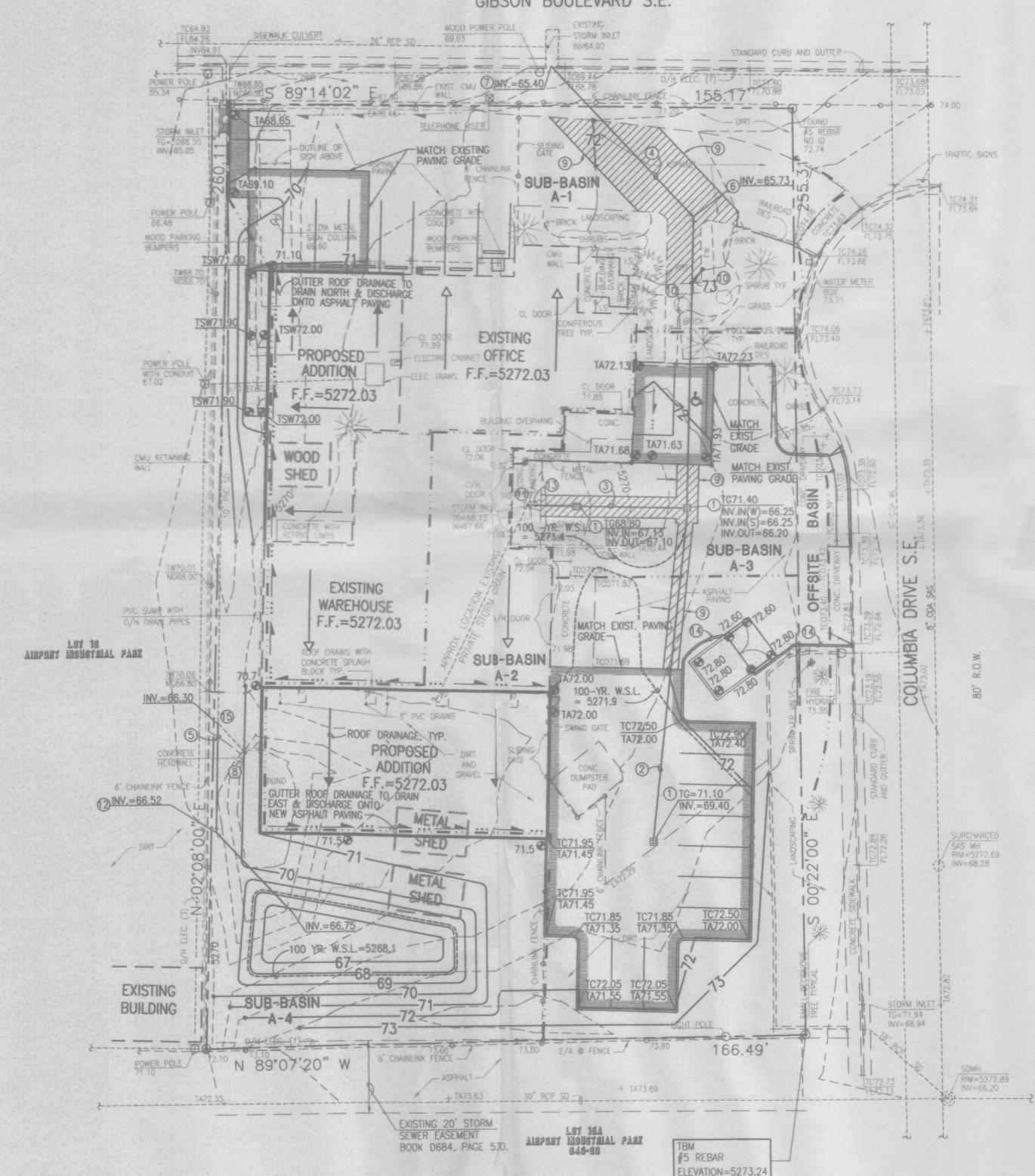


GIBSON BOULEVARD S.E.



