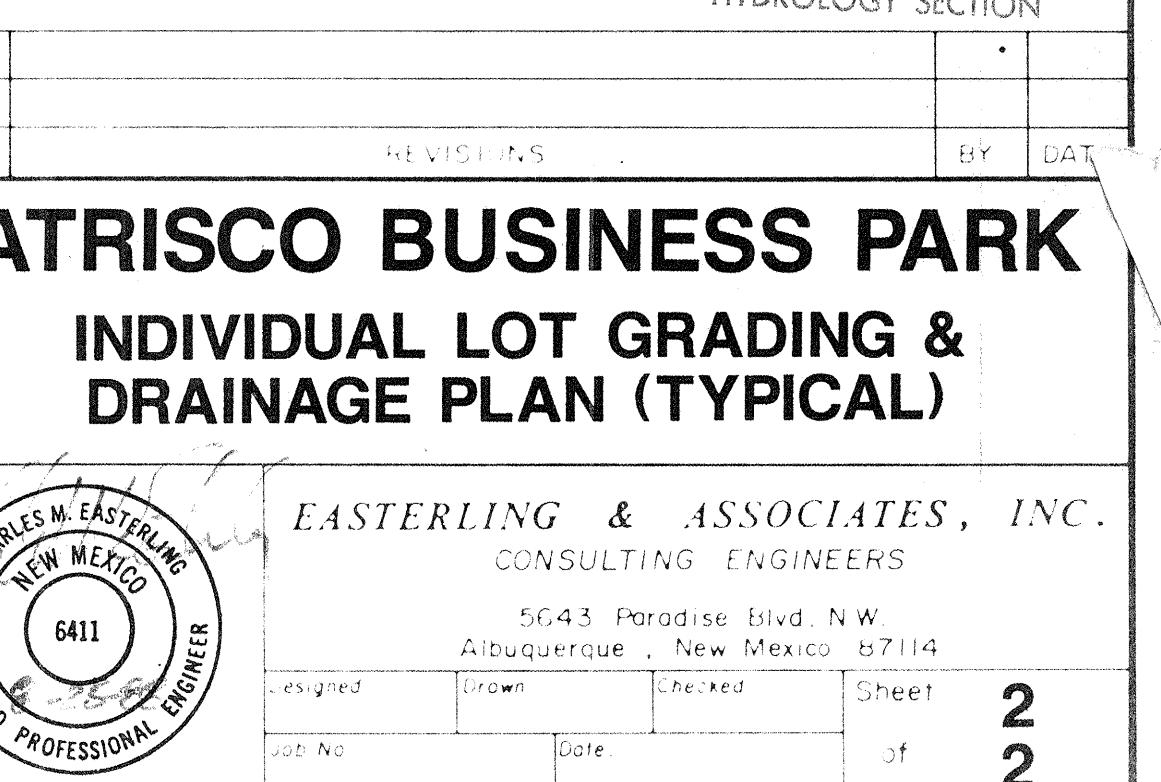


REG. NO. 6411
PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER
NEW MEXICO
REGISTERED



HYDROLOGY

DATE PRINTED:
NOV 01 1988



ATRISCO BUSINESS PARK

INDIVIDUAL LOT GRADING & DRAINAGE PLAN (TYPICAL)

MASTERLING & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CONSULTING ENGINEERS

5643 Paradise Blvd. N.W.
Albuquerque, New Mexico 87114

10