CONSTRUCTION NOTES:

- 1. TWO (2) WORKING DAYS PRIOR TO ANY EXCAVATION, CONTRACTOR MUST CONTACT NEW MEXICO ONE CALL SYSTEM 260-1990 (ALBUQUERQUE AREA), 1-800-321-ALERT(2537) (STATEWIDE), FOR LOCATION OF EXISTING UTILITIES.
- 2. PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL EXCAVATE AND VERIFY THE HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL LOCATION OF ALL POTENTIAL OBSTRUCTIONS. SHOULD A CONFLICT EXIST. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE ENGINEER IN WRITING SO THAT THE CONFLICT CAN BE RESOLVED WITH A MINIMUM AMOUNT OF DELAY. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL INTERPRETATIONS IT MAKES WITHOUT FIRST CONTACTING THE ENGINEER AS REQUIRED
- 3. ALL WORK ON THIS PROJECT SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE FEDERAL, STATE AND LOCAL LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS CONCERNING CONSTRUCTION SAFETY AND HEALTH.
- 4. ALL CONSTRUCTION WITHIN PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SHALL BE PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH APPLICABLE CITY OF ALBUQUERQUE STANDARDS AND PROCEDURES.
- 5. IF ANY UTILITY LINES, PIPELINES, OR UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES ARE SHOWN ON THESE DRAWINGS, THEY ARE SHOWN IN AN APPROXIMATE MANNER ONLY, AND SUCH LINES MAY EXIST WHERE NONE ARE SHOWN. IF ANY SUCH EXISTING LINES ARE SHOWN, THE LOCATION IS BASED UPON INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE OWNER OF SAID UTILITY, AND THE INFORMATION MAY BE INCOMPLETE, OR MAY BE OBSOLETE BY THE TIME CONSTRUCTION COMMENCES. THE ENGINEER HAS CONDUCTED ONLY PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF THE LOCATION, DEPTH, SIZE, OR TYPE OF EXISTING UTILITY LINES, PIPELINES, OR UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES. THIS INVESTIGATION IS NOT CONCLUSIVE, AND MAY NOT BE COMPLETE, THEREFORE, MAKES NO REPRESENTATION PERTAINING THERETO, AND ASSUMES NO RESPONSIBILITY OR LIABILITY THEREFOR. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INFORM ITSELF OF THE LOCATION OF ANY UTILITY LINE, PIPELINE, OR UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINE IN OR NEAR THE AREA OF THE WORK IN ADVANCE OF AND DURING EXCAVATION WORK. THE CONTRACTOR IS FULLY RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY AND ALL DAMAGE CAUSED BY ITS FAILURE TO LOCATE, IDENTIFY AND PRESERVE ANY AND ALL EXISTING UTILITIES, PIPELINES, AND UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINES. IN PLANNING AND CONDUCTING EXCAVATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH STATE STATUTES, MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL ORDINANCES, RULES AND REGULATIONS, IF ANY, PERTAINING TO THE LOCATION OF THESE LINES AND FACILITIES.
- 6. AN EXCAVATION/CONSTRUCTION PERMIT WILL BE REQUIRED BEFORE BEGINNING ANY WORK WITHIN CITY RIGHT-OF-WAY. AN APPROVED COPY OF THESE PLANS MUST BE SUBMITTED AT THE TIME OF APPLICATION FOR THIS PERMIT.
- 7. BACKFILL COMPACTION SHALL BE ACCORDING TO ARTERIAL STREET USE.
- 8. MAINTENANCE OF THESE FACILITIES SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY SERVED.
- 9. THE DESIGN OF PLANTERS AND LANDSCAPED AREAS IS NOT PART OF THIS PLAN. ALL PLANTERS AND LANDSCAPED AREAS ADJACENT TO THE BUILDING(S) SHALL BE PROVIDED WITH POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO AVOID ANY PONDING ADJACENT TO THE STRUCTURE. FOR CONSTRUCTION DETAILS, REFER TO LANDSCAPING PLAN.

EROSION CONTROL MEASURES:

- 1. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT NO SOIL ERODES FROM THE SITE INTO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY OR ONTO PRIVATE PROPERTY.
- 2. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PROMPTLY CLEAN UP ANY MATERIAL EXCAVATED WITHIN THE PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY SO THAT THE EXCAVATED MATERIAL IS NOT SUSCEPTIBLE TO BEING WASHED DOWN THE STREET.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SECURE "TOPSOIL DISTURBANCE PERMIT" PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.

APPROVALS	NAME	DATE
HYDROLOGY		
SIDEWALK INSPECTOR		
STORM DRAIN MAINTENANCE		



CENTERLINE

DIAMETER

FLOWLINE

LANDSCAPING

NATURAL GRADE

RAILROAD TIES

STORM DRAIN

STORM INLET

SANITARY SEWER

TOP OF ASPHALT

TOP OF CONCRETE

CONIFEROUS TREE

DECIDUOUS TREE

EXISTING CONTOUR

SMALL DECIDUOUS TREE

EXISTING SHRUB LINE

DIRECTION OF FLOW

PROPOSED CONTOUR

EXISTING SPOT ELEVATION

PROPOSED SPOT ELEVATION

PROPOSED CONCRETE PAVING

PROPOSED ASPHALT PAVING

PROPOSED ROOF DRAINAGE

BE REMOVED AND REPLACED

EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT TO

EXISTING ROOF DRAINAGE

DRAINAGE BASIN BOUNDARY LINE

TOP OF CURB

TOP OF GRATE

TOP OF WALL

TYPICAL

WATERLINE

POLY VINYL CHLORIDE

REINFORCED CLAY PIPE

INVERT

MANHOLE

OVERHEAD

CEMENT MASONRY UNIT

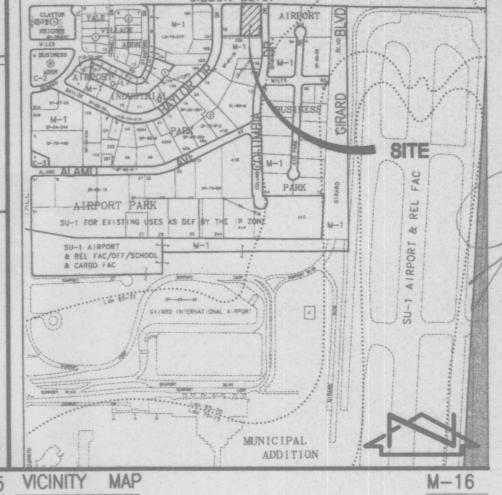
ELECTRIC TRANSFORMER

OVERHEAD ELECTRIC (NO. OF LINES

UNDERGROUND ELECTRIC (NO. OF LINES)

EDGE OF ASPHALT

FLAGSTONE WALK



FLOODPLAIN MAP SCALE: 1" = 500'±

LEGEND

EA; E/A

ELEC. TRANS.

0/H ELEC. (2)

U/G ELEC. (3)

- - 5270---

+ TA71.96

→ TA72.00

----74 -----

4

PANEL 361 OF 825 VICINITY MAP

PROJECT BENCHMARK

STATION 6-L16A, IS A SQUARE, "" CHISELED ON TOP OF A CONCRETE CURB, LOCATED ON THE NORTH SIDE OF GIBSON BOULEVARD, 1215' (±) WEST OF GIRARD BOULEVARD AND 35' (±) EAST OF A DROP INLET. ELEVATION = 5249.497 FEET (M.S.L.D.)

TOP OF # 5 REBAR (NO I.D.) LOCATED NEAR THE S.E. CORNER OF THE PROPERTY AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWING ELEVATION=5273.24

LEGAL DESCRIPTION

LOT 17, BLOCK 2, AIRPORT INDUSTRIAL PARK, ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO.

NOTES:

1. THIS IS NOT A BOUNDARY SURVEY. A TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY WAS CONDUCTED BY JEFF MORTENSEN AND ASSOCIATES IN FEBRUARY, 2000. BOUNDARY DATA TAKEN FROM SITE PLAN PREPARED BY JON ANDERSON ARCHITECT, MARCH 2000, IS SHOWN FOR ORIENTATION ONLY.

KEYED NOTES:

(1) CONSTRUCT PRIVATE STORM INLET PER TYPICAL SECTION SHEET C-4.

2 INSTALL 8" HDPE STORM DRAIN PIPE @ S = 0.0350.

3 INSTALL 4" HDPE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE @ S = 0.0295.

4 INSTALL 12" HDPE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE @ S = 0.0059.

5 INSTALL 10" PVC PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE @ S = 0.0074. 6 INSTALL 1-12" 45" ELL AND CONCRETE BLOCKING.

7 CONSTRUCT DRAIN LINE CONNECTION TO EXISTING PUBLIC STORM INLET PER C.O.A. STD. DWG. 2237.

8 REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF EXISTING CONCRETE INLET STRUCTURE.

9 NEATLY SAWCUT, REMOVE, DISPOSE OF AND REPLACE EXISTING ASPHALT PAVING PER C.O.A. STD. DWG. 2465 AS NECESSARY TO FACILITATE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN TRENCHING, ULTIMATE TRENCH WIDTH SHALL BE DETERMINED BY SOIL CHARACTERISTICS AND OSHA REQUIREMENTS.

10 NEATLY REMOVE AND REPLACE EXISTING FLAGSTONE SIDEWALK AND BRICK LANDSCAPING AS NECESSARY TO FACILITATE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN TRENCHING.

11 NEATLY SAWCUT, REMOVE, DISPOSE OF AND REPLACE EXISTING CONCRETE PAVING PER C.O.A. STD. DWG. 2465; CONSTRUCT DRAIN LINE CONNECTION TO EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET PER C.O.A. STD. DWG. 2237.

12 INSTALL 1-10" 45" ELL AND CONCRETE BLOCKING.

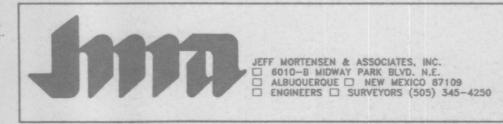
13 INSTALL 4" D.I.P. @ S = 0.0480

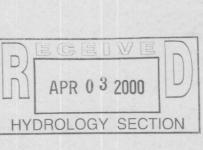
14 SET TOP OF CURB 6" ABOVE CORRESPONDING EXISTING ASPHALT PAVEMENT GRADE.

(5) REMOVE AND DISPOSE OF EXISTING 45' ELL AND CONNECT NEW 10" PVC PIPE TO EXISTING 10" PVC PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE.

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GRADING PLAN

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HYDROLOGY SECTION

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THIS SUBMITTAL IS MADE IN SUPPORT OF A BUILDING PERMIT FOR THE PROPOSED BUILDING ADDITIONS AND SO-19 APPROVAL FOR THE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN CONNECTION TO THE PUBLIC STORM INLET WITHIN GIBSON BLVD. S.E.

IMPACT THE SITE AND WILL BE ACCEPTED AND CONVEYED THROUGHOUT

PROJECT DESCRIPTIO

THE SITE.

AS SHOWN ON THE VICINITY MAP, THE SITE IS LOCATED ON COLUMBIA DRIVE, JUST SOUTH OF GIBSON BLVD. S.E. AS SHOWN BY PANEL 361 OF 825, THE SITE DOES NOT LIE WITHIN NOR NEGATIVELY IMPACT A DESIGNATED FLOOD HAZARD ZONE (ZONE 'A').

BACKGROUND DOCUMENTS

THE FOLLOWING DOCUMENTS WERE USED IN THE PREPARATION OF THIS

1) DRAINAGE REPORT FOR GIBSON BOULEVARD, RECONSTRUCTION/REHABILITATION, UNIVERSITY BOULEVARD TO JACKSON STREET, PREPARED BY AVID ENGINEERING, INC., AUGUST 1995. THIS PLAN ALLOWS DISCHARGE OF FULLY DEVELOPED RUNOFF FROM BASIN G-17, WHICH INCLUDES THE PROJECT SITE, INTO GIBSON BLVD. S.E.

2) GRADING AND DRAINAGE PLAN, NEW BUILDING ADDITION FOR STAN'S FROZEN FOODS. THIS PREVIOUSLY APPROVED DRAINAGE PLAN FOR THE PROJECT SITE UTILIZES FREE DISCHARGE OF DEVELOPED RUNOFF FROM THE SITE INTO GIBSON BLVD. S.E.

EXISTING CONDITIONS

AT PRESENT, THE SITE IS DEVELOPED. THE SITE CONTAINS A FREESTANDING BUILDING, ASPHALT PAVED PARKING LOTS AND LANDSCAPED AREAS. CURRENTLY, RUNOFF GENERATED BY THE SITE IS DIRECTED TO THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE SITE WHERE AN EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET IS LOCATED. THE PRIVATE STORM INLET DISCHARGES INTO AN EXISTING SIDEWALK CULVERT WHICH DIRECTS RUNOFF DIRECTLY INTO GIBSON BLVD. S.E. TWO SUB-BASINS DEFINE THE SITE'S DRAINAGE PATTERNS IN THE EXISTING CONDITION. RUNOFF GENERATED BY THE SOUTH PORTION OF THE SITE (SUB-BASIN A-2) ENTERS A PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE NEAR THE SOUTHWEST CORNER OF THE SITE WHICH DISCHARGES INTO THE ABOVE MENTIONED EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET. MOST OF THE REMAINING PORTION OF THE SITE "(SUB-BASIN A-1) DISCHARGES RUNOFF INTO THE EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET VIA SURFACE FLOWS. THE EXISTING LOADING DOCK AREA DRAINS INTO AN ADDITIONAL PRIVATE STORM INLET WHICH DISCHARGES TO AN UNDERGROUND FRENCH DRAIN SYSTEM LOCATED SOUTH OF THE EXISTING BUILDING UTILIZING A PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE RUNNING UNDER THE EXISTING BUILDING. AGAIN, OFFSITE FLOWS ORIGINATING FAST OF THE SITE WITHIN THE AREA BETWEEN THE SITE AND WEST CURB OF COLUMBIA DRIVE S.E. AT THE EAST CENTRAL PORTION OF THE SITE IMPACT THE SITE. THESE FLOWS ARE ACCEPTED AND CONVEYED THROUGHOUT THE SITE. OFFSITE FLOWS GENERATED BY THE COLUMBIA DRIVE ROADWAY ARE CONFINED TO THE STREET AND DO NOT IMPACT THE SITE.

PUBLIC STORM DRAIN FACILITIES EXIST IN BOTH GIBSON BLVD. S.E. AND COLUMBIA DRIVE S.E. A 30' PUBLIC STORM DRAIN IS LOCATED JUST SOUTH OF THE SITE WITHIN THE EXISTING STORM SEWER EASEMENT. THIS STORM DRAIN SYSTEM CROSSES COLUMBIA DRIVE AND DIVERTS FLOWS TOWARD THE WEST AND EVENTUALLY OUTFALLS INTO THE GIBSON STORM DRAIN SYSTEM SEVERAL HUNDRED FEET WEST OF THE SITE. AN EXISTING PUBLIC STORM INLET IS LOCATED SOUTHEAST OF THE SITE AND DISCHARGES INTO THE COLUMBIA DRIVE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM. IN ADDITION, AN EXISTING PUBLIC STORM INLET IS LOCATED WITHIN GIBSON BLVD. JUST NORTH OF THE SITE AND DISCHARGES INTO A 36" PUBLIC STORM DRAIN WITHIN GIBSON BLVD.

DEVELOPED CONDITIONS

THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT RESULTS IN THE DIVISION OF THE SIT INTO FOUR DRAINAGE BASINS. A SYSTEM OF PRIVATE STORM INLETS WILL CAPTURE RUNOFF GENERATED IN THE EASTERN AND CENTRAL PORTIONS OF THE SITE (SUB-BASINS A-2 AND A-3). THE STORMWATER WILL THEN BE DIRECTED INTO THE EXISTING PUBLIC STORM INLET WITHIN GIBSON BLVD. LOCATED JUST NORTH OF THE SITE THROUGH THE USE OF A BURIED PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE. ADEQUATE PONDING VOLUME WITHIN THE PROPOSED PARKING LOT AND NEAR THE EXISTING LOADING DOCK HAS BEEN PROVIDED IN THE EVENT THAT THE PRIVATE STORM DRAIN SYSTEM IS RENDERED INOPERABLE. THE PONDING AREAS ARE CAPABLE OF CONTAINING THE 100-YEAR VOLUME OF RUNOFF GENERATED BY THE DRAINAGE BASINS CONTRIBUTING TO THESE AREAS. RUNOFF GENERATED BY THE NORTHERN PORTION OF THE SITE (SUB-BASIN A-1) WILL TRAVEL TO THE NORTHWEST CORNER OF THE SITE VIA SURFACE FLOWS AND WILL BE CAPTURED BY THE EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET WHICH DISCHARGES RUNOFF INTO GIBSON BLVD. THROUGH THE EXISTING SIDEWALK CULVERT.

RUNOFF GENERATED BY THE SOUTHWEST PORTION OF THE SITE (SUB-BASIN A-4) WILL BE DIRECTED INTO A PROPOSED DETENTION PONDING AREA WHICH DISCHARGES INTO THE EXISTING PRIVATE STORM DRAIN PIPE RUNNING ALONG THE WEST BOUNDARY AND DISCHARGING INTO GIBSON BLVD. UTILIZING THE EXISTING SIDEWALK CULVERT. THE PEAK DISCHARGE RATE WHICH WILL BE ACCEPTED BY THE EXISTING PRIVATE STORM INLET AND SIDEWALK CULVERT WILL NOT BE INCREASED BY THE PROPOSED DEVELOPMENT. THIS IS DUE TO THE DIVERSION OF FLOWS IN THE EASTERN PORTION OF THE SITE. DIRECTLY INTO THE PUBLIC STORM INLET LOCATED WITHIN GIBSON BLVD. S.E.

GRADING PLAN

THE GRADING PLAN SHOWS: 1) EXISTING GRADES INDICATED BY SPO ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS AT 1'0" INTERVALS AS TAKEN FROM THE TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY PREPARED BY THIS OFFICE, DATED FEBRUARY 2000, 2) PROPOSED GRADES INDICATED BY SPOT ELEVATIONS AND CONTOURS AT 1'0" INTERVALS, 3) THE LIMIT AND CHARACTER OF THE EXISTING IMPROVEMENTS, 4) THE LIMIT AND CHARACTER OF THE PROPOSED IMPROVEMENTS, AND 5) CONTINUITY BETWEEN EXISTING AND PROPOSED GRADES. THE GRADING PLAN APPEARS ON SHEET C-3.

CALCULATIONS

THE CALCULATIONS CONTAINED HEREIN ANALYZE BOTH THE EXISTING AND DEVELOPED CONDITIONS FOR THE 100-YEAR, 6-HOUR RAINFALL EVENT. THE PROCEDURE FOR 40-ACRE AND SMALLER BASINS, AS SET FORTH IN THE REVISION OF SECTION 22.2, HYDROLOGY OF THE DEVELOPMENT PROCESS MANUAL, VOLUME 2, DESIGN CRITERIA, DATED JANUARY, 1993, HAS BEEN USED TO QUANTIFY THE PEAK RATE OF DISCHARGE AND VOLUME OF RUNOFF GENERATED. AS DEMONSTRATED BY THE DRAINAGE CALCULATIONS CONTAINED HEREON, ONLY A SLIGHT INCREASE IN DEVELOPED RUNOFF WILL BE EXPERIENCED AS A RESULT OF THE PROPOSED BUILDING ADDITIONS, GRATE INLET CAPACITIES AS WELL AS PIPE INLET CAPACITIES WERE ANALYZED USING THE ORIFICE EQUATION. PIPE CAPACITIES WERE ANALYZED USING MANNING'S

CONCLUSION

THE CONTINUED FREE DISCHARGE OF RUNOFF FROM THIS SITE TO GIBSON BLVD. S.E. AND COLUMBIA DRIVE S.E. IS APPROPRIATE DUE TO THE FOLLOWING FACTORS:

1) MODIFICATION TO AN EXISTING SITE WITHIN AN INFILL AREA 2) NEGLIGIBLE INCREASE IN DEVELOPED RUNOFF

3) PROXIMITY TO DOWNSTREAM FACILITIES AND DOWNSTREAM

.4) CONFORMANCE WITH PREVIOUSLY APPROVED PLANS

5) NO IMPACT ON DOWNSTREAM FLOOD HAZARD ZONES PRIVATELY OWNED, OPERATED AND MAINTAINED.

BASIN A-1 (10,740 SF/0.25 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 1,720/0.04 7,330/0.17 1,690/0.04 BASIN A+2 (31,120 SF/0.71 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 1,350/0.03 13,800/0.32 15,970/0.37 OFFSITE BASIN (1,090 SF/0.02 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 450/0.01 41 640/0.01 5. DEVELOPED LAND TREATMENT BASIN A-1 (15,370 SF/0.35 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 1,160/0.03 300/0.01 13,910/0.32 BASIN A-2 (14,430 SF/0.33 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 2**,9**30/0.07 21 11,500/0.26 79 BASIN A-3 (4.420 SF/0.10 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 560/0.01 13 3,860/0.09 87 BASIN A-4 (7,640 SF/0.18 AC) TREATMENT AREA (SF/AC) % 7,400/0.17 97 240/0.01 EXISTING CONDITION A. BASIN A-1 1. VOLUME $E^{M} = (E^{A}V^{A} + E^{B}V^{B} + E^{C}V^{C} + E^{D}V^{D})/V^{A}$ $E_W = [0.78(0.04) + 1.13(0.17) + 2.12(0.04)]/0.25 = 1.23 \text{ IN}.$ $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.23/12)0.25 = 0.0257 \text{ AC.FT.} = 1,120 \text{ CF}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $^{\mathbb{R}_{Q}}\mathsf{D}^{\mathbb{R}_{Q}} = \mathsf{O}^{\mathsf{D}\mathsf{A}}\mathsf{A}^{\mathsf{A}} + \mathsf{O}^{\mathsf{D}\mathsf{B}}\mathsf{A}^{\mathsf{B}} + \mathsf{O}^{\mathsf{D}\mathsf{C}}\mathsf{A}^{\mathsf{C}} + \mathsf{O}^{\mathsf{D}\mathsf{D}}\mathsf{A}^{\mathsf{D}}$ THE STORM DRAIN FACILITIES PROPOSED BY THIS PLAN WILL BE 0.8 CFS B. BASIN A-2

SITE CHARACTERISTICS

1. PRECIPITATION ZONE = 2

2. $P_{6.100} = P_{360} = 2.35$ IN.

4. EXISTING LAND TREATMENT

3. TOTAL AREA $(A_T) = 41,860 \text{ SF}/0.96 \text{ AC}$

A Wasse 1. VOLUME $E_{W} = (E_{A}A_{A} + E_{B}A_{B} + E_{C}A_{C} + E_{D}A_{D})/A_{T}$ $E_{\mathbf{w}} = [0.78(0.03) + 1.13(0.32) + 2.12(0.37)]/0.71 = 1.65$ IN. $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.65/12)0.71 = 0.0975 \text{ AC.FT.} = 4,240 \text{ CF.}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $Q_{P} = Q_{PA}A_{A} + Q_{PB}A_{B} + Q_{PC}A_{C} + Q_{PD}A_{D}$ $Q_p = Q_{100} = 2.28(0.03) + 3.14(0.32) + 4.70(0.37) = 2.8 CFS$ C. OFFSITE BASIN 1. VOLUME $E^{M} = (E^{A}V^{A} + E^{B}V^{B} + E^{C}V^{C} + E^{D}V^{D})/V$ $E_{w} = [0.78(0.01) + 2.12(0.01)]/0.02 = 1.45 \text{ IN}.$ $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.45/12)0.02 = 0.0024 \text{ AC.FT.} = 110 \text{ CF}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $\sigma^{b} = \sigma^{b} v^{a} + \sigma^{b} v^{b} + \sigma^{b} c^{c} v^{c} + \sigma^{b} v^{d}$ $Q_{p} = Q_{100} = 2.28(0.01) + 4.70(0.01) = 0.1 CFS$ DEVELOPED CONDITION A. BASIN A-1 1. VOLUME $\mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{M}} = (\mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{A}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{A}} + \mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{B}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{B}} + \mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{C}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{C}} + \mathbf{E}^{\mathbf{D}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{D}})/\mathbf{A}^{\mathbf{L}}$ $E_{W} = [0.78(0.03) + 1.13(0.01) + 2.12(0.32)]/0.35 = 2.04 \text{ IN}.$ $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (2.04/12)0.35 = 0.0594 \text{ AC.FT.} = 2,590 \text{ CF}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $Q_{P} = Q_{PA} A_{A} + Q_{PB} A_{B} + Q_{PC} A_{C} + Q_{PD} A_{D}$ $Q_p = Q_{100} = 2.28(0.03) + 3.14(0.01) + 4.70(0.32) = 1.6 CFS$ B. BASIN A-2 1. VOLUME $E^{M} = (E^{A}V + E^{B}V + E^{C}V + E^{D}V)/V$ $E_{w} = [0.78(0.07) + 2.12(0.26)]/0.33 = 1.84 \text{ IN}.$ $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.84/12)0.33 = 0.0505 \text{ AC.FT.} = 2,200 \text{ CF}$

2. PEAK DISCHARGE $o^{b} = o^{ba}v^{a} + o^{bB}v^{B} + o^{bC}v^{C} + o^{bD}v^{D}$ $Q_p = Q_{100} = 2.28(0.07) + 4.70(0.26) = 1.4 CFS$ 3. STORM DRAIN CAPACITIES a. GRATE CAPACITY $Q = CA(2gh)^{1/2}$ (ORIFICE EQUATION) C = 0.6 $A = 0.5 \text{ SF } (18^{\circ} \text{ X } 18^{\circ} \text{ GRATE HALF CLOGGED})$ $g = 32.2 FT/S^2$ h = 0.75 FT $Q = 2.1 CFS > Q_{100} = 1.4 CFS$ b. PIPE INLET CAPACITY (ORIFICE EQUATION) $Q = CA(2gh)^{1/2}$ C = 0.6 $A = 0.35 \text{ SF } (8^{\prime\prime\prime} \text{ PIPE})$ $g = 32.2 FT/S^2$ h = 1.4 FT $Q = 2.0 \text{ CFS} > Q_{100} = 1.4 \text{ CFS}$ c. PIPE CAPACITY $Q = 1.486/n R^{0.67} S^{0.5} A (MANNING'S EQUATION)$ n = 0.011A = 0.35 SF $P = 2.10 \, fT$ R = A/P = 0.17 FTS = 0.0350 $Q = 2.7 \text{ CFS} > Q_{100} = 1.4 \text{ CFS}$ 4. POND VOLUME ELEV AREA (SF) VOL (CF) ≥ VOL 1,890 1,890 71.9 4,730 $V_{POND} = 1890 \text{ CF} < V_{100} = 2200 \text{ CF}$ THE DIFFERENCE, 310 CF. WILL BE ACCEPTED BY THE PONDING AREA IN 1. VOLUME $E^{M} = (E^{A}A^{A} + E^{B}A^{B} + E^{C}A^{C} + E^{D}A^{D})/A$ $E_{W} = [0.78(0.01) + 2.12(0.09)]/0.10 = 1.99 \text{ IN}.$ $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.99/12)0.10 = 0.0166 \text{ AC.FT.} = 720 \text{ CF}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $Q_{P} = Q_{PA} A_{A} + Q_{PB} A_{B} + Q_{PC} A_{C} + Q_{PD} A_{D}$ $Q_p = Q_{100} = 2.28(0.01) + 4.70(0.09) = 0.4 CFS$ 3. STORM DRAIN CAPACITIES a. GRATE CAPACITY (NEW INLET NEAR LOADING DOCK) $Q = CA(2gh)^{1/2}$ (ORIFICE EQUATION) C = 0.6A = 0.5 SF $q = 32.2 FT/S^2$ h = 2.2 FT $Q = 3.6 \text{ CFS} > Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ CFS}$ b. PIPE INLET CAPACITY (NEW INLET NEAR LOADING DOCK) $Q = CA(2qh)^{1/2}$ SHEET C-3) C = 0.6A = 0.09 SF (4" PIPE)g = 32.2 FT/S $\dot{h} = 1.4 \text{ FT}$ $Q = 0.6 \text{ CFS} > Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ CFS}$ c. PIPE CAPACITIES $Q = 1.486/n R^{0.67} S^{0.5}$ A (MANNING'S EQUATION) 1. PIPE #3 WHERE: n = 0.011A = 0.09 SF (4" PIPE)P = 1.04 FTR = A/P = 0.09 FTS = 0.0295 $Q = 0.4 \text{ CFS} = Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ CFS}$ 2. PIPE #4 WHERE: n = 0.011

 $^{\circ}A = 0.79 \text{ SF } (12^{\circ} \text{ PIPE})$

 $\langle \langle R = A/P = 0.25 | FT \rangle$

P = 3.14 FT

S = 0.0059

<u>CALCULATIONS</u>

APR 0 3 2000 $Q = 3.2 \text{ CFS} > Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ CFS}$ 3. PIPE #13 HYDROLOGY SECTION WHERE: n = 0.013 $A = 0.09 SF (4^{\prime\prime\prime} PIPE)$ P = 1.04 FTR = A/P = 0.09 FTS = 0.0480 $Q = 0.4 \text{ CFS} = Q_{100} = 0.4 \text{ CFS}$ 4. POND VOLUME ELEV AREA (SF) VOL (CF) > VOL 71.4 1080 50 $V_{POND} = 2310 \text{ CF} > V_{100 A-3}$ **~**0 $= 720 + V_{100 A-2} (OVERFLOW) = 310 = 1030 CF$ ₹ ø 1. VOLUME $E_{\mathbf{W}} = (E_{\mathbf{A}} A_{\mathbf{A}} + E_{\mathbf{B}} A_{\mathbf{B}} + E_{\mathbf{C}} A_{\mathbf{C}} + E_{\mathbf{D}} A_{\mathbf{D}}) / A_{\mathbf{T}}$ **ω** Ο $E_{W} = [1.13(0.17) + 2.12(0.01)]/0.18 = 1.19 \text{ IN}.$ 00 $V_{100} = (E_W/12)A_T$ $V_{100} = (1.19/12)0.18 = 0.0178 \text{ AC.FT.} = 770 \text{ CF}$ 2. PEAK DISCHARGE $\mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{b}} = \mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{b}\mathsf{A}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{A}} + \mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{b}\mathsf{B}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{B}} + \mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{b}\mathsf{C}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{C}} + \mathbf{O}^{\mathsf{b}\mathsf{D}}\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{D}}$ $Q_p = Q_{100} = 3.14(0.17) + 4.70(0.01) = 0.6 CFS$ **N** 3. POND VOLUME ELEV AREA (SF) VOL (CF) ≥ VOL (CF) S 0 COMPARISON $\Delta V_{100} = (2590+2200+720+770)-(1120+4240) = 920 \text{ CF (INCREASE)}$ $\Delta Q_{100} = (1.6+1.4+0.4+0.6)-(0.8+2.8) = 0.4 \text{ CFS (INCREASE)}$ OO ШЭ - GRATE SHALL BE 18" x 18" NEENAH R-6672-C WITH TYPE "Y" FRAME OR APPROVED SUBSTITUTE (GRATE ELEV'S PER GRADING PLAN, SHEET C-3) FINISHED GRADE--INSTALL 1/2" EXPANSION JOINT WHERE ABUTTING CONCRETE — 2° CLR., TYP. Zш 4" - 12" HDPE STORM DRAIN PIPE $\mathcal{O}_{\mathbf{m}}$ (INV. ELEV'S AS SHOWN -# 4 REBAR @ 10" O.C. (TYP.) ON GRADING PLAN 3000 PSI CONCRETE 0 6" SUBGRADE COMPACTED @ 95% A.S.T.M. D-1557 TYPICAL PRIVATE STORM INLET SECTION SCALE: 1'' = 1' - 0''0 -ひとり つの APR 0 3 2000 HYDROLOGY SECTION 3/20/00 2000.009.2 JEFF MORTENSEN & ASSOCIATES, INC.

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DRAINAGE PLAN.

CALCULATIONS,

SECTIONS AND DETAILS

